

kh/d	Length	Heat. Period	Spec. Power $q_i$	$A_{TFA}$		
	d/a		BTU/hr.ft <sup>2</sup>	ft <sup>2</sup>		kBTU/yr
0.024	*	<b>157</b>	*	<b>0.67</b>	*	<b>2776</b> = <b>6944</b>
<b>Asynchronous Air Circulation: Simplified Ventilation &amp; Space Conditioning</b>						
Ratio of Free Heat to Losses						$Q_F / Q_L = 0.68$
$(1 - (Q_F / Q_L)^5) / (1 - (Q_F / Q_L)^6)$						= <b>95%</b>
						kBTU/yr
					$\eta_G * Q_F$	= <b>18801</b>
						kBTU/yr
					$Q_L - Q_G$	= <b>10185</b>



# High Performance Buildings



- Design / Build
- Performance Design / Build
- PH Design Consulting
- Construction

## Passive House Projects





- **Engineering firm focused building energy efficiency for 33 years**
- **Staff of 22, includes 5 P.E.'s with a broad range of experience in:**
  - ❖ Computer modeling (DOE-2, EnergyPlus, BEopt, EnergyPro, TRNSYS, PHPP, etc.)
  - ❖ Monitoring & verification, data acquisition and analysis, technology evaluation
  - ❖ Design: ZNE, passive solar, HVAC, PV systems, controls
  - ❖ Energy efficient products development and commercialization (NightBreeze)
  - ❖ Standards development and energy compliance (CEC)
  - ❖ Green programs admin. (LEED/GPR provider); Sustainable communities
- **Building America**
  - Team lead since 2010
  - Team participation since 2002



# Agenda

5 min

## 1. Background

PH context, challenges, experiment

15 min

## 2. Sunnyvale PH Project

specs, design, performance data



10 min

## 3. Magic PH Project

specs, design, performance data...(tour)

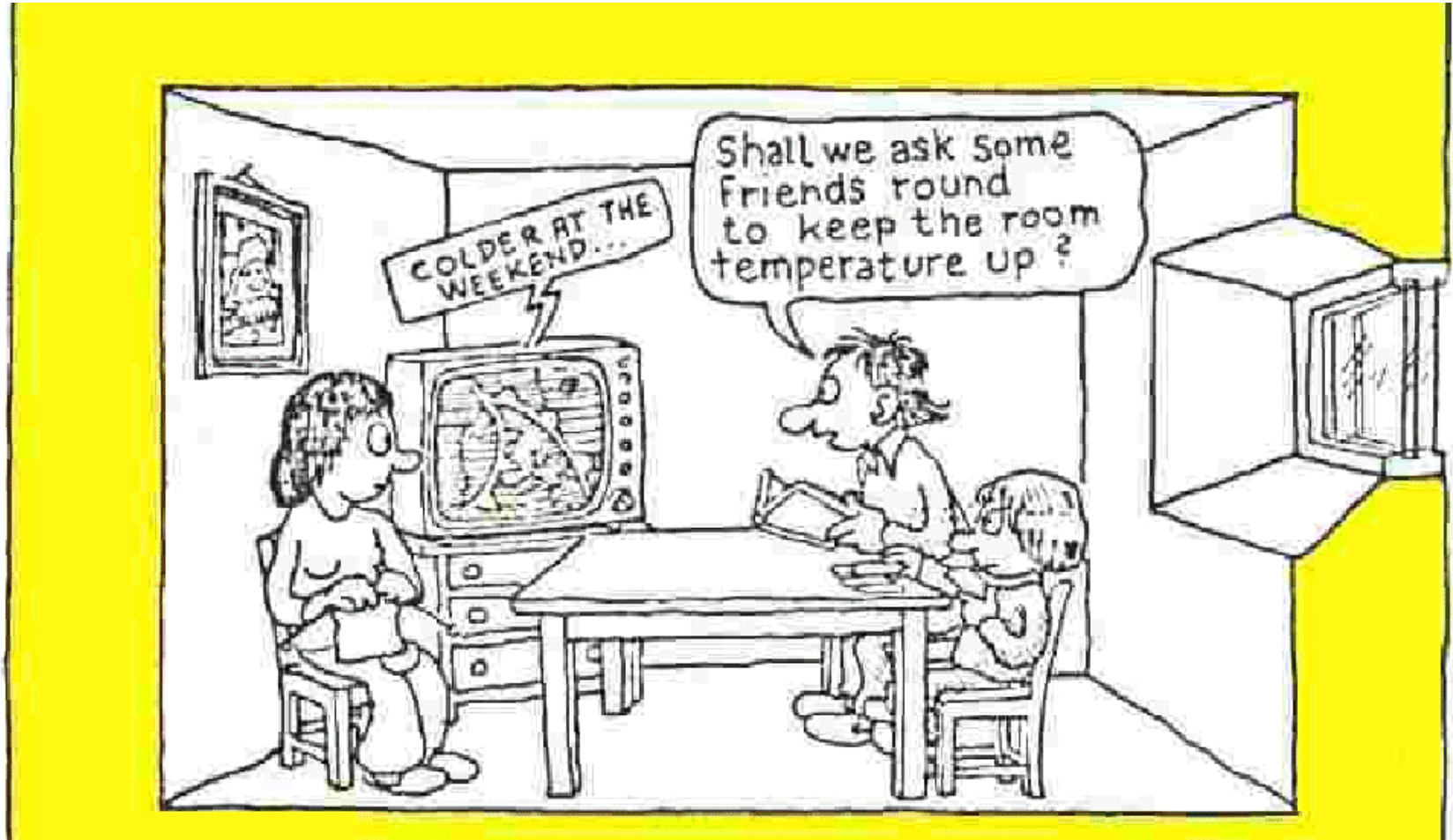
5 min

## 4. Conclusions; Q&A





# Super-insulated buildings are different



# PH Mechanical Systems

- Expectations, goals, behaviors, equipment and **assumptions** have changed ...dramatically
- **Same physics**, different behaviors with low loads, high thermal sensitivity & 24/7 ventilation
- Opportunity for “Amazing” or “Dismal” performance
- Caution! Need great energy modeling & mechanical design
- Ventilation systems add significant costs \$\$\$



# PH Mech. Systems Design: Key challenges

- **Cost** - promise of tunneling through cost curve a challenge for SFDs
- **Space** - Lack of conditioned service spaces for ductwork



## Simplification

- Combined distribution of ventilation and space conditioning air flows?
- Common areas as plenums and hallways as ducts?
- Cascading airflows room to room OK?
- Temperature differentials? Meet comfort goals?
- What kind of buildings will it work in?
- Reduce total mechanical systems costs? ...energy consumption?

# Continuous air circulation – the concept

- Origin –European research, Oregon ET MSHP proj., +
- ECM fans - energy efficiency breakthrough (10cfm/w)
- PH buildings the enabler ...low aggregate & room loads
- Combined distribution of fresh air and H/C air
  - Min. ductwork; use common areas/hallways
- Continuous operation required to work





# Sunnyvale Passive House Retrofit



## Before

- 1957 ranch
- No insulation
- Extreme discomfort
- Condensation, mold
- Poor air quality

## After

- Passive House
- Extreme comfort
- Sublime IAQ
- Heat w Hair Dryer





# Sunnyvale Passive House Retrofit



# Sunnyvale Passive House Retrofit: Airtightness

	CFM <sub>50</sub>	ACH <sub>50</sub>
Before	2,985	12.76
After	344	1.47



- **Ann. Heat Demand vs. 0.6 ACH<sub>50</sub> = + 3.5%**
- **385kBTU / 12 HSPF = 32kWh x 13.6¢ = \$4.35**







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# Air Circulation Supply Register

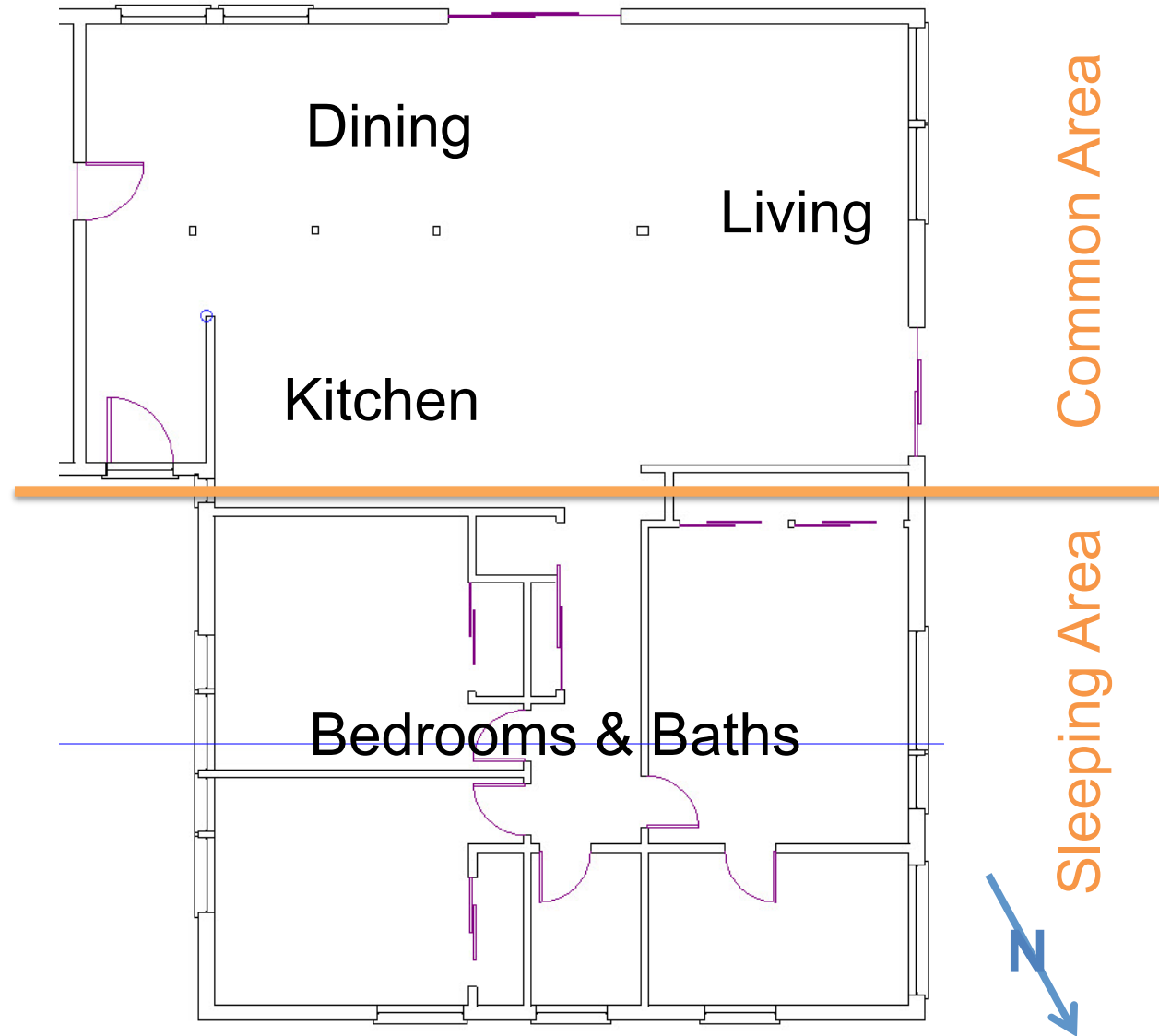


# Sunnyvale PH Retrofit: Floor Plan

1,644 sf

## Design Drivers:

- HRV system cost
- H/C system cost & performance
- Simplicity





# Energy Balance analysis for master BR

## Qt & Qv Losses (“Room Loads”)

Int. Temp 71°- Avg. Daily Winter Temp.51°= 20°ΔT		
<b>Qt</b>	<b>Q= U(1/R) (btu/hr/sf/°F) x A (sf) x ΔT (°F)</b>	<b>BTU/HR</b>
<b>Q<sub>floor</sub></b>	<b>(1/R25) 0.04 btu/hr/sf/°F x 240 sf x 20°F</b>	<b>194</b>
<b>Q<sub>walls</sub></b>	<b>(1/R23) 0.043 btu/hr/sf/°F x 160 sf x 20°F</b>	<b>140</b>
<b>Q<sub>windows</sub></b>	<b>(1/R5) 0.2 btu/hr/sf/°F x 36 sf x 20°F</b>	<b>146</b>
<b>Q<sub>ceiling</sub></b>	<b>(1/R40) 0.025 btu/hr/sf/°F x 240 sf x 20°F</b>	<b>120</b>
		<b>600</b>
		<b>BTU/day</b>
<b>Q<sub>t daily</sub></b>	<b>24hr x 600 btu/hr</b>	<b>14,400</b>

Qv = 0, no air exchange to exterior ...see Qair circ



# Energy Balance analysis for master BR

$Q_s$  ,  $Q_i$ ,  $Q_{ac}$  = Gains

<b><math>Q_s</math></b>	=0, no direct sun	
<b><math>Q_i</math></b>	Watts x 3.4 btu/watt x hrs/day	BTU/day
Occupants	2 x 80watts x 3.4 btu/watt x 9 hrs	4896
Lights	100 watts x 3.4 btu/watt x 2 hrs	680
Electronics	100 watts x 3.4 btu/watt x 2 hrs	680
		6256
<b><math>Q_{ac}</math></b>	1.1 btu/cfm/°F x 60cfm x 4°ΔT = 264 btu/hr	
	24hr x 264 btu/hr	6336
	<b>Total Gains</b>	<b>12,592</b>



# Energy Balance analysis for master BR

Losses-Gains = Supplementary Heat Demand

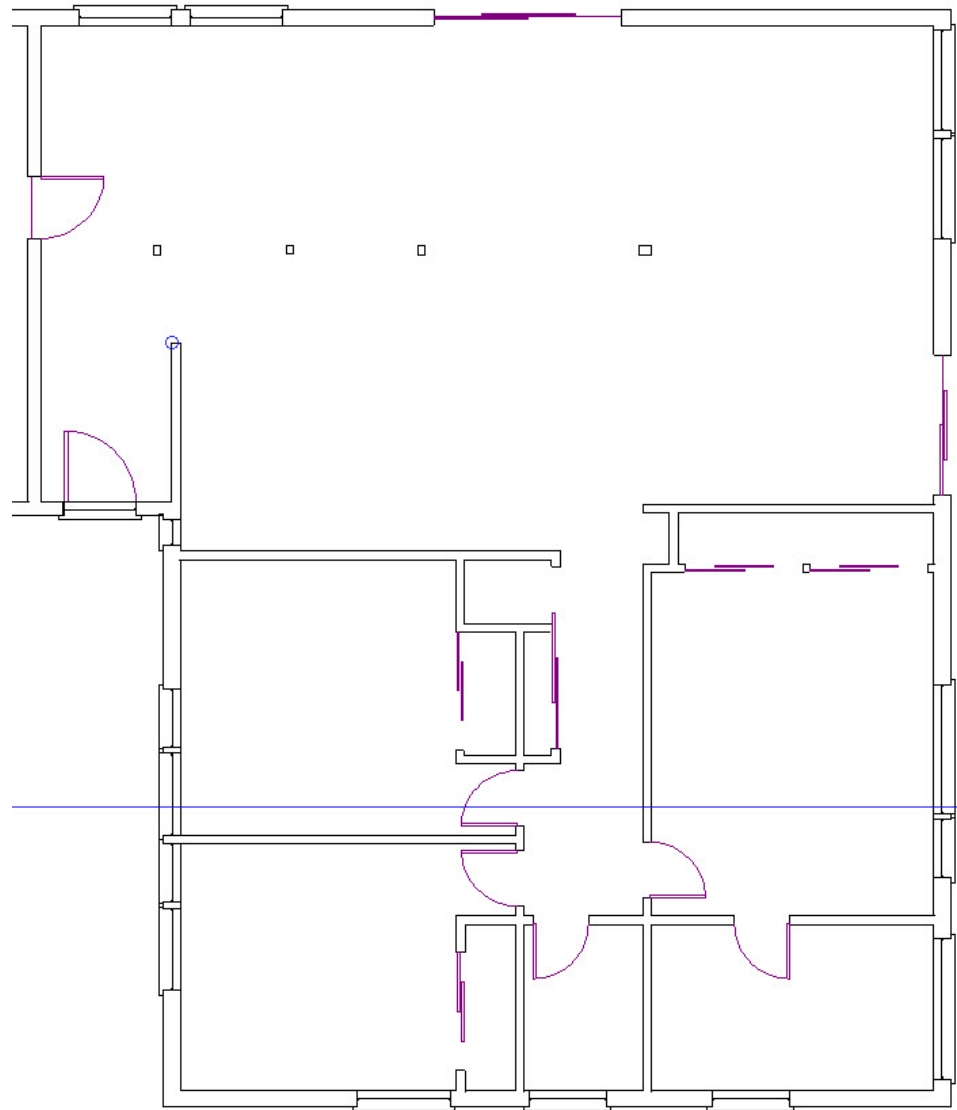
	BTU/day
<b>Losses (<math>Q_t + Q_v</math>)</b>	<b>14,400</b>
<b>Gains (<math>Q_s + Q_i + Q_{ac}</math>)</b>	<b>12,592</b>
<b>Supplementary Heat Demand</b>	<b>1,808</b>

Can be met easily with periodic resistance heat



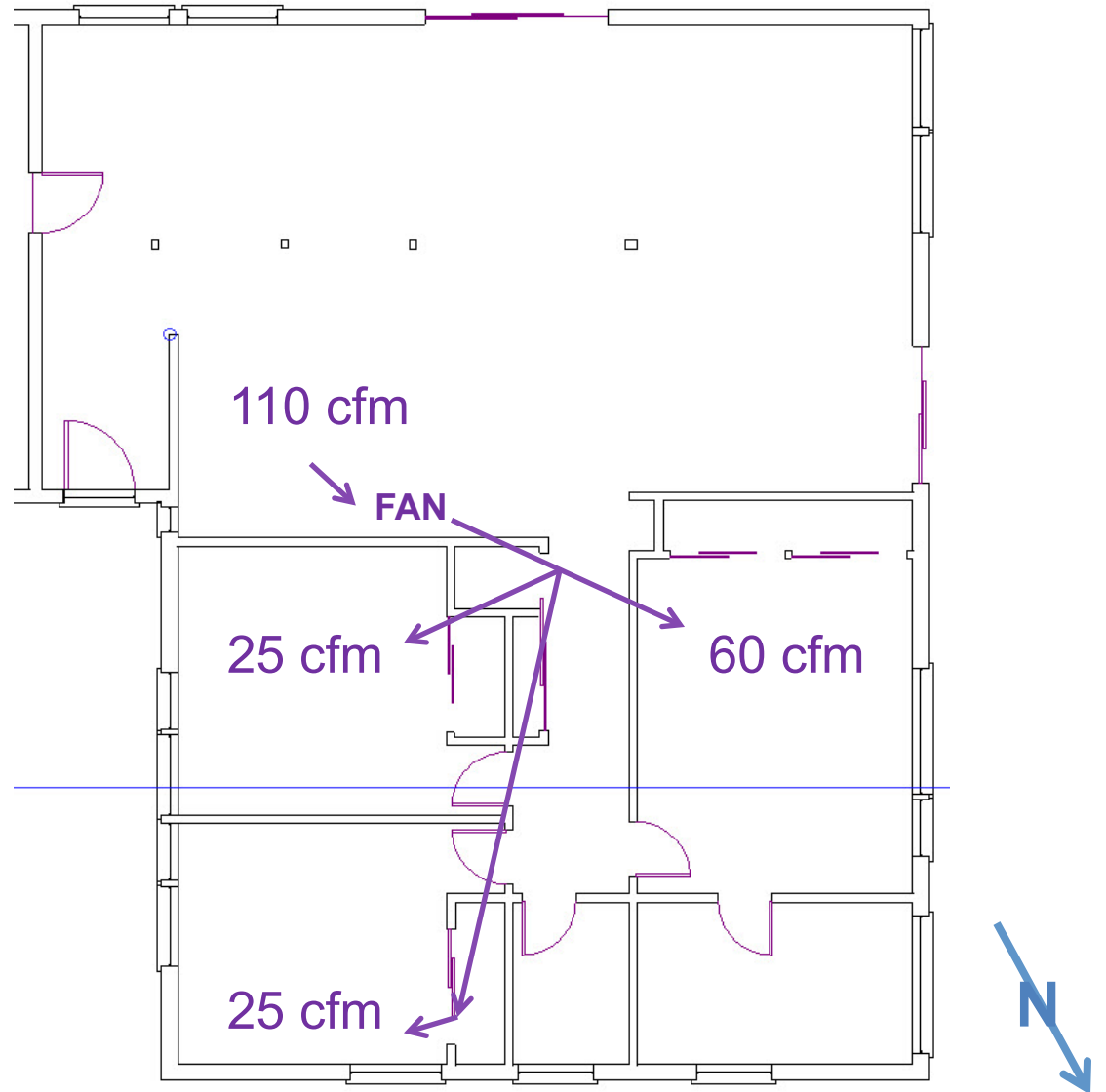
# Sunnyvale PH Retrofit: Mechanical

1. Ventilation
2. Heating & Cooling
3. Air Circulation



# Sunnyvale PH Retrofit: Mechanicals

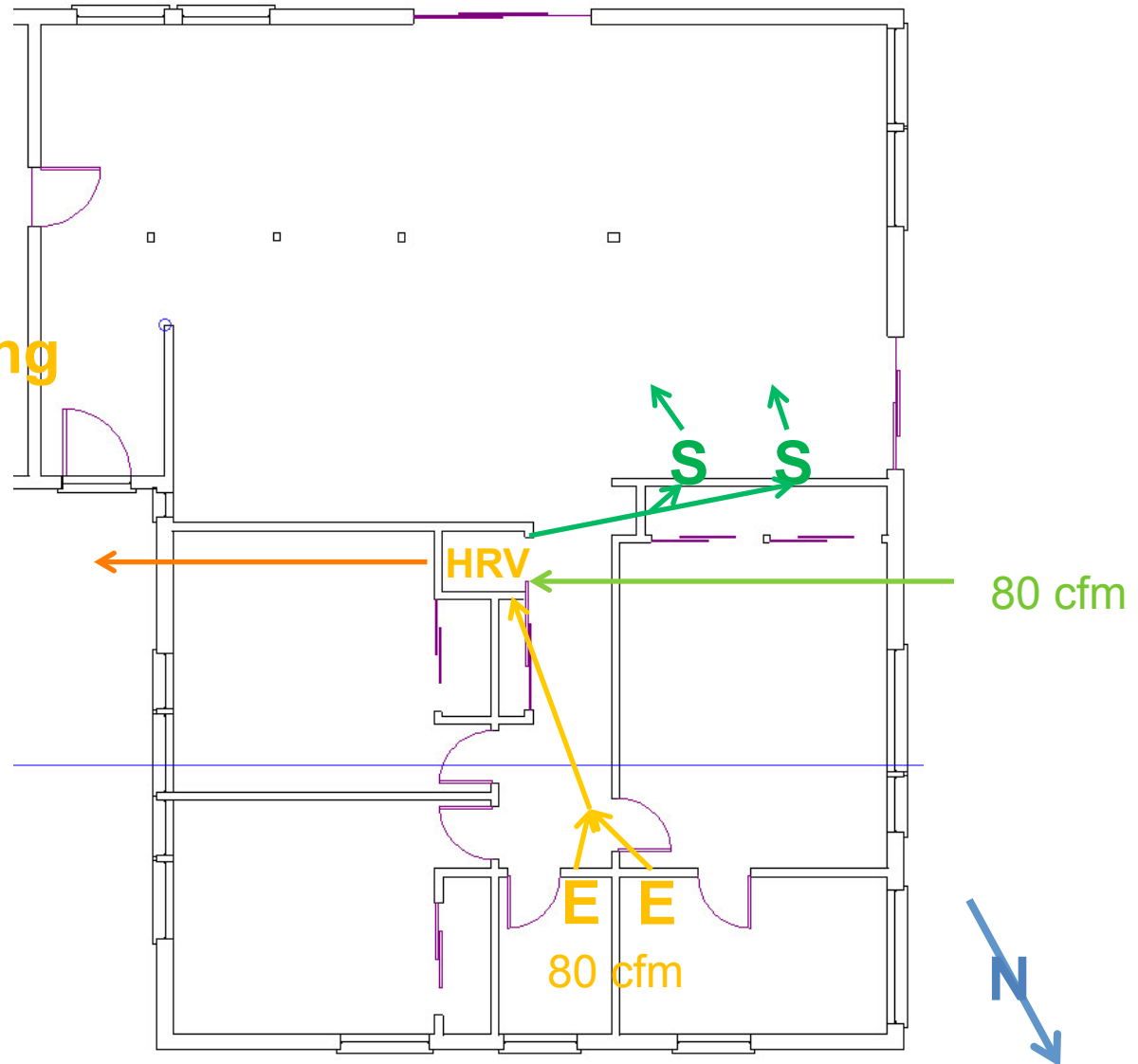
**3. Air Circulation**  
DC Fan  
@13watts



# Sunnyvale PH Retrofit: Mechanical

## 1. Ventilation – HRV

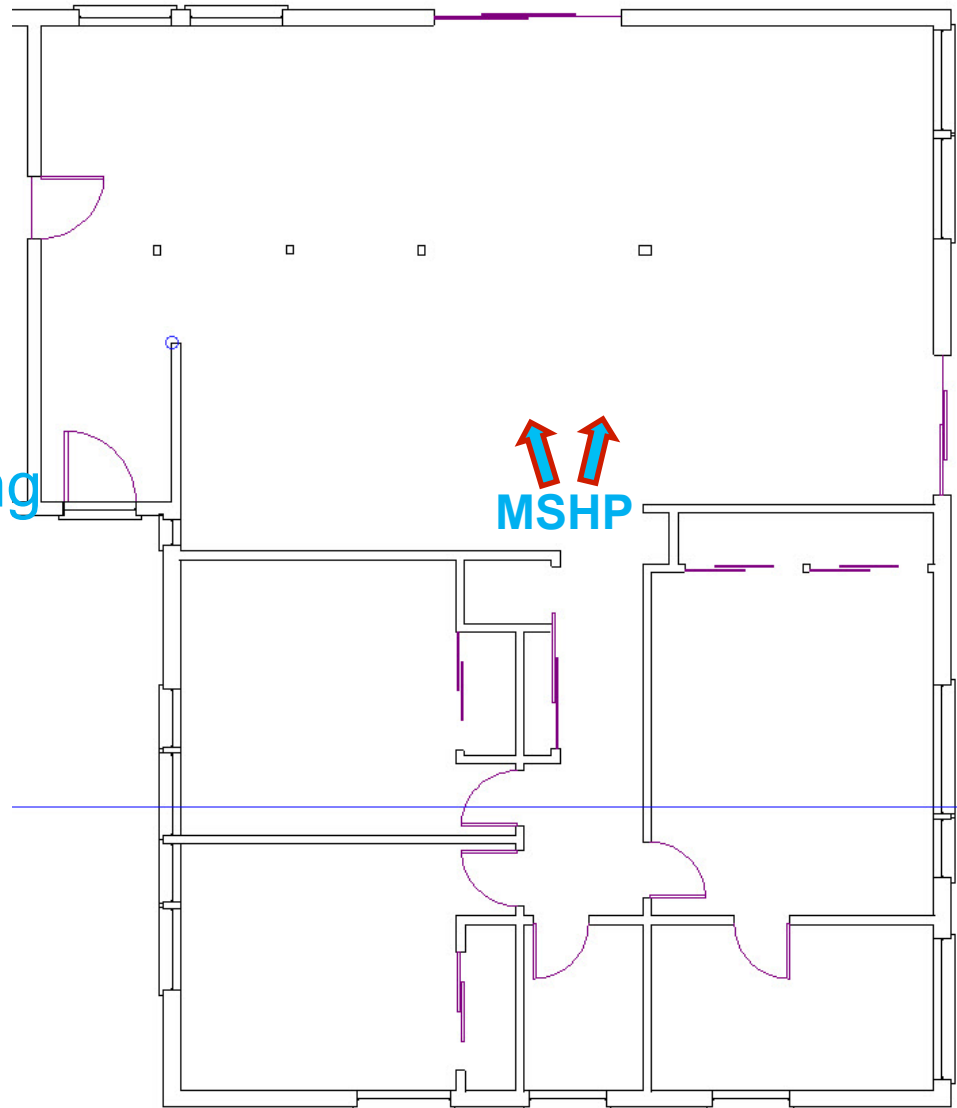
HR Bypass for cooling





# Sunnyvale PH Retrofit: Mechanical

**2. Heating & Cooling**  
SEER 25, MSHP  
3-15kBtu modulating



# Sunnyvale PH Retrofit: Mechanical Design Summary

- **Expectations**

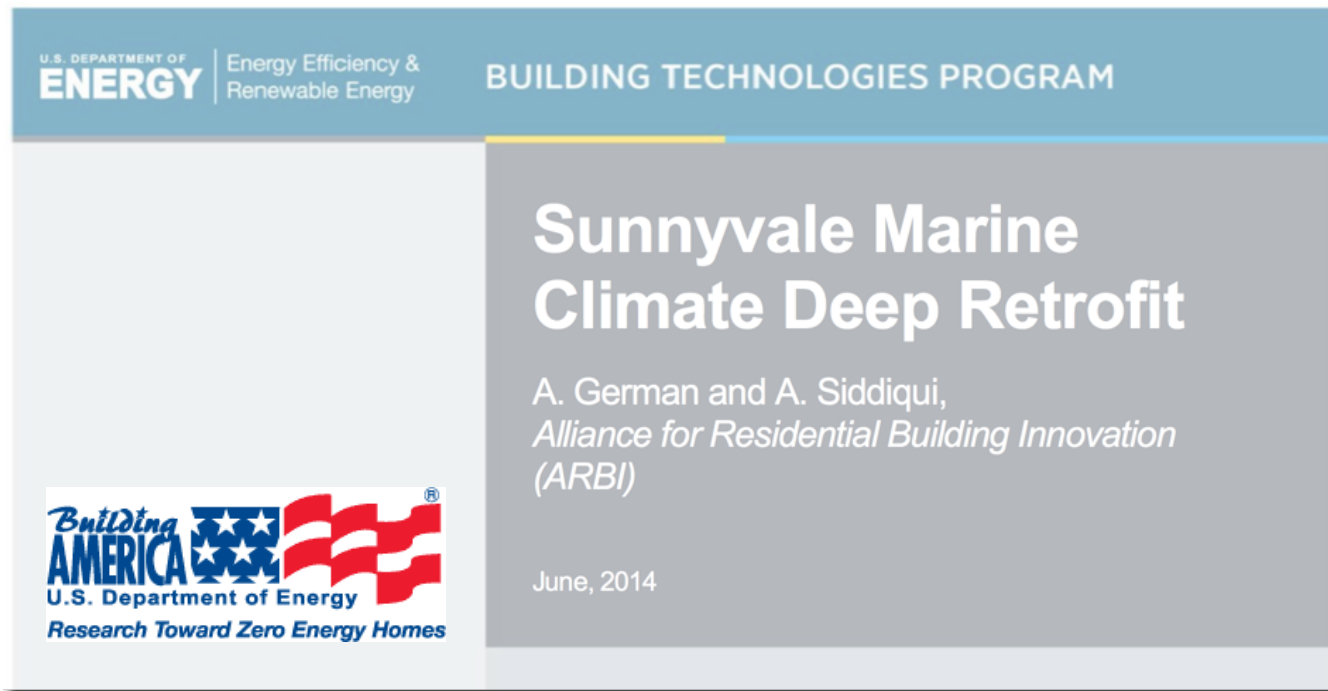
- Temp. differential in winter of 4+ deg?
- Expected small  $\Delta T$  in shoulder and summer seasons

- **Client choices**

- Informed of temp. differentials
- liked sleeping cool; may need space heater OK
- Liked simplicity, economy, space saving
- Set it and forget it

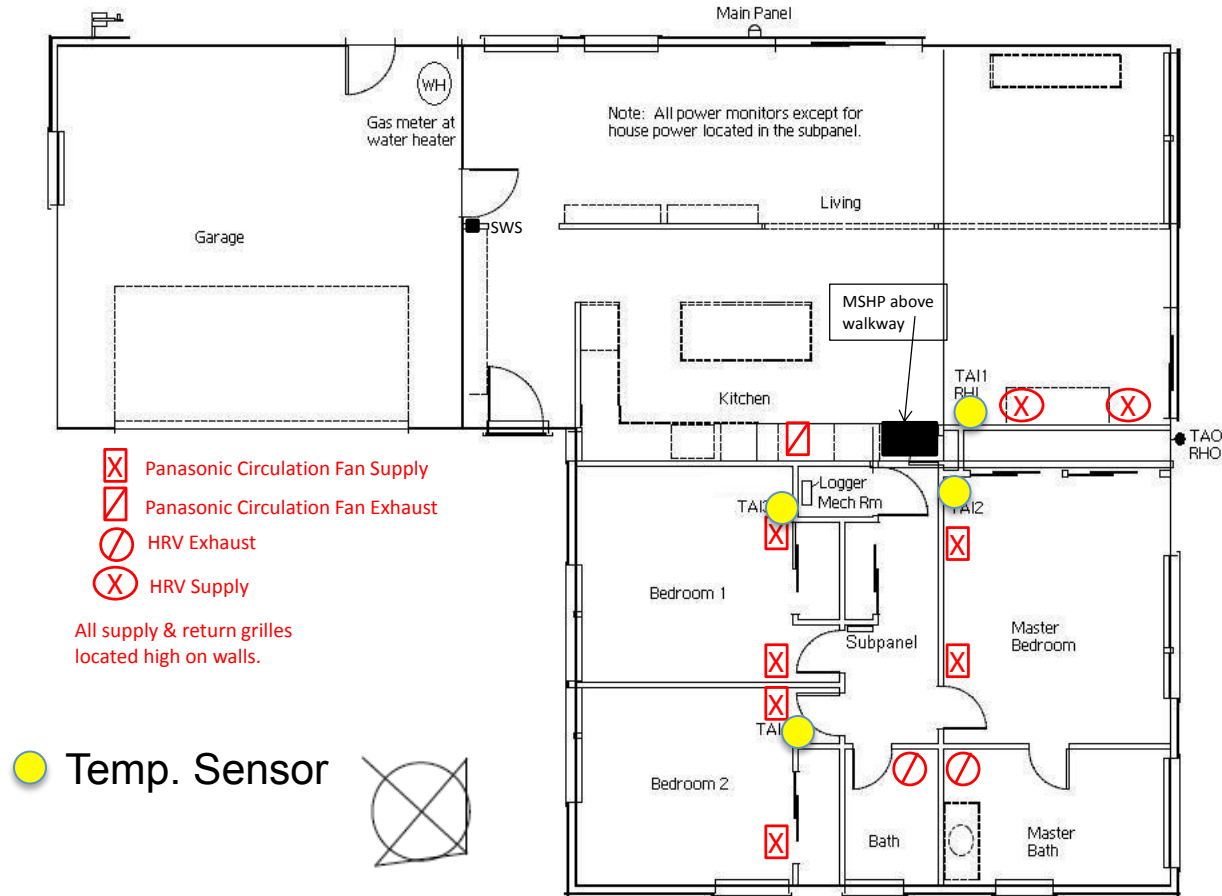


# Sunnyvale PH Retrofit: Data Collection & Analysis



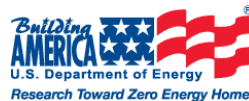
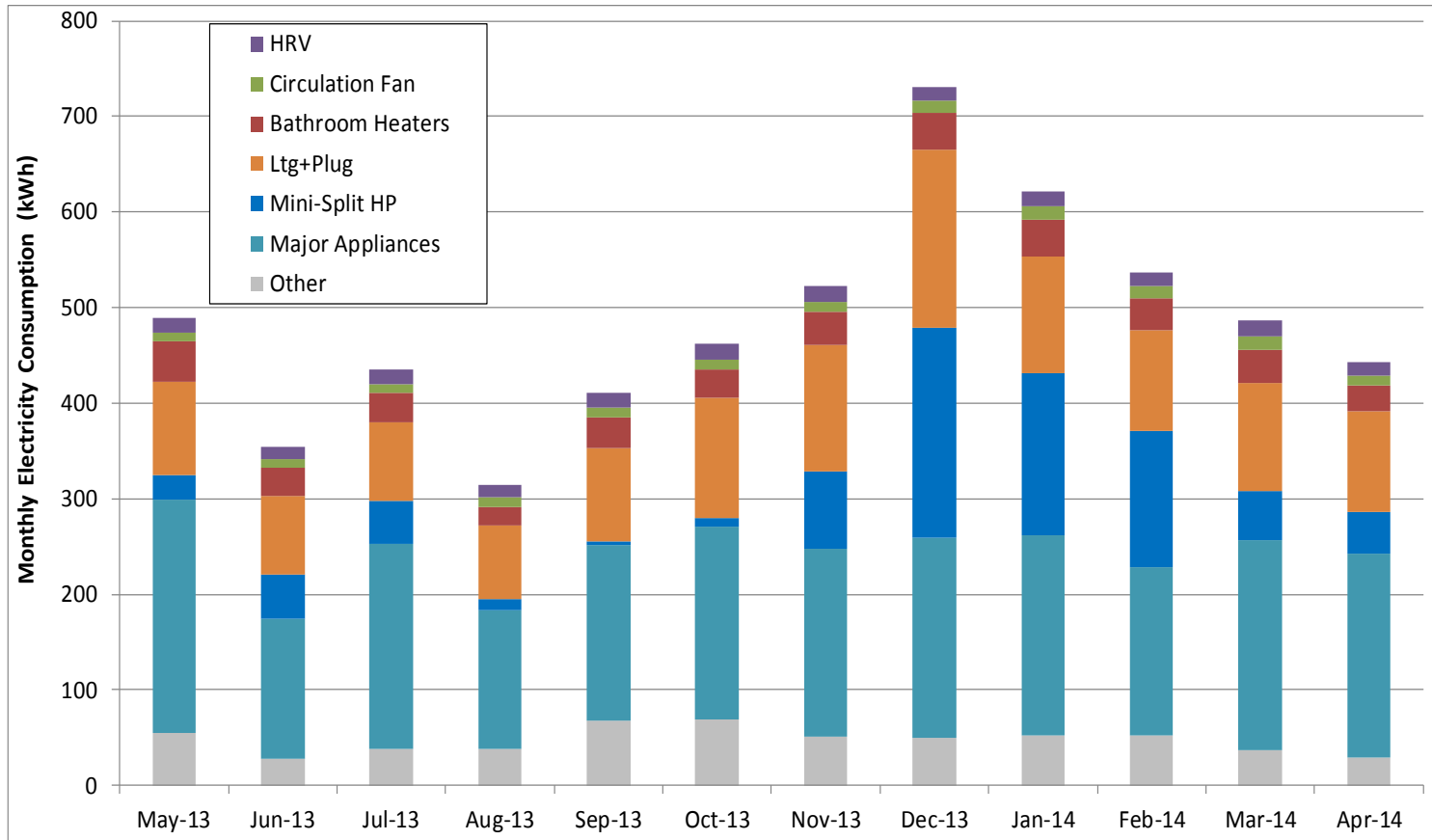
- On-site eMonitor – OSH

# Sunnyvale PH Retrofit: Data Collection



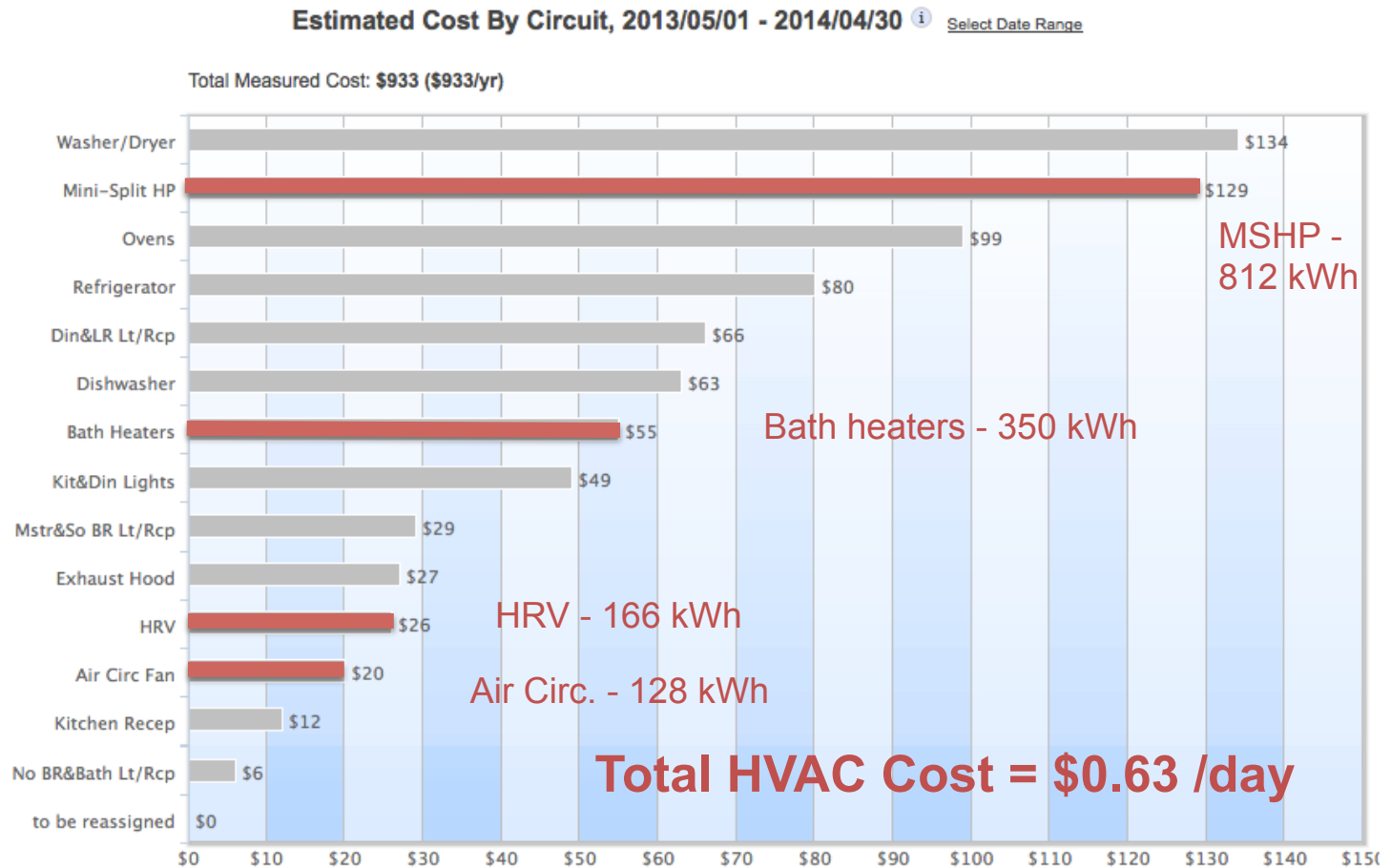
# Sunnyvale PH Retrofit: Performance

## Monthly Electricity Use



# Sunnyvale PH Retrofit: Performance

## Annual HVAC Loads



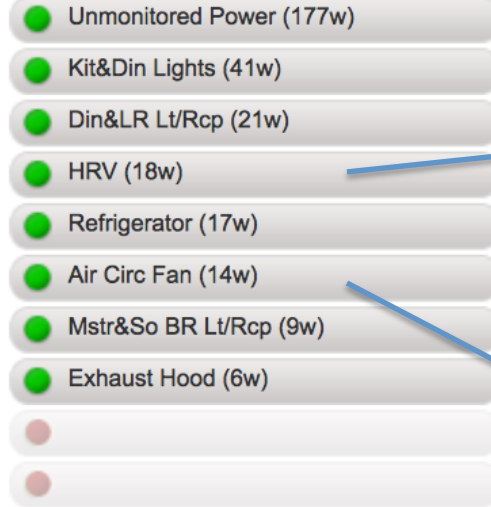


# Sunnyvale PH Retrofit: Mechanicals Energy

Measured Power 



Top Appliances/Circuits On Now



Typ. Ducted HRV  $\approx$  40w

HRV = 20w

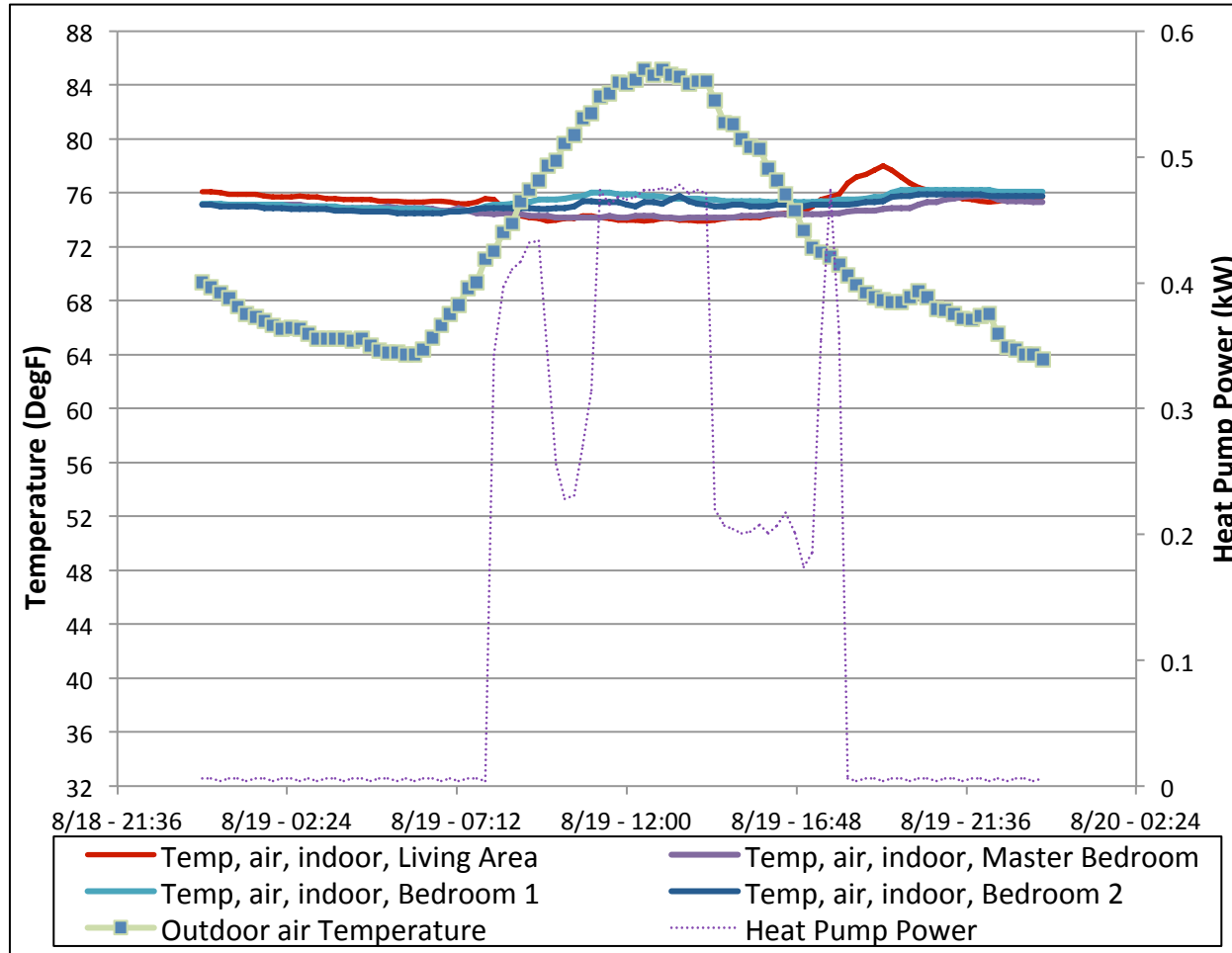
Avoided Energy (20w)

Air Circ. Fan = 14w

Reduction in static pressure from fully-ducted to minimally-ducted HRV offsets air circ. fan energy!

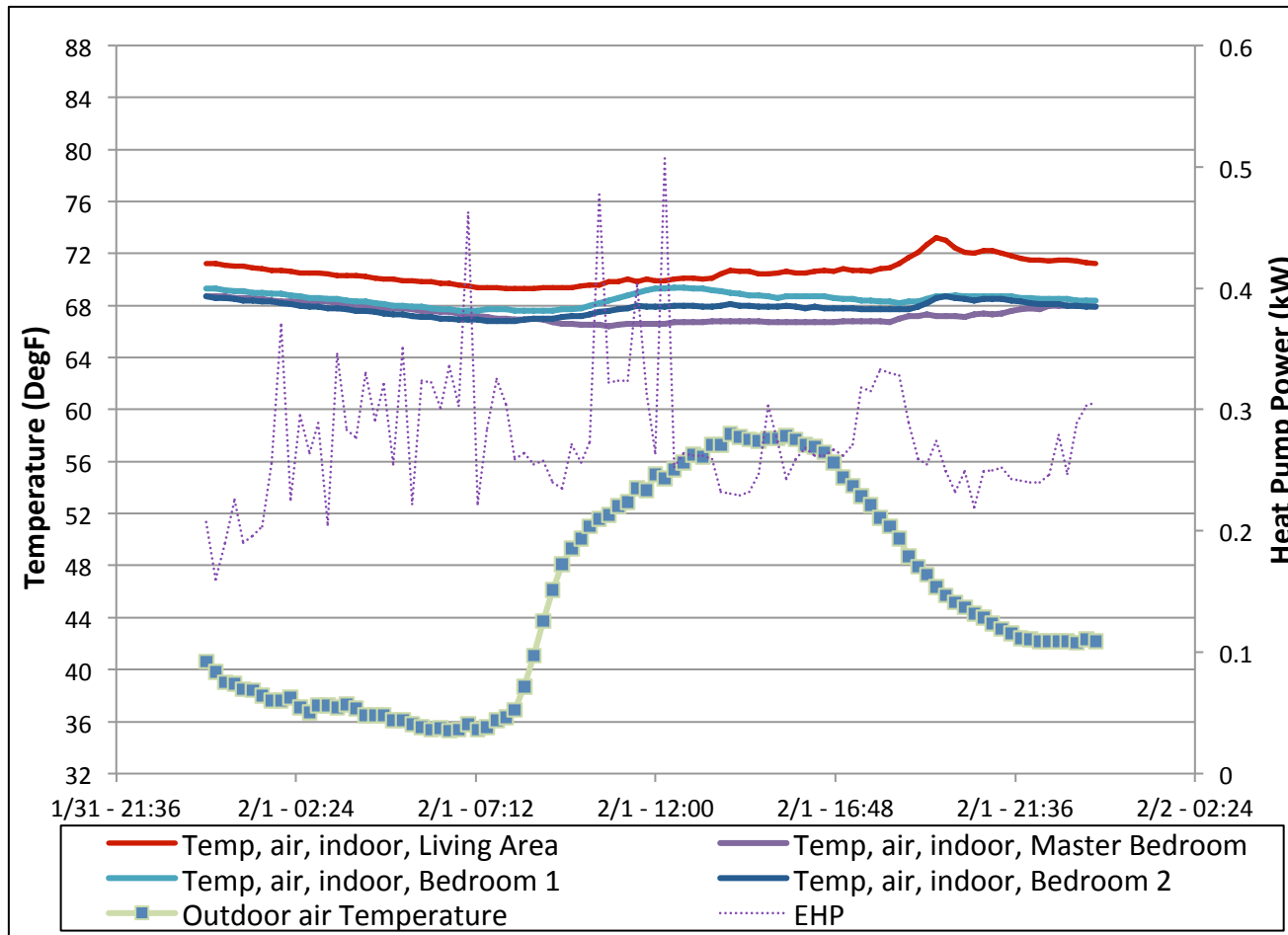
# Sunnyvale PH Retrofit: Performance

Space cooling temperature and heat pump operating profile for typical summer day

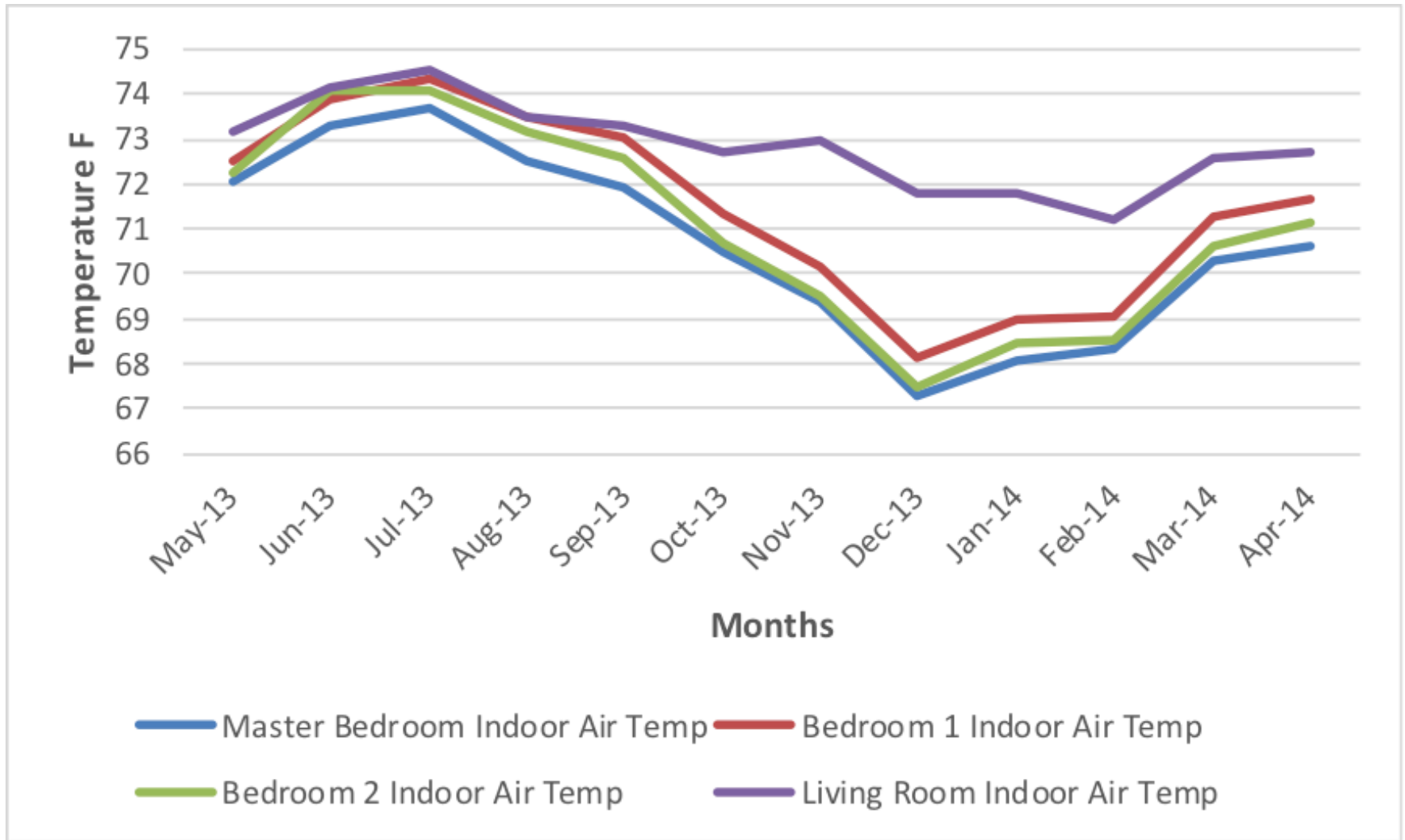


# Sunnyvale PH Retrofit: Performance

Space heating temperature and heat pump operating profile for typical winter day



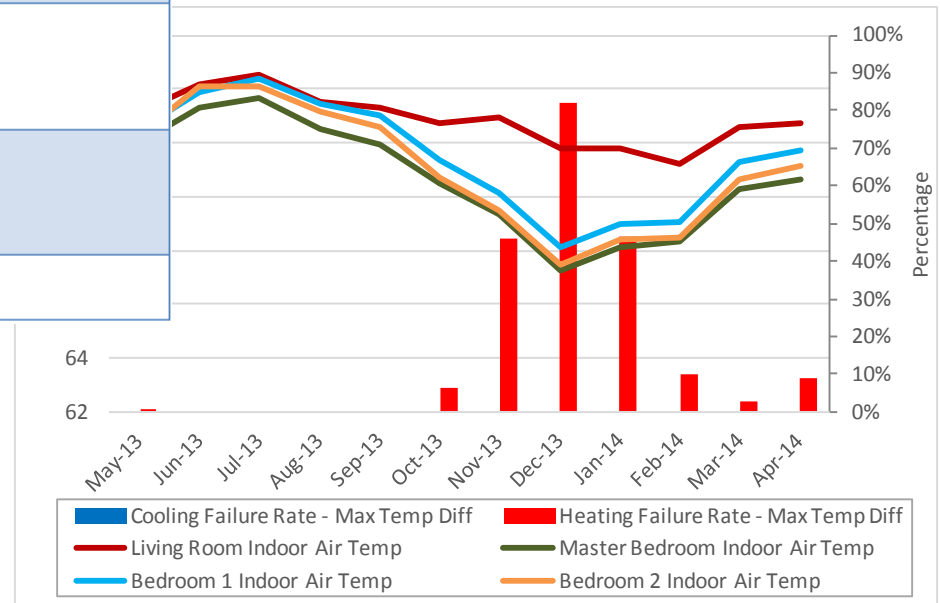
# Sunnyvale PH Retrofit: Avg. Temp. Differentials



# Sunnyvale PH Retrofit: Comfort Performance

## Comparison of Observed Room-by-Room Temperature Differences

	Space Cooling	Space Heating
ACCA Manual RS	Max 6°F <u>Avg 3°F</u>	Max 4°F <u>Avg 2°F</u>
Measured Avg.	0.88	1.73
<i>% Failure - Avg/</i>	0%	34%
Measured Max.	5.6	8.2
<i>% Failure - Max</i>	0%	31%
Measured Min.	0	0



# Sunnyvale PH Retrofit: Performance Summary

- Happy homeowners - mechanical systems exceed their comfort & IAQ expectations
- Very low HVAC energy consumption typical of PH
- Simple; avoided \$6k+ in capital cost



# Magic PH Project – Palo Alto



- Non-profit community
- 2 story, 5600sf, 22 rm
- 8 BRs, live-in learning center
- “Small institutional”
- ICF walls; 3P win; etc.
- Significant thermal mass





# Magic PH Project





# Magic PH Project: Mechanicals

**Almost no room for services! Tight budget.**

**1. Ventilation**

**2. Heating & Cooling**

**3. Air Circulation**

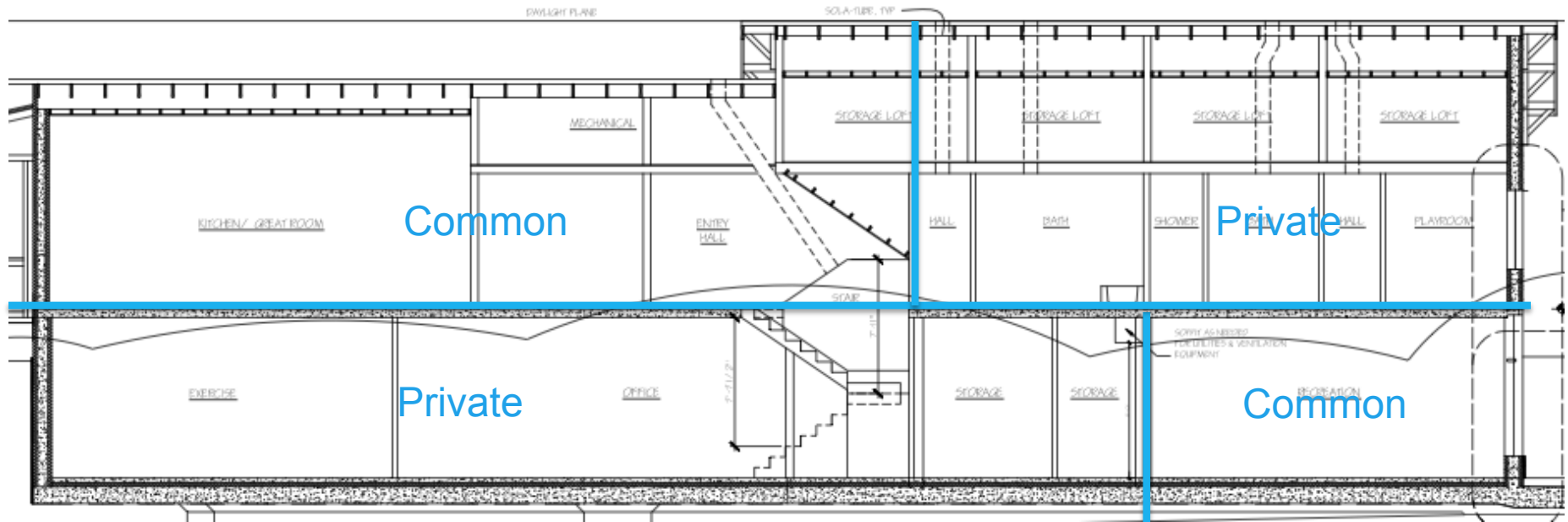
**(15 Fans!)**

Panasonic Execs & Engineers from Japan



# Magic PH Project: Mechanical

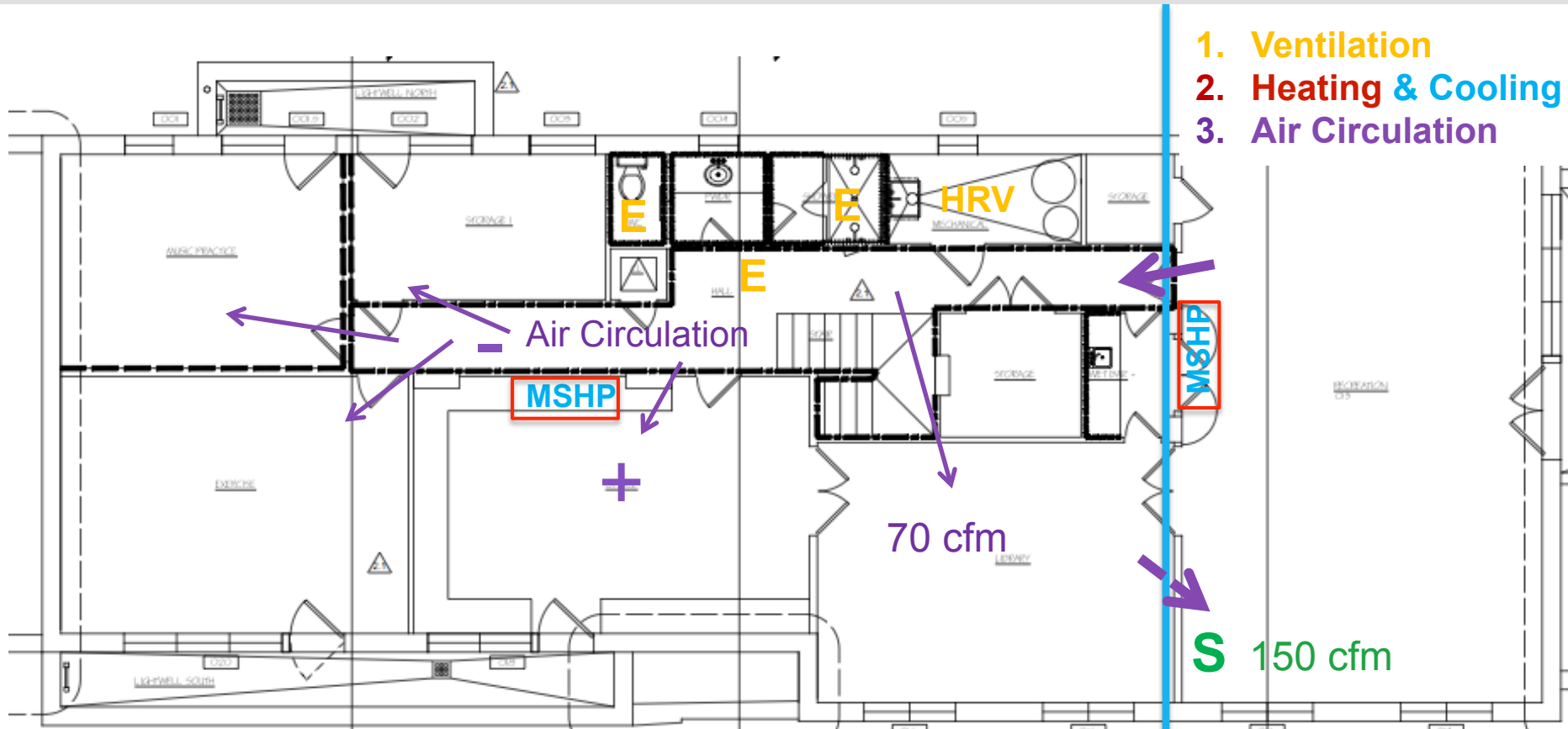
Almost no room for services!



2 Floors, 4 Zones



# Magic PH Project: Mechanical



- 1. Ventilation
- 2. Heating & Cooling
- 3. Air Circulation

Basement  
2700sf

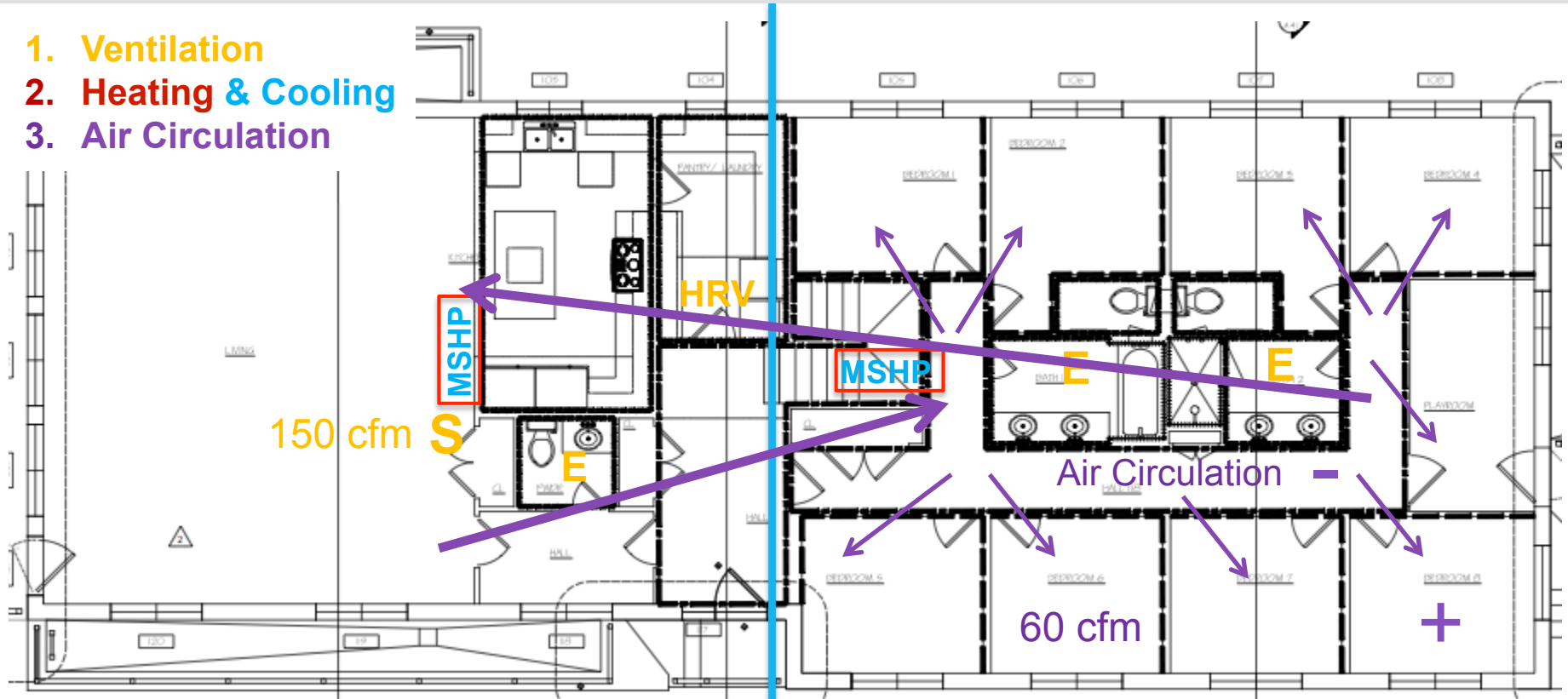
-  
Individual/Small Group  
Activities Zone

+  
Common  
Area Zone



# Magic PH Project: Mechanical

1. Ventilation
2. Heating & Cooling
3. Air Circulation



First Floor  
2700sf

+

Common Area Zone

-

Sleeping/Private Zone





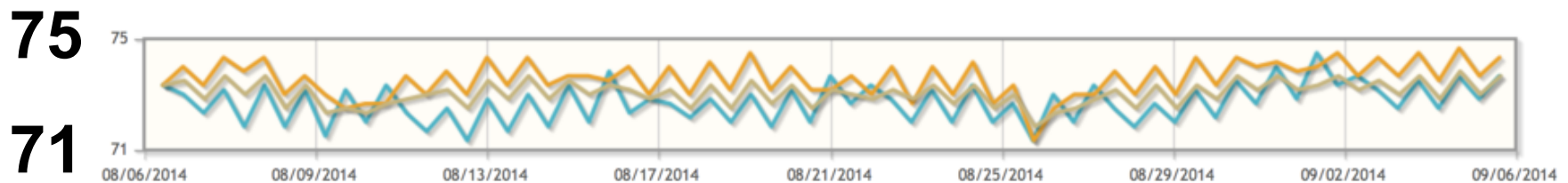
# Magic PH Project: Mechanicals



# Magic PH Project: Performance Data

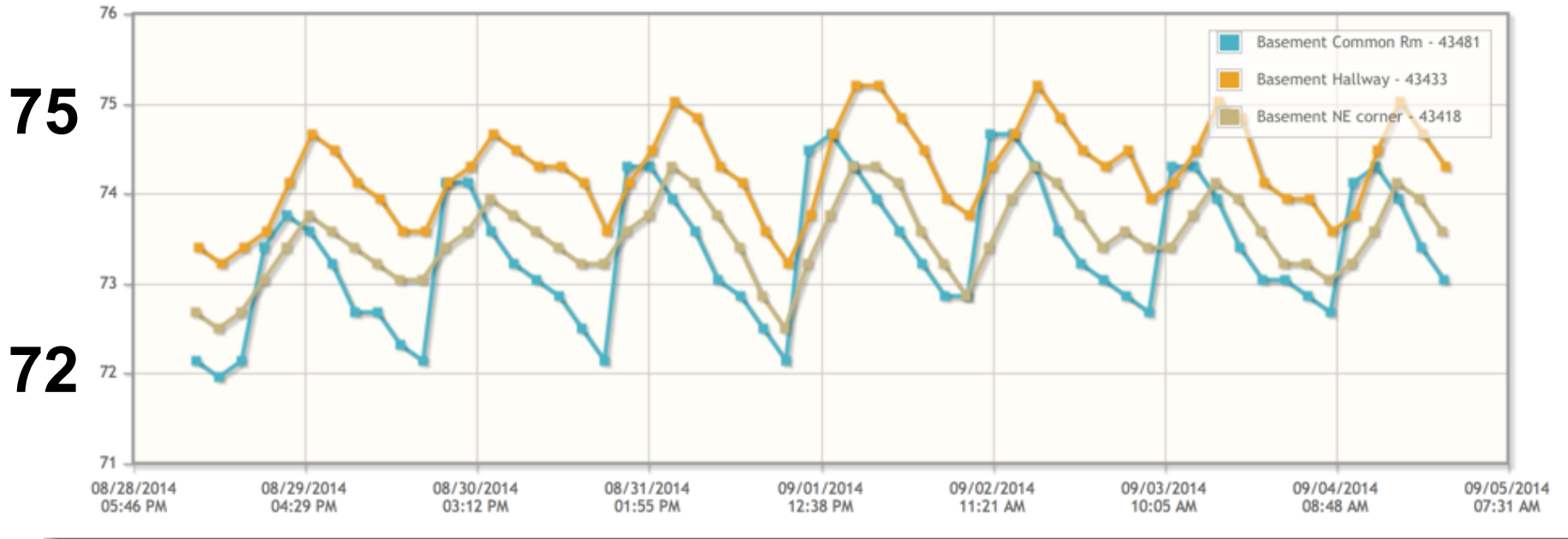
- Only temp. & HVAC energy data for August/Sept
- Partial occupancy; No manual window operation
- HRV has bypass mode for some Night Ventilation Cooling
- MSHPs set point = 74

Basement: 30 day temperatures



# Magic PH Project: Performance Data

Basement: 7 day temperatures



75

72

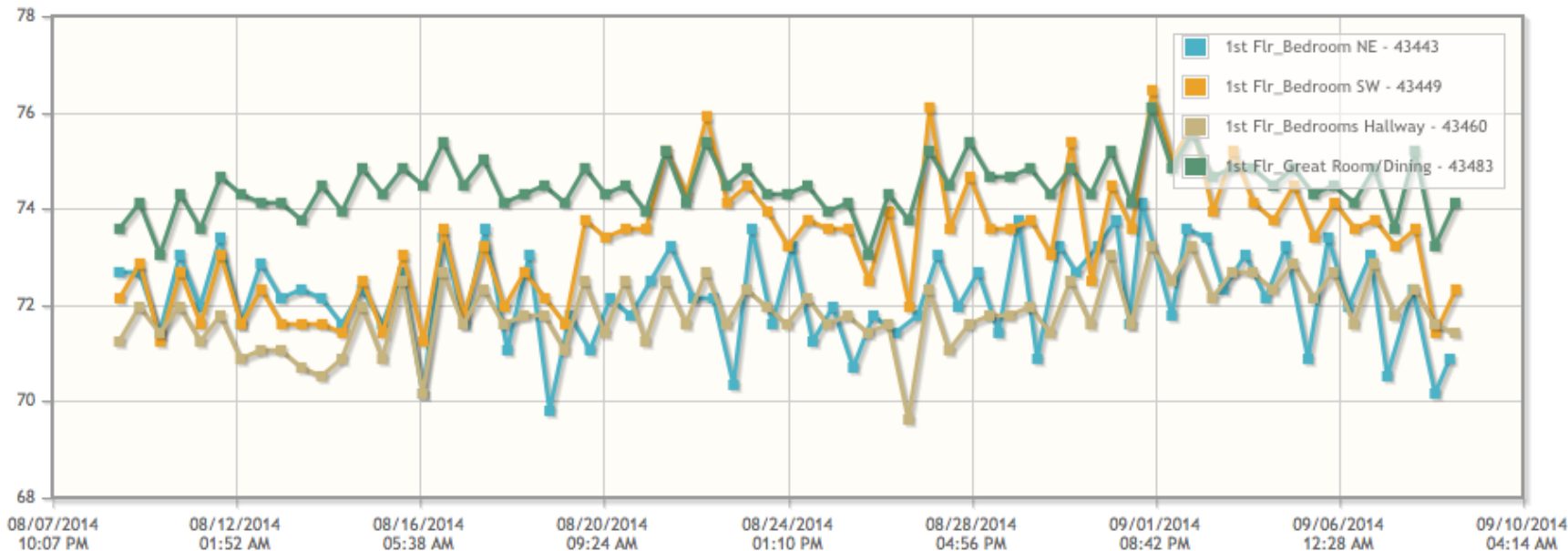


# Magic PH Project: Performance Data

## Upstairs: 30 day temperatures

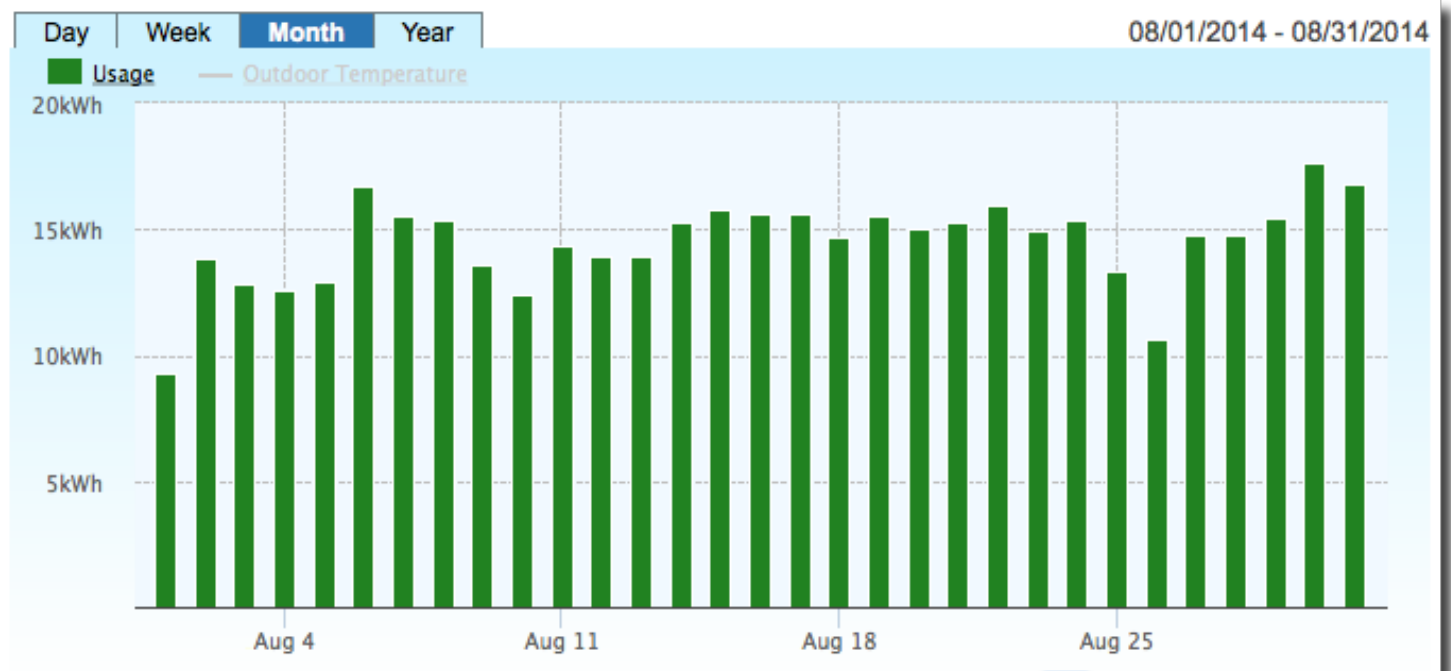
76

70



# Magic PH Project: MSHP energy

## Daily MSHP power consumption



**15** kWh

10 – upstairs  
5 – basement

(\$2.25/day)

**( 2 outdoor, 4 indoor, 74 set point 24/7 )**





# Magic PH Project: Mechanical Room

## Symbiotic water heating & cooling systems

Heat Pump Water Heaters



100gal = 60kBTU daily

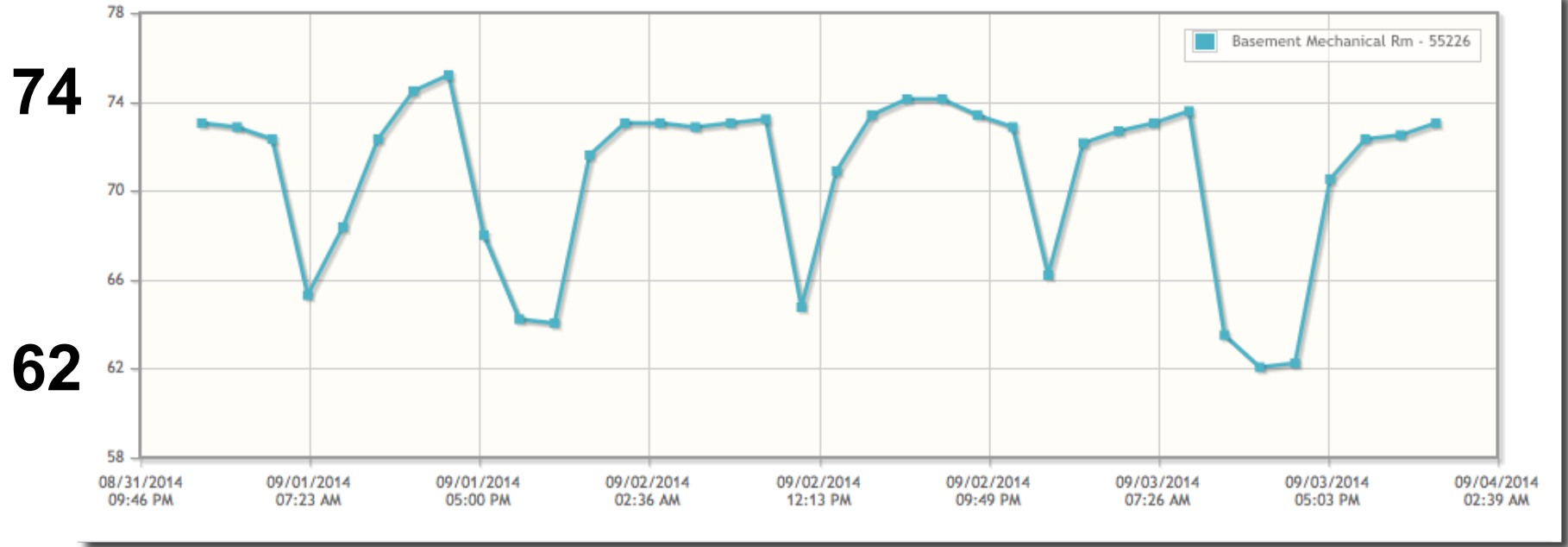
HRV w/bypass; Exhaust fan to laundry room



300cfm = 44kBTU daily NVC

# Magic PH Project: Mechanical Room Temps

Mechanical Room: 3 day temperatures – Heat Pump Water heaters working



# Magic PH Project: Summary Results

- Comfort - Promising early data ...need heating season data
- Solved lack of service space problem, economically
- HVAC energy – low, as expected; need more data
- Simplified approach cost savings:  $\approx$  \$25K+



# Asynchronous Air Circulation: Research Conclusions

- Comfort – satisfactory performance w/limitations. 5°+ avg. temp. variations.
  - Supplementary room heat may be required during peak heating season.
- Direct distribution of heating/cooling to rooms will provide superior comfort.
- Accurate room load calcs required!
- IAQ – no identifiable impact
- Energy use – MSHP vs. std. split = small efficiency gain



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High Performance Living

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