

FOUNDED 1995, 80 EMPLOYEES.
SERVING CLIENTS AND ARCHITECTS
IN SEATTLE AND PORTLAND.

"INCITING EVOLUTION IN BUILDING
THROUGH SERVICE, CRAFT, AND SCIENCE"







WE CONSULT



Blue Ridge Passive House

Desired by: Whitney Architecture



Maple Leaf Passive House

Designed by: Whitney Architecture



Central Seattle Passive House

Descend by: William Zimmerman Architects



Palatine Passive House

Designed by: Tiffany Bowle, CPHC Malboeuf Bowle Architecture



Issaquah Passive House

Designed by Whitney Architecture



Wallingford Passive House

Designed by: Whitney Architecture



Madrona Passive House

Designed by: SHED Architecture & Design



Seaglass Development

Designed by: Ripple Design Studio Inc.

PHIUS+ RATING

CH2 - Accessory Dwelling Unit

Kiln* - Apartments

O2 Haus - Duplex Designative PDX Living, LLC

Skidmore - Accessory Dwelling Unit

Stellar* - Apartments

Despise by: Bergund DeLiney Architecture & Planning

Commence that have been been been



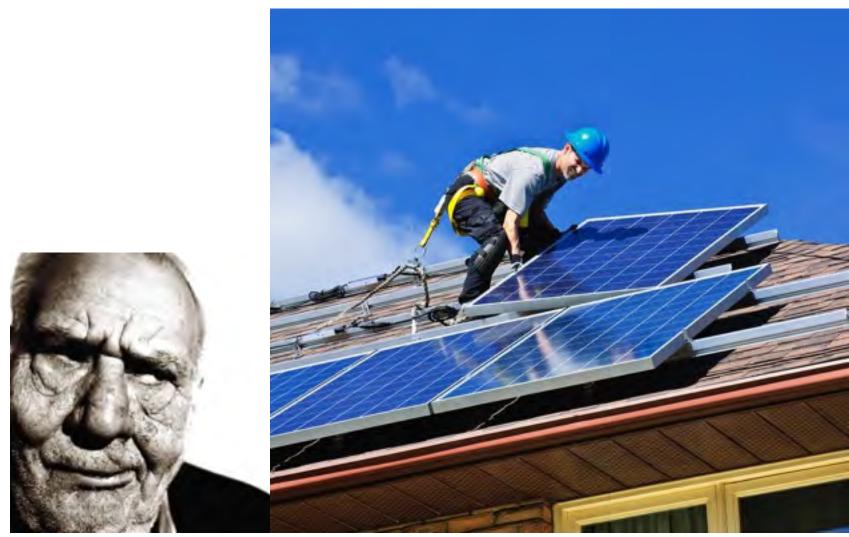




"WHEN WE BUILD, LET US THINK THAT WE
BUILD FOREVER. LET IT NOT BE FOR PRESENT
DELIGHT NOR FOR PRESENT USE ALONE. LET IT
BE SUCH WORK AS OUR DESCENDANTS WILL
THANK US FOR."

- JOHN RUSKIN





SOURCE: https://www.flickr.com/photos/greensmps/9180614416



THE TARGET AND THE MEANS

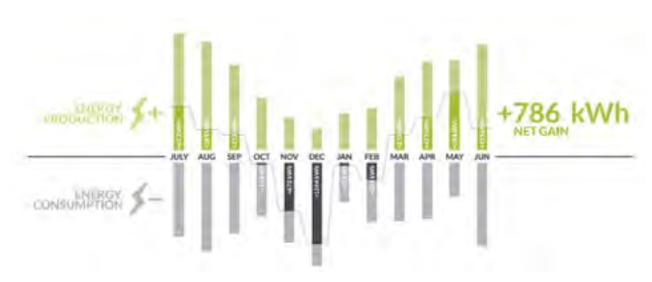
NET ZERO ENERGY = THE "WHAT"

PASSIVE HOUSE = THE "HOW"



"NET ZERO" MEANS:

- · CONNECTED TO GRID.
- FEEDS "GREEN ELECTRONS" TO GRID IN SUMMER.
- DRAWS ELECTRONS FROM GRID IN WINTER.
- BALANCE IS ZERO OR BETTER.



KARUNA HOUSE, JULY 2014 - JUNE 2015

SOURCE: MONITORING DATA



STRENGTH #1 - SIMPLE MESSAGE IS POWERFUL:





STRENGTH #2 - ENCOURAGES AGGRESSIVE ENERGY BUDGETS:

WHEREVER ACCESS TO SUNLIGHT OR SPACE FOR PANELS IS LIMITED, THE NET ZERO TARGET DEMANDS AGGRESSIVE CONSERVATION.





STRENGTH #3 - MARKET MOJO:

LOCAL: BUILT GREEN (SEATTLE) & EARTH ADVANTAGE (PORTLAND

NATIONAL: DOE ZERO ENERGY READY HOME (PHIUS+)

ILFI ZERO ENERGY BUILDING CERTIFICATION (LIVING BUILDING)









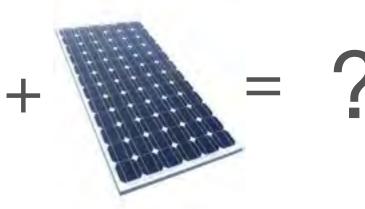


WEAKNESS #1 - NET ZERO IS EASIER ON LARGE SUBURBAN LOTS:

CAN ACCOMMODATE REALLY BIG ARRAYS.

BUT IS A BIG, CAR-DEPENDENT, LEAKY HOUSE WITH PV "GREEN"?







WEAKNESS #2 - EASIER TO ACHIEVE AT LOW-RISE SCALE:

FAVORABLE RATIO BETWEEN ROOF AREA AND BUILDING VOLUME.

IS A NET ZERO SFH "GREENER" THAN A PH APARTMENT BUILDING?









SOURCE: REACH CDC



"WEAKNESS" #3 - RELIES ON SOLAR PV, WHICH IS "ECO-BLING":

TOO EXPENSIVE.

FLASHY DISTRACTION FROM IMPORTANT INVESTMENTS IN ENVELOPE PERFORMANCE.

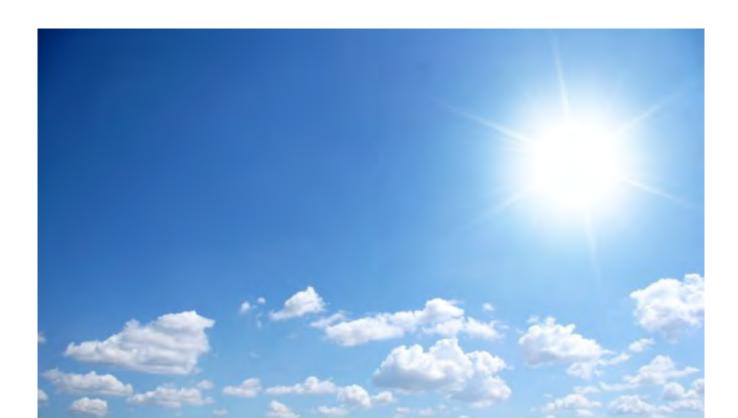




"WEAKNESS" #4 - SOLAR POWER COMES WHEN WE DON'T NEED IT:

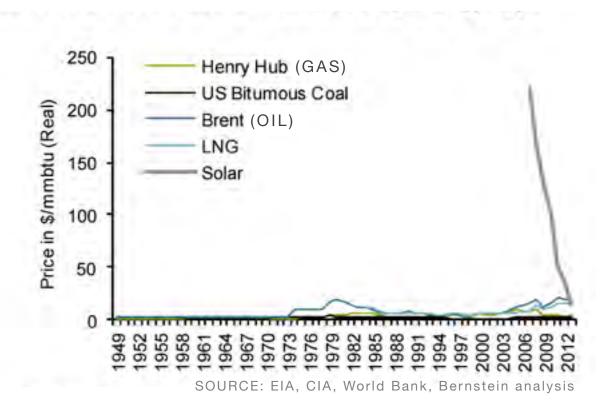
THE SUMMER.

AT NOON.





"WELCOME TO THE TERRORDOME" ... \$/MMBTU BY ENERGY TYPE:





MOORE'S LAW:

PRICE OF CHIP FALLS AS THE NUMBER OF TRANSISTORS ON A CHIP DOUBLES EVERY 2 YEARS.

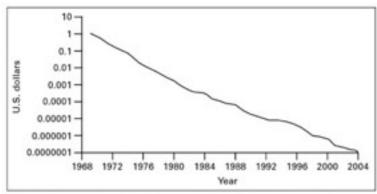
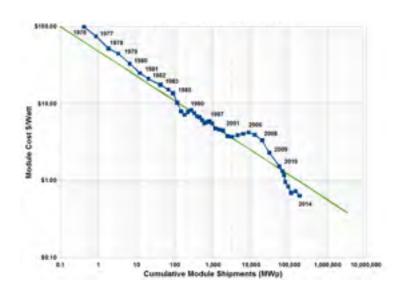


Figure 3. Average price of a transistor (1968-2004). Source: Intel/WSTS, May 2005.

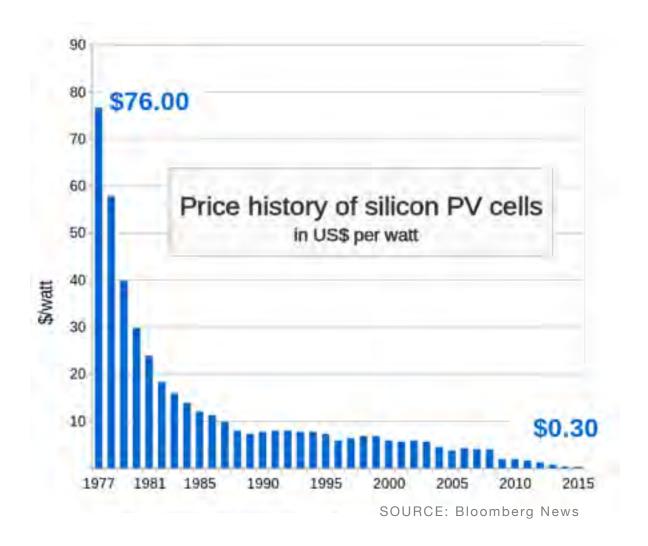
SWANSON'S LAW:

PRICE OF **PV MODULE** FALLS BY 20% WITH EVERY DOUBLING OF GLOBAL PRODUCTION





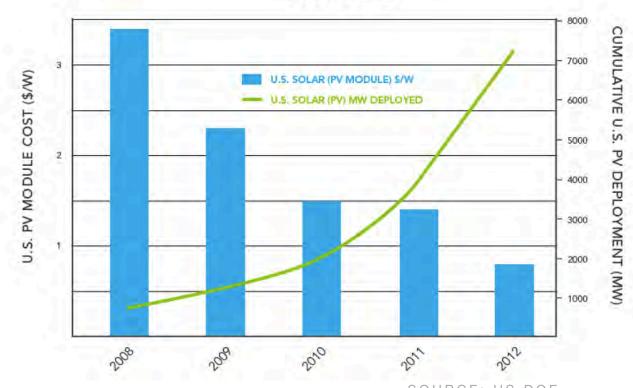
1977-2015: 99.6% REDUCTION IN PRICE





REDUCTIONS IN PRICE ARE NOT SLOWING

U.S. Deployment and Cost for Solar PV Modules 2008-2012

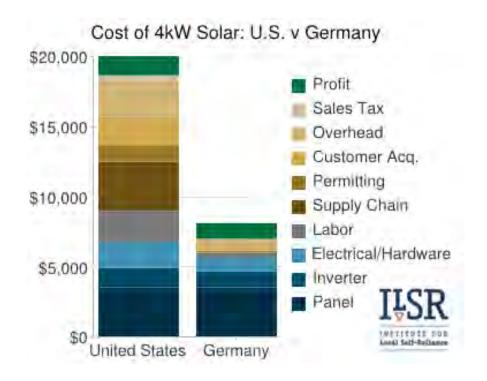






SOFT COSTS CAN STILL GO WAY DOWN.

US DOE EXPECTS GRID PARITY BY 2020.



SOURCE: Institute for Local Self-Reliance



WHAT IS OUR GRID?

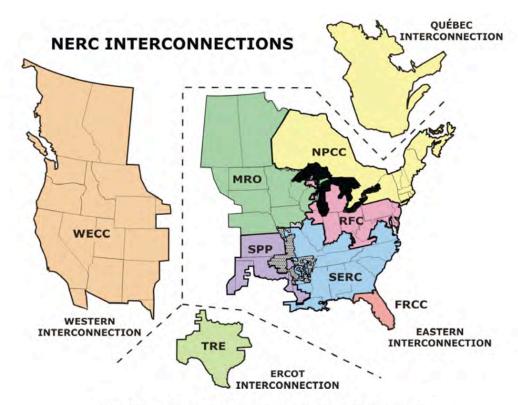


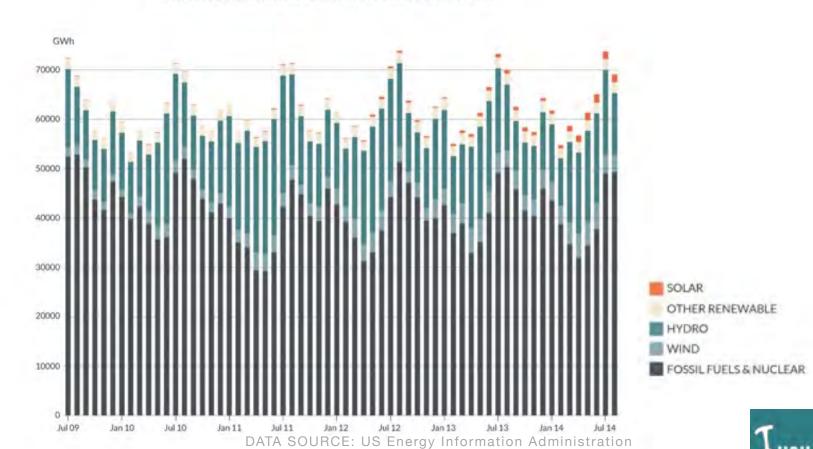
Figure 3: North American electrical grid interconnections, including the 10 NERC regional reliability councils (NERC 2007) (via Deru and Torcellini 2007)

VIA: Building Science Corp.

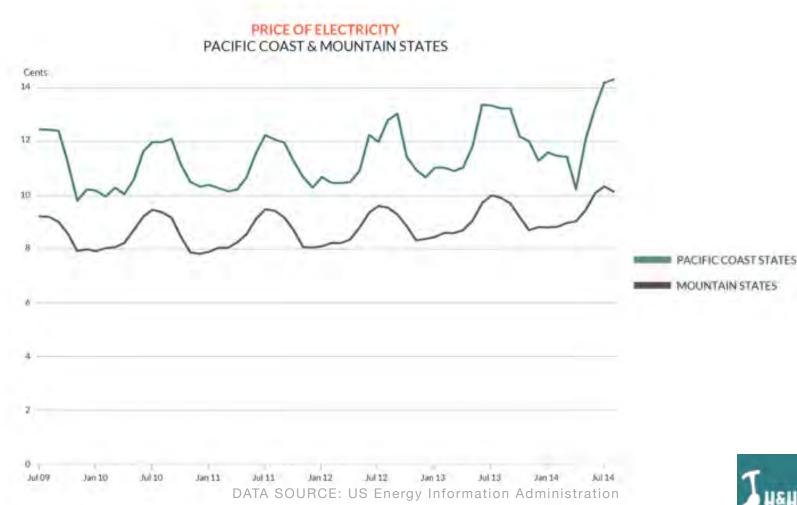


"DIRTY" GENERATION SPIKES EVERY SUMMER.

ELECTRICITY GENERATION BY SOURCE GRID: WESTERN INTERCONNECTION (US PORTION)

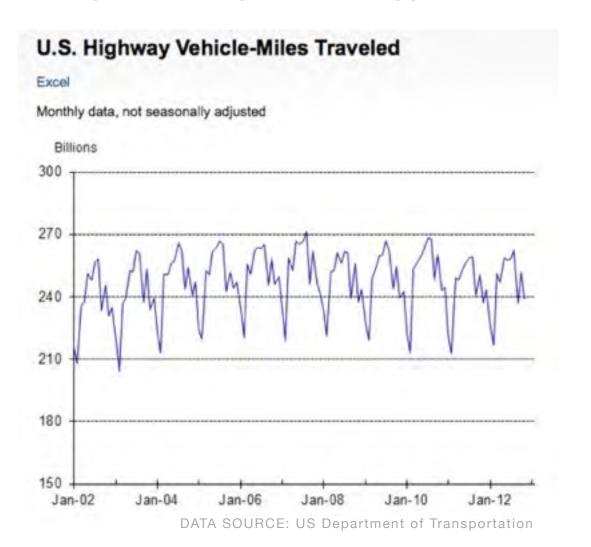


PRICE SPIKES REFLECT INCREASED SUMMER DEMAND.





VEHICLE MILES TRAVELED SPIKE EVERY SUMMER.





FIVE WAYS TO MITIGATE INTERMITTENCY:

- 1. CONNECT GEOGRAPHICALLY-DISPERSE ENERGY SOURCES (WIND, SOLAR, WAVE, TIDAL).
- 2. USE A RELIABLE SOURCE, LIKE HYDRO, TO SMOOTH OUT SUPPLY OR MATCH DEMAND.
- 3. USE SMART METERS TO PROVIDE ELECTRIC POWER TO VEHICLES TO SMOOTH SUPPLY.
- 4. STORE ELECTRIC POWER FOR LATER USE
- 5. FORECAST WEATHER.

SOURCE: Prof. Mark Z. Jacobson, Stanford University, in Energy & Environmental Science, December 1, 2008

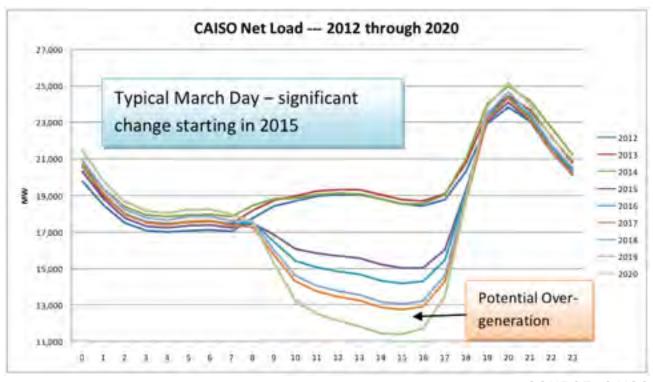


WE ALREADY COPE WITH OUTAGES FROM COAL-CCS & NUCLEAR:

- 1. AVERAGE COAL PLANT IN US DOWN 6.5% OF YEAR FOR UNSCHEDULED MAINTENANCE AND 6% FOR SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE.
- 2. NUKES HAVE UNSCHEDULED OUTAGES DURING HEAT WAVES.
- 3. ONSHORE WIND IS DOWN 0-2% OF YEAR.
- 4. OFFSHORE WIND IS DOWN 0-5% OF YEAR.
- 5. SOLAR PV IS DOWN 0-2% OF YEAR.

SOURCE: Prof. Mark Z. Jacobson, Stanford University, in Energy & Environmental Science, December 1, 2008





SOURCE: CAISO

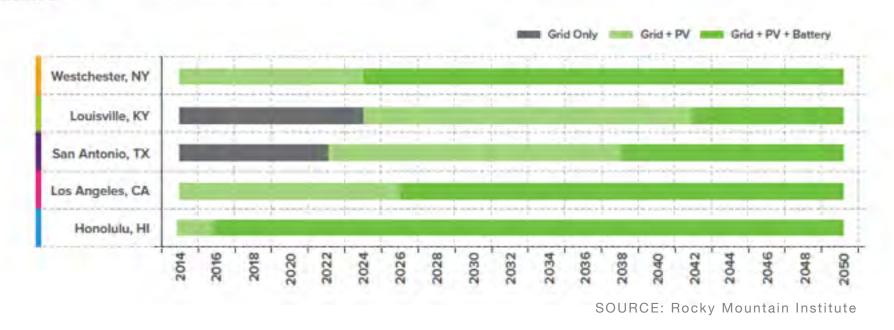
TAMING THE DUCK:

- 1. IMPORT/EXPORT
- 2. DEMAND RESPONSE
- 3. TIME OF USE (TOU) PRICING
- 4. PASSIVE HOUSE AS STORAGE
- 5. BATTERIES



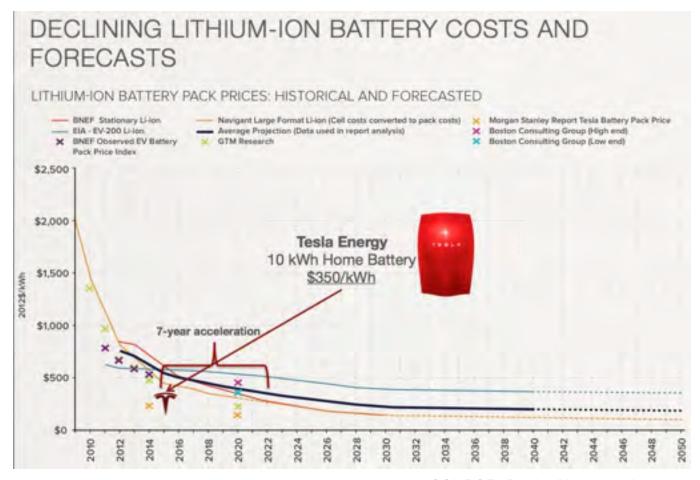
FIGURE ES1:

ECONOMICALLY OPTIMAL SYSTEM CONFIGURATION RESIDENTIAL



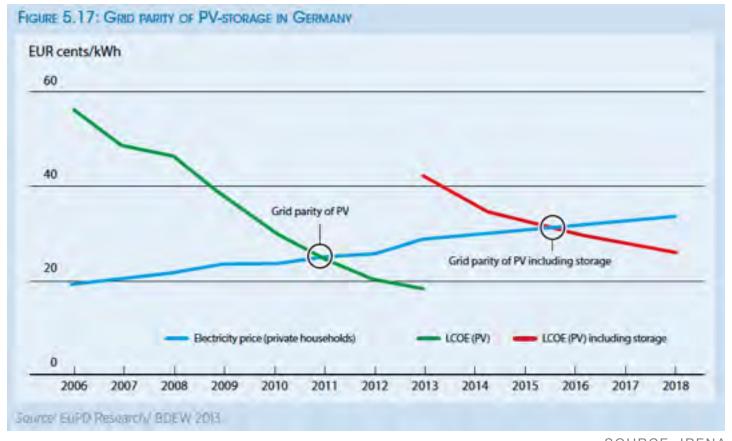
CONSERVATIVE; ASSUMES NO COMPENSATION FOR "EXPORT" OF SOLAR ENERGY.











SOURCE: IRENA

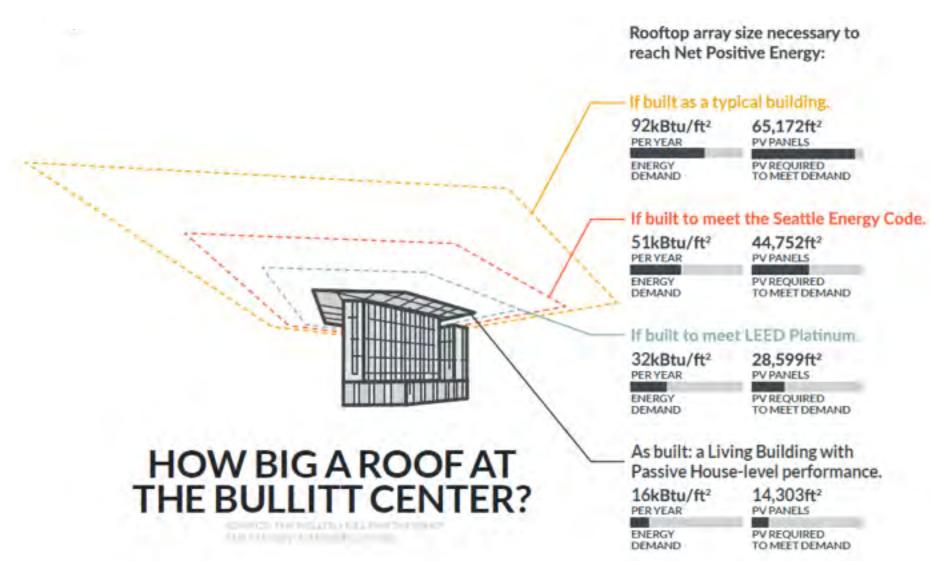


CONSERVATION FIRST

CONSERVATION FIRST, THEN PRODUCTION.

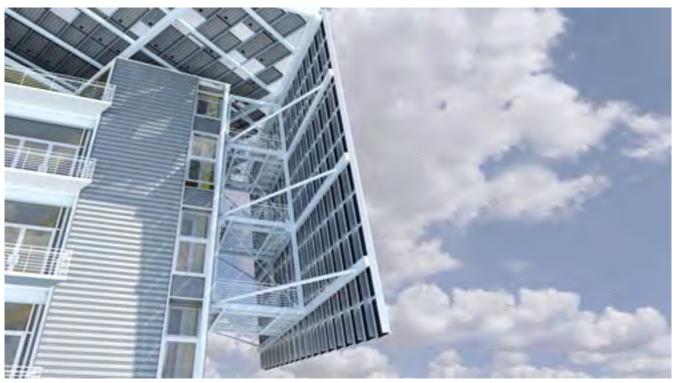
THE ENVELOPE STILL MATTERS, A LOT.







WHAT COULD'VE BEEN AT THE BULLITT CENTER



Source: The Miller Hull Partnership





Source: The Miller Hull Partnership





Source: The Miller Hull Partnership











THE TYPICAL PORTLAND OR SEATTLE HOUSE IS NO DIFFERENT



Bullitt Center Lot/Roof



Karuna House Certifications



Typical Seattle House Lot/Roof







LIMITED SPACE DRIVES DEMAND FOR PERFORMANCE

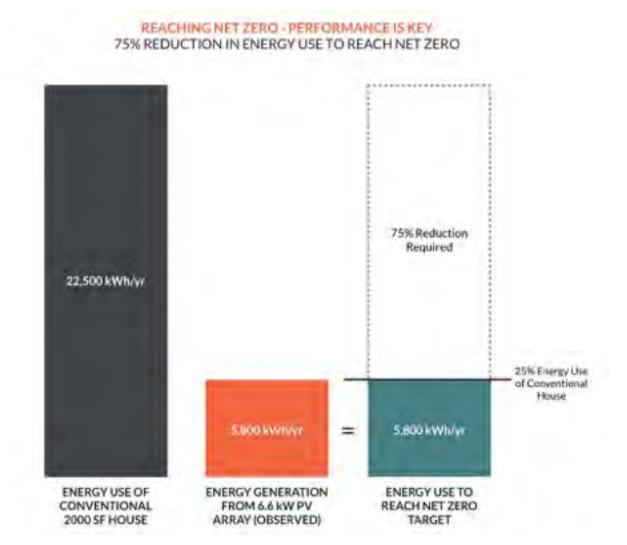
MAX ARRAY SIZE FOR TYPICAL SFH ROOF IN SEA/PDX IS 6.6KW
THAT ARRAY WILL GENERATE 5,800KWH/YR

USEIA: AVERAGE 2000SF HOUSE CONSUMES 22,509KWH/YR

SO!

TO REACH NET ZERO ENERGY IN SEA/PDX, OUR HOUSES WILL NEED TO USE **75%** LESS ENERGY.



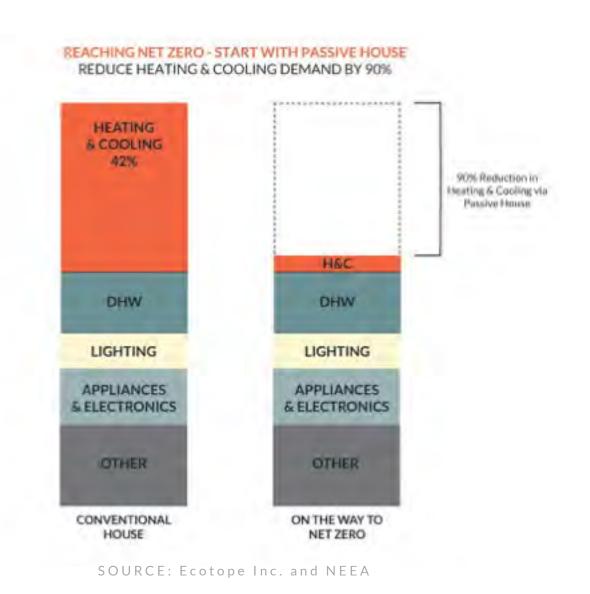




THE PASSIVE HOUSE APPROACH TO BUILDING IS THE ONLY STRATEGY WE KNOW THAT CAN REDUCE BUILDING ENERGY USE BY 75%.







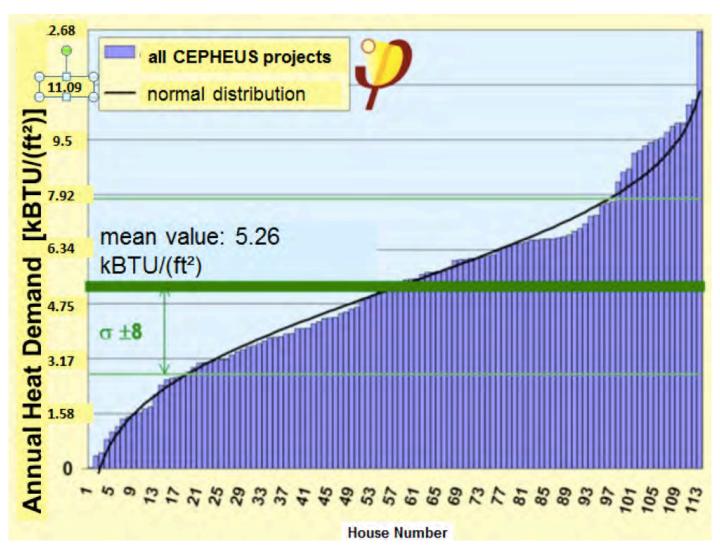


SO WE'RE HALFWAY TO 75%. HOW DO WE GET ALL THE WAY?

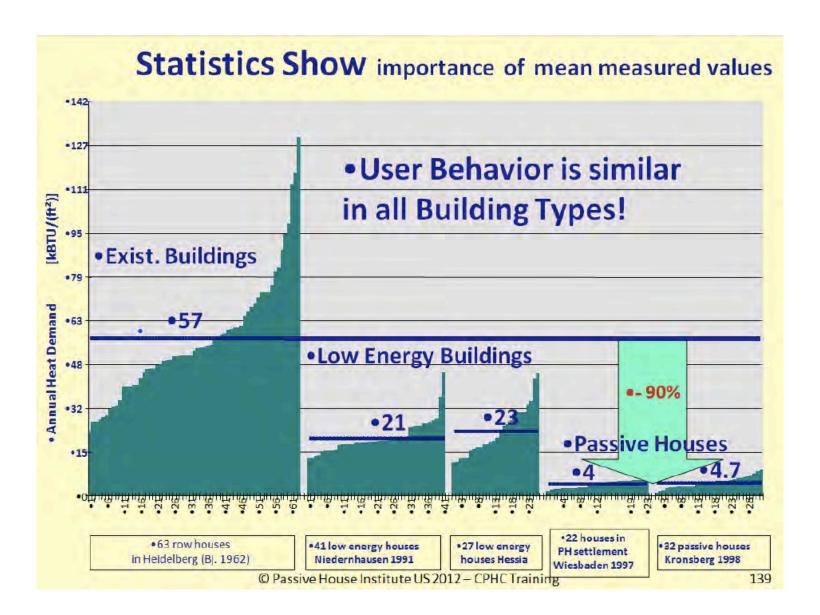
- USER BEHAVIOR
- IMPROVED DOMESTIC HOT WATER SYSTEMS
- BETTER LIGHTING STRATEGIES
- SUPER-EFFICIENT APPLIANCES



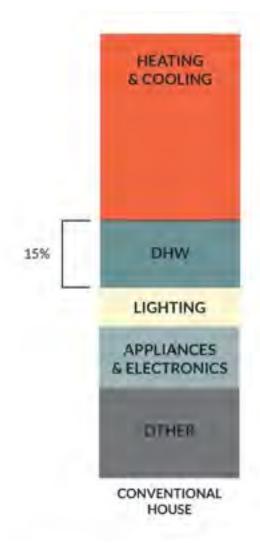
"COST EFFICIENT PASSIVE HOUSES AS EUROPEAN STANDARDS" STUDY, 2001





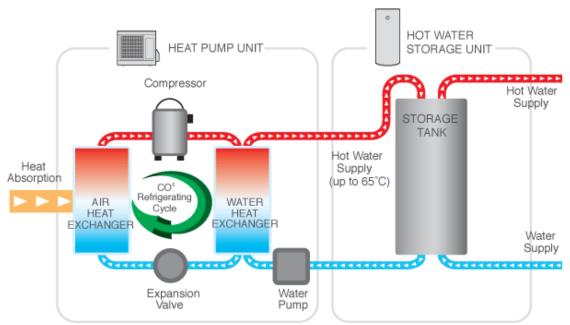






SOURCE: Ecotope Inc. and NEEA





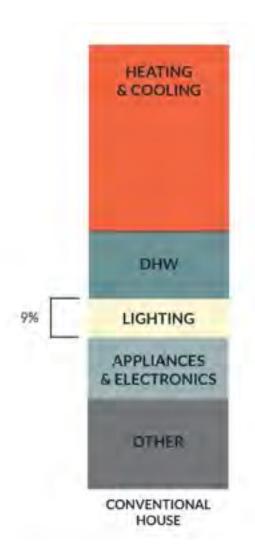
1. Efficient production: e.g. Sanden heat pump hot water heater

http://www.ecobuilding.org/code-innovations/case-studies/sanden-co2-refrigerant-heat-pump-water-heater-in-seattle-passive-house

2. Efficient distribution: On-demand circulating hot water

 $http://www.epa.gov/watersense/docs/hw_distribution_guide.pdf \\ http://www.allianceforwaterefficiency.org/Residential_Hot_Water_Distribution_System_Introduction.aspx$





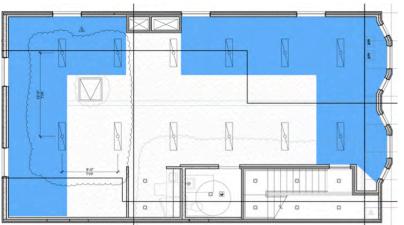
SOURCE: Ecotope Inc. and NEEA



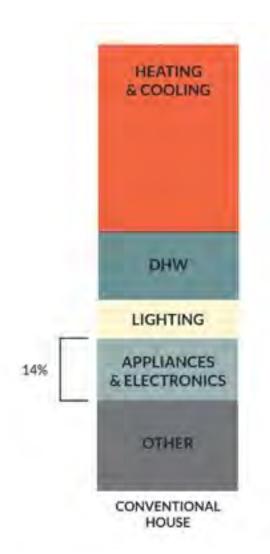
1. LEDs



2. Daylighting



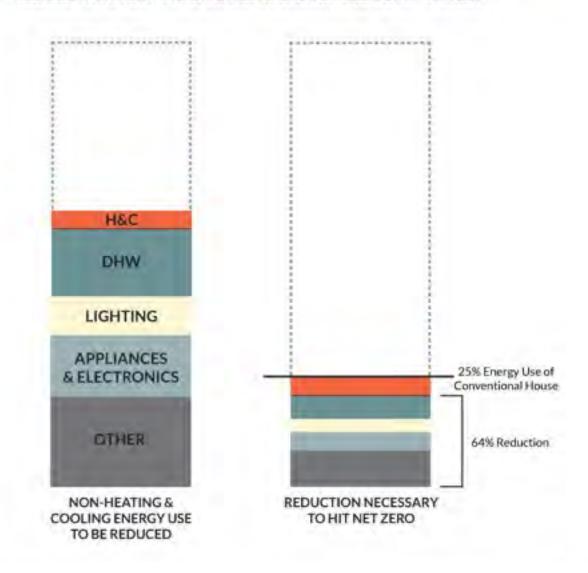




SOURCE: Ecotope Inc. and NEEA



REACHING NET ZERO - DIAL-IN OCCUPANT BEHAVIOR & EFFICIENCY REDUCE NON-HEATING & COOLING ENERGY USE TO HIT TARGET





ANECDOTAL EVIDENCE OF THE "MAGIC" OF THE TARGET





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ANECDOTAL EVIDENCE OF THE "MAGIC" OF THE TARGET





BUILDING OWNERS AS PROSUMERS OF ENERGY

"PRO-SUMERS" OF ENERGY:

PASSIVE HOUSE + PV + BATTERIES

OPTIMIZE MIX OF CONSERVATION, STORAGE, AND GENERATION, TIMED TO THE MARKET.



