

Non-Standard

Lessons from Commercial passive house HVAC design

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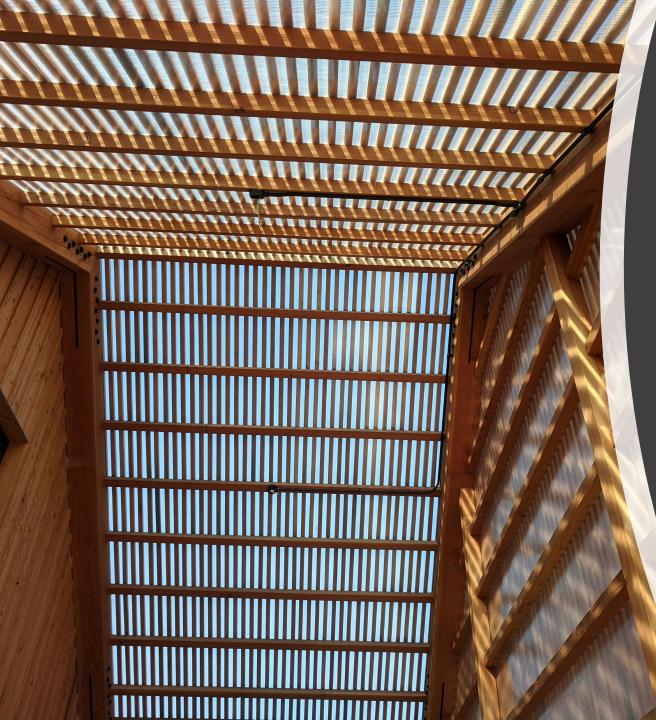
Care First Animal Hospital

- First Passive House Animal Hospital
 - 25,000 sq ft animal hospital
 - 25,000 sq ft office
 - 50,000 sq ft parking
- Under construction
- Complicated special systems
 - Vacuum
 - Medical Gas
 - Separate Hair Trap Sanitary Mains
 - Boost Exhaust System
 - Special Animal Cage Exhaust
 - Isolation Rooms
 - Operating Rooms
 - Odor Control
 - Power Washing System-Voluntary Complexity-

Seminary Hill Cidery

- First Passive House Cidery
- Complete and in operation
- Special Systems
 - Production area at 60 degrees
 - Cidery Equipment
 - CO2 heavy process
 - High variance in occupancy-Voluntary Simplicity-





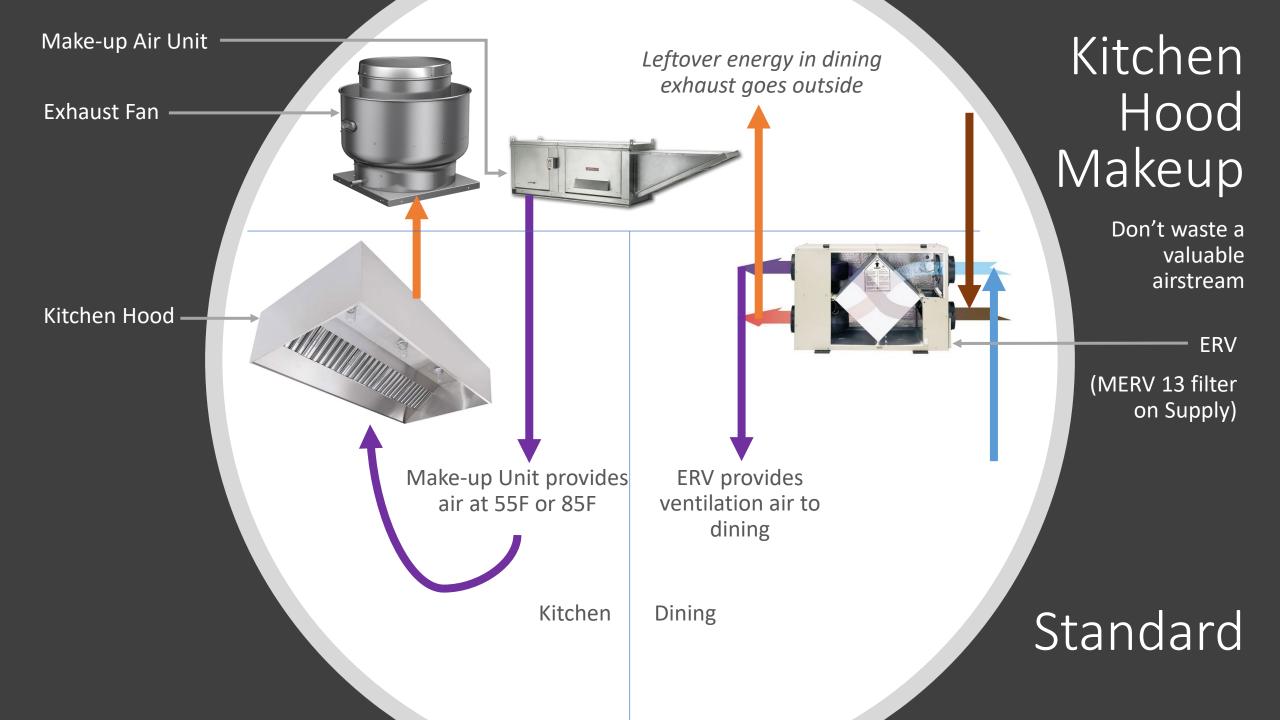
Responsive Ventilation

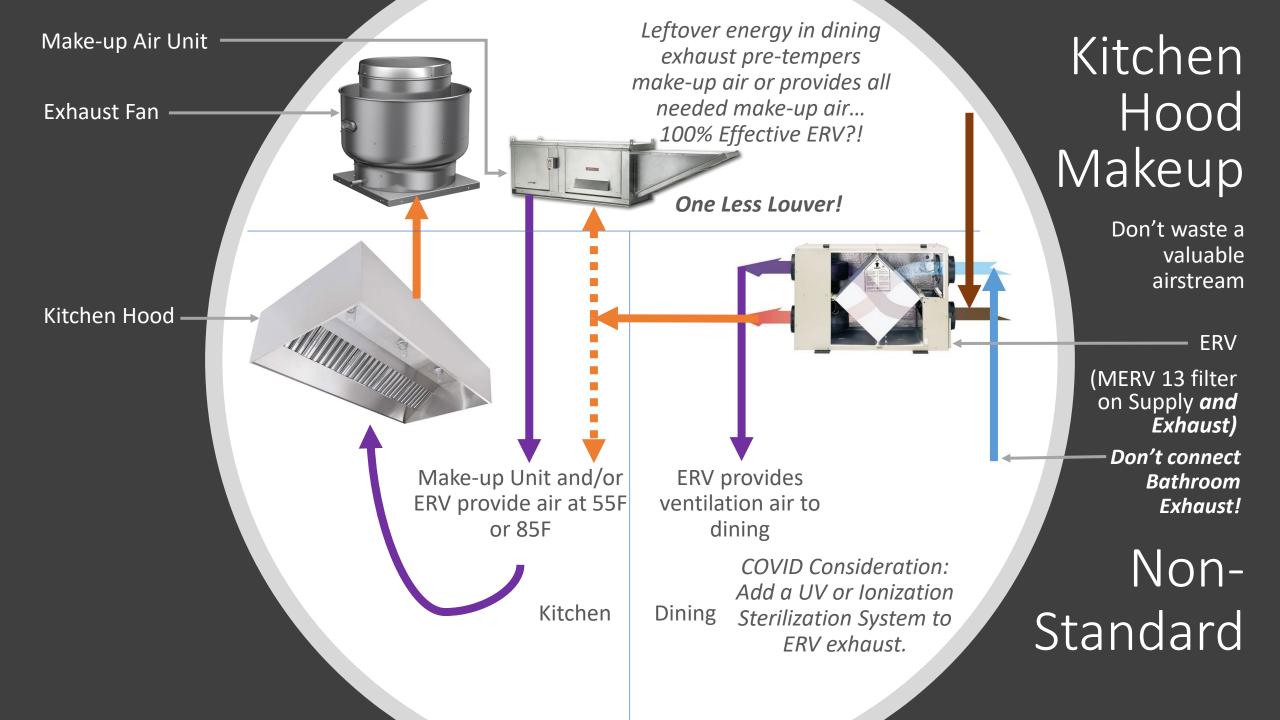
- Be very thoughtful about how ventilation responds to demand.
 - Occupancy, processes, time of day
- Pick controls that are simple and effective at turning down (or off) the systems.
 - CO2 sensors for occupancy
 - CO and NO2 sensors in parking garages
 - Time clocks for bathrooms
 - Pressure Sensors for make-up air
 - Switches or hood inter-ties for kitchens
 - Switches for boosting ventilation
 - Contaminate sensors for processes
- Switches when nothing else works well



Pressure Compensating Make-up Air

- Unpredictable Exhaust
 - Laundry
 - Boost Systems
 - Vacuum Systems
 - Animal Cages
- Use strategies that balance the building dynamically
 - Tracking Pairs of balancing dampers
 - Pressure sensors in the spaces that control ventilation dampers or make-up fans
 - Interlocked equipment







Large Louvers

- Large ventilation systems in Commercial buildings often do not run all the time.
 - Louvers cannot be blanked off for intermittent equipment during blower door tests.
 - Backdraft dampers will open in one test direction and make for very awful air tightness numbers.
 - Recommend using motor operated dampers that shut completely.
 - Low leakage or insulated if possible.



Acute Contaminates

- Cidery process involves a lot of CO2... No data was available for how much.
 - Oxygen is cider's enemy
 - Carbon Dioxide is people's enemy
- Main ventilation system was sized for the steady state: 800 ppm CO2
- Alarms were installed for personnel safety : > 5000 ppm



Acute Contaminates

- Carbon Dioxide sunk to the floor, 1400 ppm in certain operations, **8700 ppm** in others without a supplemental system!
- Opening garage doors doesn't remove the CO2 fast enough
- Supplemental systems were needed during certain operations
 - Huge, permanent exhaust fans would leak air forever.
 - Portable, Plug-in exhaust fans with snorkels are brought out during these operations

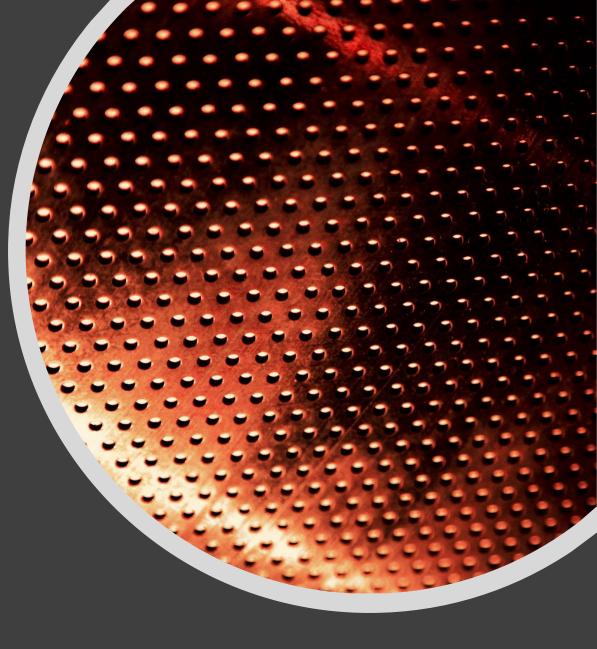


Divergent Space Design Temperatures

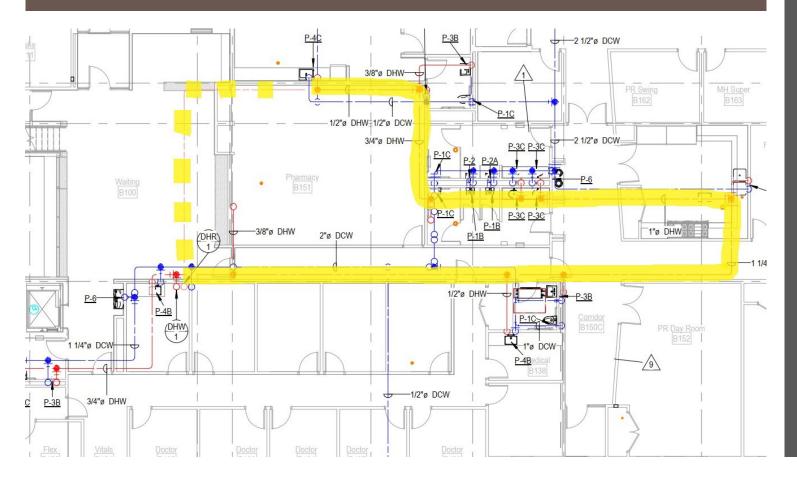
- Some processes require temperatures out of range for air-to-air heat pumps
 - Refrigerators, production areas, special prep areas
 - Inverter heat pumps shut down when space temperatures get out of range
- Good old-fashioned hydronics (chilled and hot water) have been taught new tricks
 - Air-to-water heat pumps are 4x more efficient in heating than boilers.
 - Chilltrix for instance has impressive performance.
 - On board controllers can now be used instead of a complex BAS.

Backup Heat

- Larger Wheel-type ERVs often require a source of backup heat for freeze protection
- Pre-heat position always wins vs post-heat
 - Pre-heater stops ERV defrost mode
 - ERV defrost mode can also trigger a heat pump defrost cycle, so post-heater must be sized for entire design day airflow delta-T.
 - Post heaters are such high capacity that either natural gas or increased electrical service size is required.
 - Pre-heater is smaller and more efficient, allowing for electric coils
- Keep hounding DOAS manufacturers to integrate pre-heaters into packaged units.



Domestic Hot Water Still Important



- Time-to-tap is still important
- Fixtures are often all over the place
 - Locate all fixtures really close to water heaters & use instant water heaters for fixtures that are too remote.
 - Thermostatic balancing valves
 - Resort to clever hot water loop layouts that catch all fixtures.
- In buildings with high water use, always use heat pumps to generate the bulk of it
 - Tank style heat pump water heaters are simple and work well in light commercial.
 - Duct their

cooling/dehumidification to places that usually need it like Kitchens, interior spaces, offices, unconditioned storage

 More detail in Galen Staengl's session tomorrow



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