ORCHARDS AT ORENCO

The largest affordable multifamily Passive House project in the United States





Project Team



Owner/Developer



Mechanical Engineer



Owners Representative



Structural Engineer



Architect of record



Civil Engineer



Passive House
Consultant



Landscape Architect



General Contractor



Design Architect

Owner's Motivation and Goals



Owner/Developer

- REACH has developed and managed affordable housing since 1982
- Today their portfolio has apartments for 1,852 individuals and families
- REACH's goal is to provide Healthy, Safe, and Affordable living
- Affordability not only includes low rents and close proximity to work and schools, but also the cost of monthly utility bills
- In 2010 Dee Walsh, the Executive Director visited Europe to see how they were building and managing Passive Affordable Housing
- Dee returned encouraged and motivated
- REACH set a goal to have a Passive House project in their portfolio by 2015



Project Overview



Building Design



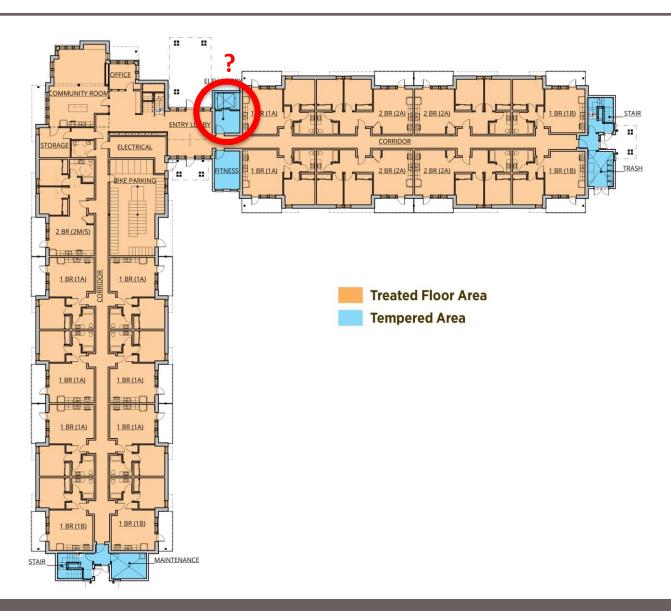
Orchards at Orenco 2014 October 08

Building Design



VIEW FROM NORTHWEST CORNER Rendering by William Wilson Architects

Building Design



All core team members present on project from very beginning...

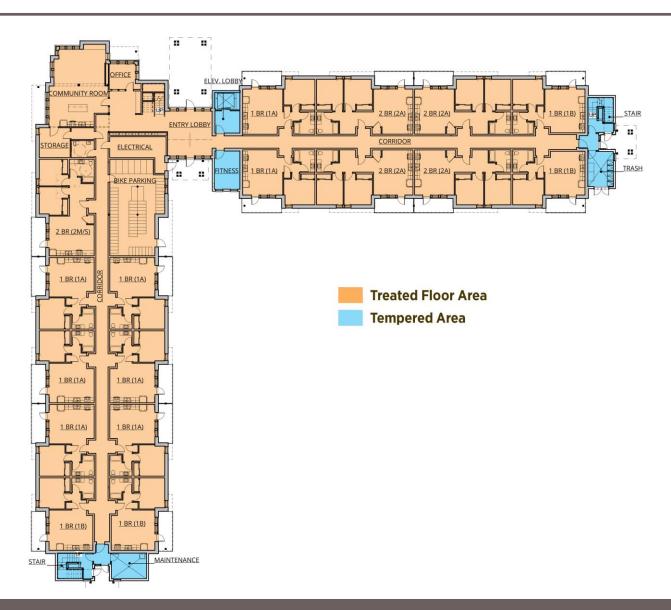
- Owner
- Design team
- Construction team

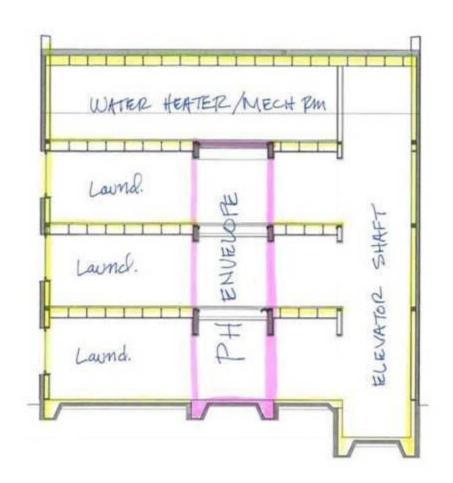
Design Charrette

- Very early on during design process
- All core team members present, plus key stakeholders
- Established many key concepts for project heading out of the gate

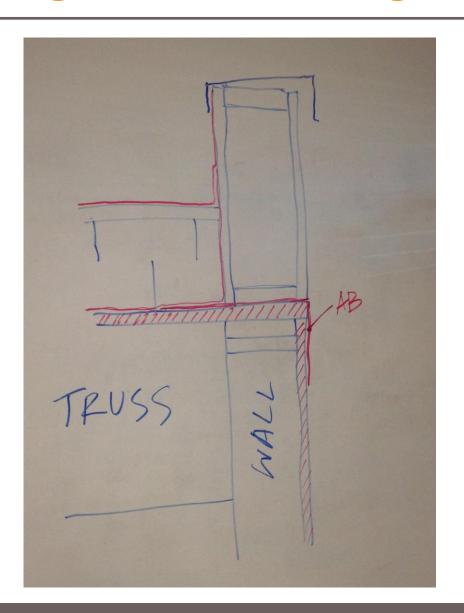
Developing the Design

- Highly iterative process...
 - Design work → Modeling work (PHPP) → Cost analysis → Constructability review
 - Repeat again...

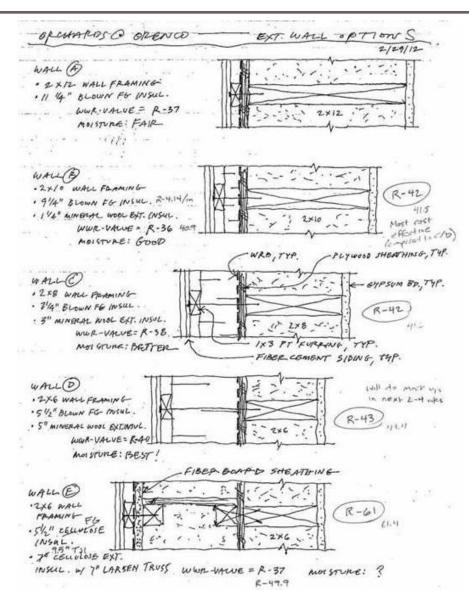




SCHEMATIC SECTION

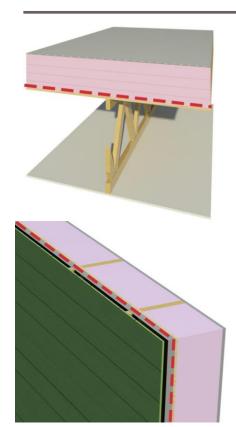


SCHEMATIC DETAILS



EXTERIOR WALL OPTIONS

Envelope Design

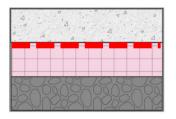


Typical Roof Assembly: R-81

- TPO Roofing Membrane (Fully adhered, White)
- ¼" Coverboard
- 12" Polyiso Insulation
- Temp Roof/Vapor Barrier
- ¾" Plywood w/ AB Tape at Seams (Air Barrier)
- Prefabricated Roof Truss
- 5/8" Gypsum Wall Board (2-layers)

Typical Exterior Wall Assembly: R-39

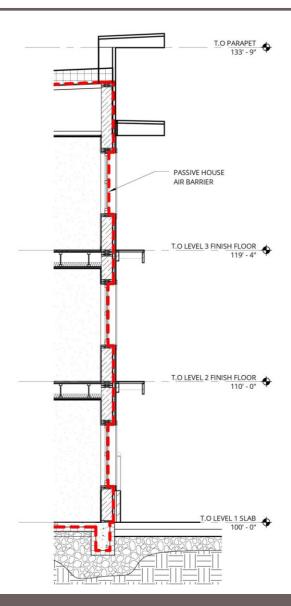
- Fiber cement siding w/ furring @ 24" o.c.
- 1-1/2" mineral fiber board insulation
- · Building wrap weather barrier
- ½" Plywood w/ AB Tape at Seams (Air Barrier)
- 2x10 framing with blown-in fiberglass insulation
- Vapor barrier
- 5/8" Gypsum Wall Board



Typical Slab Assembly: R-19

- 4" Concrete Slab
- Vapor Retarder
- 4" EPS Insulation (continuous under perimeter footings and at slab edge)

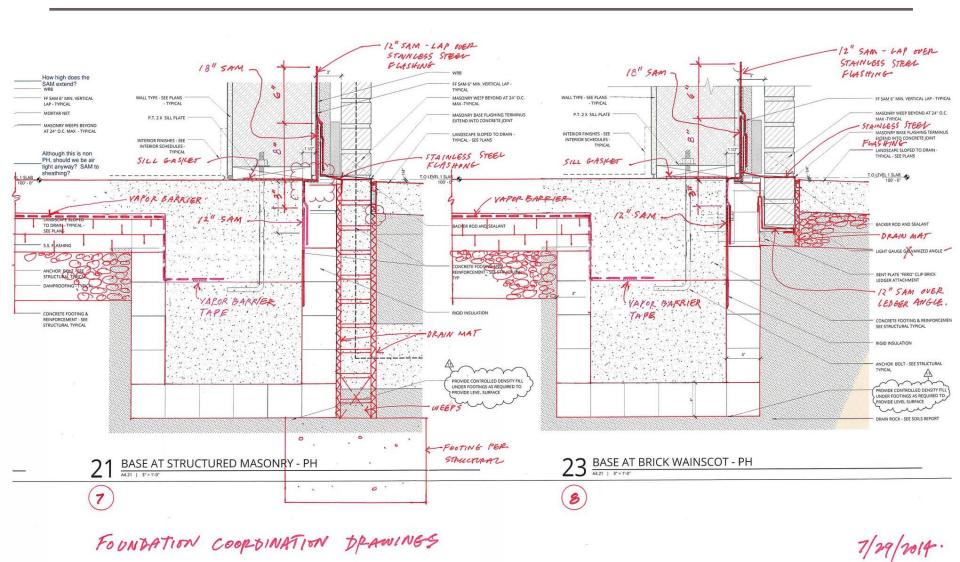
Envelope Design



Critical Details

- Wall/Roof tie-in
- Window/door head, sill, jamb
- Structural connection at balconies/shading devices
- Interface at Passive House/Non-Passive House zones
- Exterior footing to wall

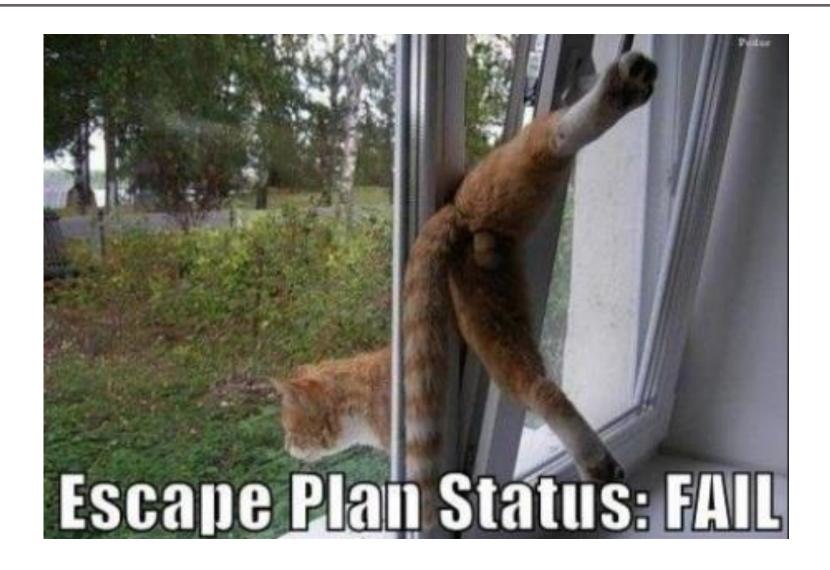
Envelope Design



Orchards at Orenco



Component Selection



Component Selection - Windows

WINDOW WISH LIST

- Thermal Performance
- Airtight
- Watertight
- Affordable
- Locally Sourced



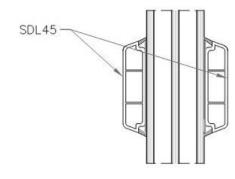
Euroline 4700 Series U-0.16 BTU/hr.ft²°F



Component Selection - Windows



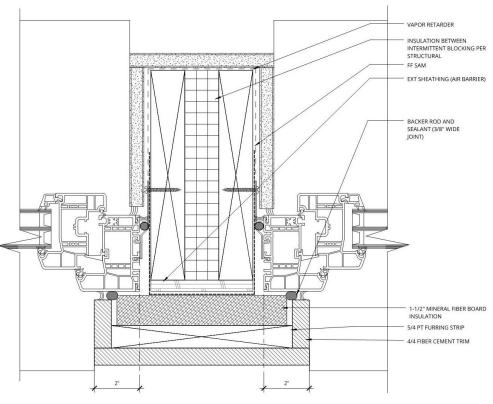
Horizontal "Mullions"



2 HORIZONTAL SDL45 @ TRIPLE GLAZING ARCH. REF:

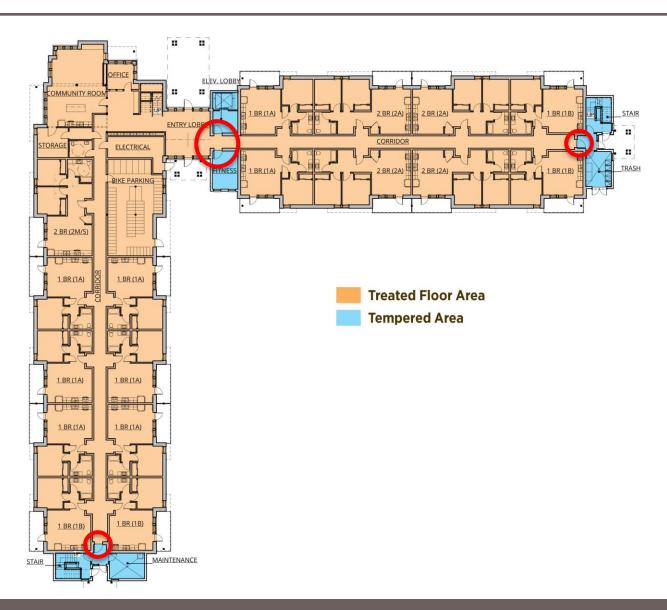
Component Selection - Windows

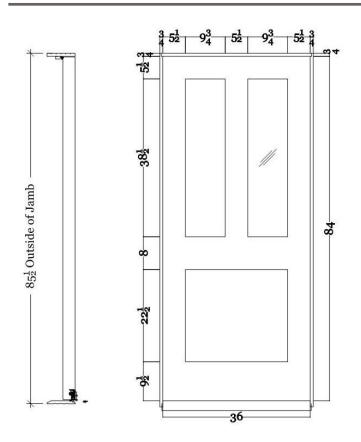


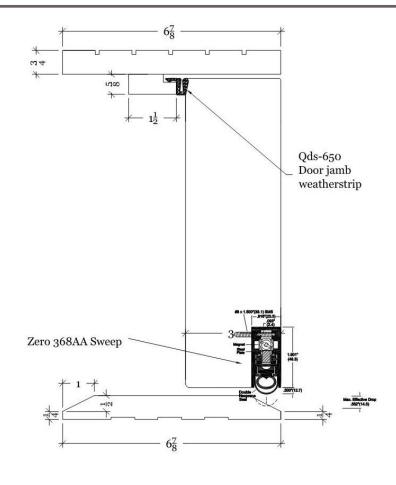


DOOR WISH LIST

- Thermal Performance
- Airtight
- Watertight
- Affordable
- Locally Sourced
- Appropriate for Commercial Use
- Work with a Key-fob System/Auto Door Opener
- Low Threshold Sill (per Fair Housing Act and UFAS standards)
- Fire-rated

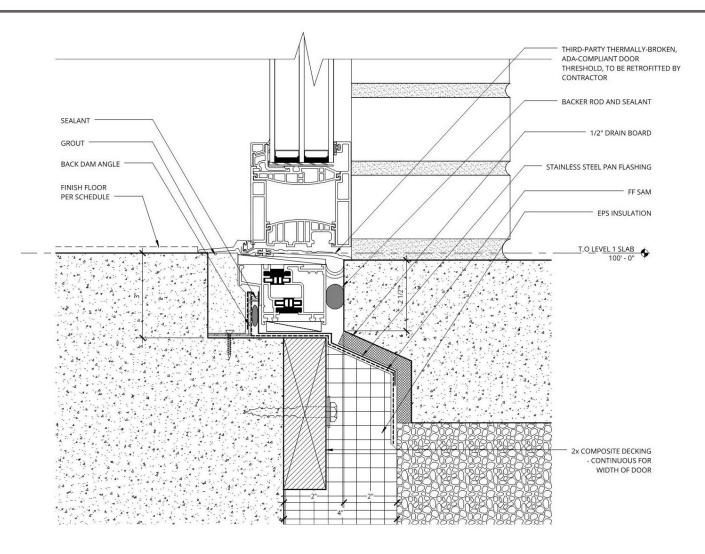






Custom Wood Door by Select Door

- 3" Solid Pine
- Custom UFAS/Fair Housing Act compliant threshold
- Drop Sweep



Entry Door Threshold Detail

Component Selection – Lighting & Appliances

Lighting Design/Considerations

- Pinned fluorescent lighting in units
 - Discourages tenants from replacing lamps w/ less efficient incandescent bulbs
- LED lighting in common areas

Appliance Considerations

- All appliances are provided to the tenant
- All appliances are Energy Star rated (REACH standard)
- Balancing energy budget, cost, and accessibility

- Maximize cost-effective energy reduction
- Developed by team of German physicists in 1990's
- Continuation of US super-insulation and passive solar developments

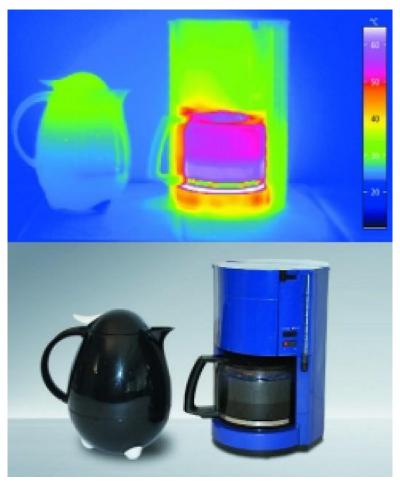


Invest in this...



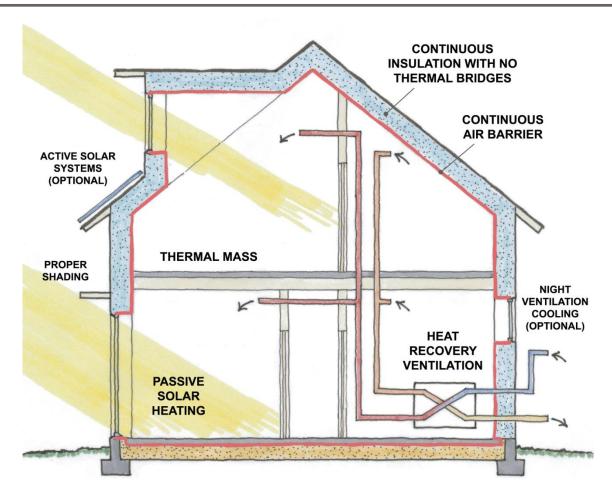
...so we can heat with this amount of energy





Source: Passivhaus Institut

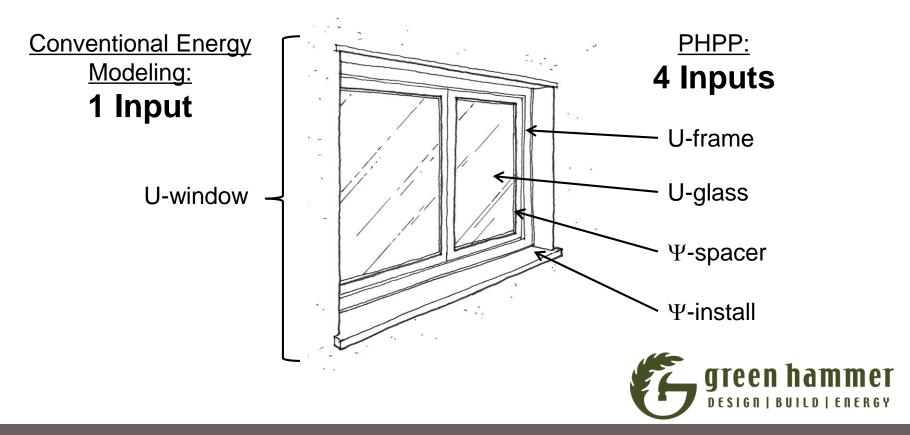




Typical components of a Passivhaus building

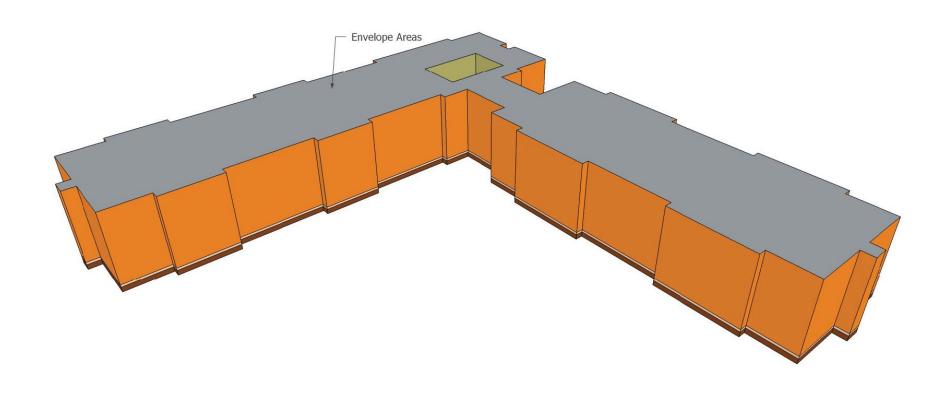


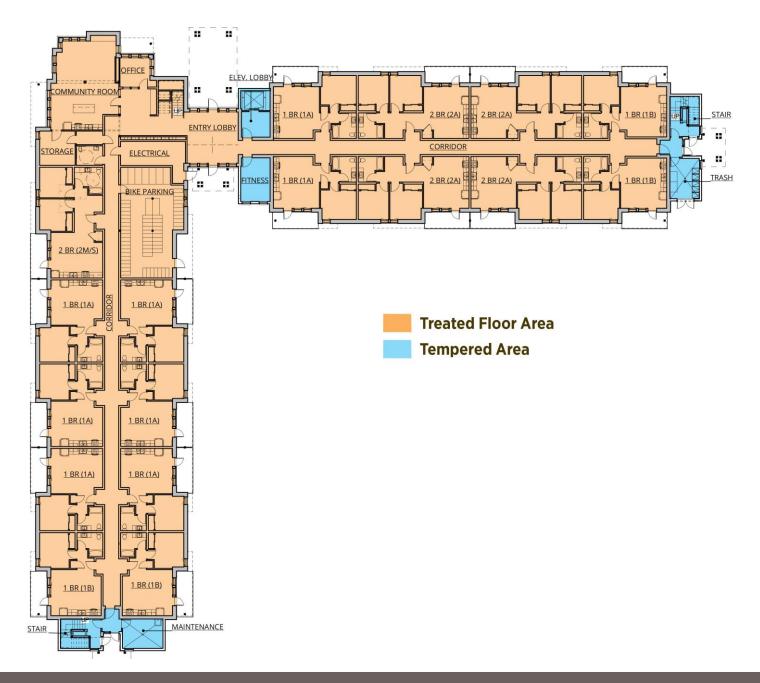
- •Energy modeling tool developed specifically for highly-efficient buildings
- "Passivhaus Planning Package" (PHPP)



Energy Analysis & Feedback

EARLY PLANNING: AVOID COMPLEXITY





Energy Analysis & Feedback

SCHEMATIC DESIGN: "RANGE OF MOTION" STUDY

- Performance Based not Prescriptive: Heat Demand & Primary Energy Demand
- LOTS of Variables
- Keep a Healthy Contingency ("You don't know what you don't know")
- Excel is your friend

For the Heat Demand Target...



1323 SE 6th Avenue, Portland, Oregon 97214 503-804-1746

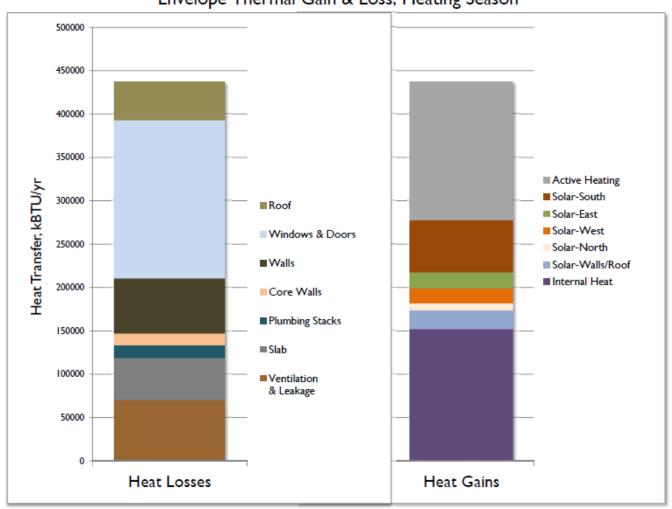
Iteration	Iteration #1		#2		#3		#4	
	Starting Point		Keeping 2x8 wall		Keeping Cascadia		Revisiting Assumptions	
Item							[Climate data adjustment]	
		R-value		R-value		R-value		R-value
Walls	2x8 w/ Cellulose	26	2x8 w/ Cellulose	26	2x4 + 9.5" Larsen Truss (Alt: 2x8 + 3" Polyiso)	47	2x8 w/ Cellulose	26
Window - typ size, apts	(2) 3 x 4 ft		(2) 3 x 4 ft		(1) 6 x 4 ft		(1) 6 x 4 ft	
Window - typ size, lobby	Flr-to-clg: 5ft tall view unit		Ribbon: 2ft tall view unit		Ribbon of 4 x 4 T/T		(1) 6 x 3 ft on North façade	
	+ 3ft tall oper clerestory		+ 2ft tall oper clerestory				Ribbon of 4 x 4 T/T (3 ft North)	
Window:Wall Ratio, average	26%		23%		23%		22%	
Window - frame, apts	Cascadia 300 T/T	4.5	uPVC T/T	6.0	Cascadia 300 T/T		Cascadia 300 T/T	4.5
Window - frame, lobby	Cascadia 400+Framing	3.6	uPVC T/T	6.0	Cascadia 400+Framing	4.2	Cascadia 400+Framing	4.2
Window - glass south	LoE 180/180 Argon	7.5	EU IGU 0.5/0.5	11.4	LoE 180/180 Argon		LoE 180/180 Argon	7.5
Window - glass other	LoE 366/180 Argon	8.2	EU IGU 0.5/0.5 & 366/180	11.4	LoE 366/180 Argon	8.2	LoE 366/180 Argon	8.2
Doors - frame	Cascadia 301 T/T Door	4.7	uPVC T/T Door	5.9	Cascadia 301 T/T Door	4.7	Cascadia 301 T/T Door	4.7
Roof	6" EPS over Sheathing	31	10" EPS over Sheathing	49	10" EPS over Sheathing	49	10" EPS over Sheathing	49
Slab-field	Slab w 4" EPS	19	Slab w 6" EPS	29	Slab w 4" EPS	19	Slab w 4" EPS	19
Slab-footer	Slab w 2" EPS	9.3	Slab w 4" EPS	19.4	Slab w 2" EPS	10.3	Slab w 2" EPS	10.3
Slab-edge	Slab w 2" EPS	9.3	Slab w 4" EPS	19.4	Slab w 6" EPS	28.5	Slab w 6" EPS	28.5
Thermal Mass	Standard construction		Dbl Drywall Walls & Ceilings Gypcrete flr w/o carpet		Dbl Drywall Walls & Ceilings Gypcrete flr w/o carpet		Dbl Drywall Walls & Ceilings Gypcrete flr w/o carpet	
Ventilation Rate (ACH)	0.43		0.43		0.43		0.32	
HRV recovery efficiency	80%		90%		90%		90%	
HRV electrical efficiency (W/cfm)							0.75	
Other	Cellulose in Plumbing Stack		Cellulose in Plumbing Stack				SPF in Plumbing Stack	
Heat Demand, Annual (kBTU/sf) Passivhaus Limit = 4.75	7.05		4.20		3.85		4.24	
Recommend at this Stage = 4.0	149000		114000		109000		115000	
Heat Load, Whole Bldg (BTU/hr) % Htg Deilverable w/ Ventilation Air	149000 112%				145%		104%	
Cooling Strategy	HRV w/o heat recovery		HRV w/o heat recovery		HRV w/o heat recovery		HRV w/o heat recovery	
Cooling Strategy	Windows open all hours				Windows open all hours		Windows open night only	
Frequency of Overheating (>77°F) Recommend < 2%							0.0%	

Heating Energy Analysis (Schematic) Iteration #3

green l

Annual Heat Demand (kBTU/sf.yr): 3.85

Envelope Thermal Gain & Loss, Heating Season



Narrowing In...

...but holding 20% contingency

-							
	#5 Thick Windows		#6 Thick Wall				
	I nick vyindows		I NICK-VVall-				
		R-value		R-value			
=	2x8 w/ Spray FG	28	2x6 w 4" Mineral Wool	39			
	(1) 6 x 4 ft		(2) 3 x 4 ft				
	Ribbon of 4 x 4 T/T		Ribbon of 4 x 4 T/T				
	Single 4x4 T/T		Single 4x4 T/T				
	24%		24%				
	uPVC T/T	6.0	Cascadia 300 T/T	4.5			
	uPVC T/T	6.0	Casc 400+300 (no framing)	4.2			
	EU IGU 0.5/0.5	11.4	LoE 180/180 Argon	7.5			
	EU IGU 0.5/0.5	11.4	LoE 366/180 Argon	8.2			
	LoE 366/180 Argon	8.2	LoE 366/180 Argon	8.2			
	LoE 366/180 Argon	8.2	LoE 366/180 Argon	8.2			
	uPVC T/T Door	5.9	Cascadia 301 T/T Door	4.7			
	6" EPS over Sheathing	31	10" EPS over Sheathing	49			
	o Er 3 over Siteatiling	31	TO EFS over Sheathing	43			
	Slab w 4" EPS	19	Slab w 4" EPS	19			
	Slab w 2" EPS	10	Slab w 2" EPS	10			
	Slab w 6" EPS	29	Slab w 6" EPS	29			
				A			
	Dbl Drywall Walls & Ceilings		Dbl Drywall Walls & Ceilings				
	Gypcrete flr w/o carpet		Gypcrete flr w/o carpet				
	0.32		0.32				
	90%		90%				
	0.75		0.75				
	SPF in Plumbing Stack		SPF in Plumbing Stack				
	3.66		3.59				
	3.00		0.00				
	110438		103814				
	108%	115%					
	HRV w/o heat recovery	HRV w/o heat recovery					
	Windows open night only	Windows open night only					
	•						

Narrowing In can take a while...

The Orchards at Orenco - Phase I Passivhaus Energy Modeling

PHPP Schematic Design Results - CFC Application Iterations



1																503-7	804-1746
Iteratio	on #7	_	#8			#9a		#9b		#9c		#10a	\neg	#10b		#10c	\neg
	Thick Windows		Thick Wall	F		CFC App Iterations		CFC App Iterations		CFC App Iterations		CFC App Iterations	,	CFC App Iterations		CFC App Iterations	1 '
Item	(New Window Schedule)	<u>a)</u>	(New Window Schedule	.e) F		Wall B,C,D + Cascadia + 8	80cfm	Wall B,C,D + Cascadia + 6	Wall B,C,D + Cascadia + 60cfm		Wall B,C,D + Zola + 60cfm		1	Wall E + Cascadia + 60cfm		Wall E + Zola + 60cfm	
	J.	R-value	e	R-value	e o	4	R-value	e	R-value	2	R-value	e R	R-value	4	R-value	a	R-value
Walls	2x8 w/ Spray FG	28	2x6 w 5" Mineral Wool	43	NOL	Wall C: 2x8 + 3" Mineral Wool	42	Wall C: 2x8 + 3" Mineral Wool	42	Wall C: 2x8 + 3" Mineral Wool	42	Wall E: 2x6 + 9.5" TJI	61	Wall E: 2x6 + 9.5" TJI	61	Wall E: 2x6 + 9.5" TJI	61
Window - typ size, apts	3x5 ft T/T & Fixed	í	3x5 ft T/T & Fixed	1	CULA]	3x5 ft T/T & Fixed	f	3x5 ft T/T & Fixed	í	3x5 ft T/T & Fixed	1	3x5 ft T/T & Fixed		3x5 ft T/T & Fixed	t	3x5 ft T/T & Fixed	i
Window - typ size, lobby	Ribbon of 3x5 ft T/T	1	Ribbon of 3x5 ft T/T	í '	2	Ribbon of 3x5 ft T/T	Í	Ribbon of 3x5 ft T/T	1	Ribbon of 3x5 ft T/T	i	Ribbon of 3x5 ft T/T		Ribbon of 3x5 ft T/T	i	Ribbon of 3x5 ft T/T	1 17
Window - typ size, corridor end	(2) 3x5 ft	í	(2) 3x5 ft	1 '	3	(2) 3x5 ft	1	(2) 3x5 ft	1	(2) 3x5 ft	!	(2) 3x5 ft		(2) 3x5 ft	!	(2) 3x5 ft	! ! ! "
Window:Wall Ratio, average	18%	í	18%	1 '	CO	18%	í	18%	í	18%	i	18%	,	18%	i	1896	1 1
Window - frame, apts	uPVC T/T	6.0	Casc 300 T/T overinsulated	4.5	2	Casc 300 T/T overinsulated	4.5	Casc 300 T/T overinsulated	4.5	uPVC T/T overinsulated	6.0		4.5	Casc 300 T/T overinsulated	4.5	uPVC T/T overinsulated	6.0
Window - frame, lobby	uPVC T/T	6.0	Casc 400+300 overinsulated	4.2	& LIGHTII	Casc 300 T/T overinsulated	4.5	Casc 300 T/T overinsulated	4.5	uPVC T/T overinsulated	6.0		4.5	Casc 300 T/T overinsulated	4.5	uPVC T/T overinsulated	6.0
Window - glass south	EU IGU 0.5/0.5		LoE 180/180 Argon	7.5	0	LoE 180/180 Argon	7.5	LoE 180/180 Argon	7.5	EU IGU 0.5/0.5	11.4		7.5	LoE 180/180 Argon	7.5	EU IGU 0.5/0.5	11.4
Window - glass north	EU IGU 0.5/0.5		LoE 366/180 Argon	8.2	8	LoE 180/180 Argon	7.5	LoE 180/180 Argon	7.5	EU IGU 0.5/0.5	11.4		7.5	LoE 180/180 Argon	7.5	EU IGU 0.5/0.5	11.4
Window - glass east	EU IGU 0.5 solar control	11.4	LoE 366/180 Argon	8.2			8.2	LoE 366/180 Argon	8.2	EU IGU 0.5 solar control	11.4		8.2	LoE 366/180 Argon	8.2	EU IGU 0.5 solar control	11.4
Window - glass west	EU IGU 0.5 solar control		LoE 366/180 Argon	8.2	ANC	LoE 366/180 Argon	8.2	LoE 366/180 Argon		EU IGU 0.5 solar control	11.4		8.2	LoE 366/180 Argon	8.2	EU IGU 0.5 solar control	11.4
Doors - frame	uPVC T/T Door	5.9	Casc 301 T/T Door overinsul	4.7	. 5	Casc 301 T/T Door overinsul	4.7	Casc 301 T/T Door overinsul	4.7	uPVC T/T Door overinsulated	5.9	Casc 301 T/T Door overinsul	4.7	Casc 301 T/T Door overinsul	4.7	uPVC T/T Door overinsulated	5.9
Roof	10" EPS over Sheathing	49	10" EPS over Sheathing	49	S, APP	10" EPS over Sheathing	49	10" EPS over Sheathing	49	10" EPS over Sheathing	49	10" EPS over Sheathing	49	10" EPS over Sheathing	49	10" EPS over Sheathing	49
Slab-field	Slab w 4" EPS	19	Slab w 4" EPS	19	AS	Slab w 4" EPS	19	Slab w 4" EPS	19	Slab w 4" EPS	19	Slab w 4" EPS	19	Slab w 4" EPS	19	Slab w 4" EPS	19
Slab-footer	Slab w 2" EPS		Slab w 2" EPS	10	2	Slab w 2" EPS	10	Slab w 2" EPS	10	Slab w 2" EPS	10	Slab w 2" EPS	10	Slab w 2" EPS	10	Slab w 2" EPS	10
Slab-edge	Slab w 6" EPS		Slab w 6" EPS	29	₹	Slab w 6" EPS	29	Slab w 6" EPS	29	Slab w 6" EPS	29		29	Slab w 6" EPS	29	Slab w 6" EPS	29
Thermal Mass	Dbl Drywall Walls & Ceilings Gypcrete fir w/o carpet		Dbl Drywall Walls & Ceilings Gypcrete fir w/o carpet		REA, THERN	Dbl 5/8" Drywall Walls & Ceiling 1 1/2" Gypcrete fir w/o carpet	gs	Dbl 5/8" Drywall Walls & Ceiling 1 1/2" Gypcrete fir w/o carpet	js.	Dbl 5/8" Drywall Walls & Ceiling: 1 1/2" Gypcrete fir w/o carpet	ıs	Dbl 5/8" Drywall Walls & Ceilings 1 1/2" Gypcrete fir w/o carpet		Dbl 5/8" Drywall Walls & Ceiling 1 1/2" Gypcrete fir w/o carpet	gs	Dbl 5/8" Drywall Walls & Ceiling: 1 1/2" Gypcrete fir w/o carpet	5
Ventilation Rate (ACH)	0.32		0.32	,	A A	0.87 ACH		0.65 ACH		0.65 ACH		0.87 ACH	1	0.65 ACH		0.65 ACH	- [
Ventilation Rate (cfm per apt)				P	00 K	80 cfm/apt		60 cfm/apt		60 cfm/apt		80 cfm/apt		60 cfm/apt		60 cfm/apt	- 1
HRV recovery efficiency	88% (Zehnder HRVs)		83% (Ultimate Air ERV)	P	ᇤ	83% (Ultimate Air ERV)		83% (Ultimate Air ERV)		83% (Ultimate Air ERV)		83% (Ultimate Air ERV)		83% (Ultimate Air ERV)		83% (Ultimate Air ERV)	- 1
HRV electrical efficiency (W/cfm)	0.75		0.75	F	ిర	0.75 W/cfm		0.75 W/cfm		0.75 W/cfm		0.75 W/cfm		0.75 W/cfm		0.75 W/cfm	
Space Heating					VELOPE	80% Heat Pump, COP = 4.2 20% Direct Electric		80% Heat Pump, COP = 4.2 20% Direct Electric		80% Heat Pump, COP = 4.2 20% Direct Electric		80% Heat Pump, COP = 4.2 20% Direct Electric		80% Heat Pump, COP = 4.2 20% Direct Electric		80% Heat Pump, COP = 4.2 20% Direct Electric	
Water Heating					ATA, EN	Gas Boiler, 93% eff. Tank loss 250 BTU/hr		Gas Boiler, 93% eff. Tank loss 250 BTU/hr		Gas Boiler, 93% eff. Tank loss 250 BTU/hr		Gas Boiler, 93% eff. Tank loss 250 BTU/hr		Gas Boiler, 93% eff. Tank loss 250 BTU/hr		Gas Boiler, 93% eff. Tank loss 250 BTU/hr	
Other	SPF in Plumbing Stack		SPF in Plumbing Stack		MATE DA	(8) 2x12, 24" stud bays filled wit	vith SPF	Plumbing/Downspout Stacks: (8) 2x12, 24" stud bays filled wit	ith SPF	Plumbing/Downspout Stacks: (8) 2x12, 24" stud bays filled wit	th SPF	Plumbing/Downspout Stacks: (8) 2x12, 24" stud bays filled with S		Plumbing/Downspout Stacks: (8) 2x12, 24" stud bays filled wit	rith SPF	Plumbing/Downspout Stacks: (8) 2x12, 24" stud bays filled with	th SPF
Heat Demand, Annual (kBTU/sf) Passivhaus Limit = 4.75 Recommend at this Stage = 3.8	3.83		3.82	7	ED CLIMAT	5.51 kBTU/sf.yr	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	4.88 kBTU/sf.yr		4.08 kBTU/sf.yr		4.92 kBTU/sf.yr		4.30 kBTU/sf.yr		3.52 kBTU/sf.yr	
Heat Load, Whole Bldg (BTU/hr)	104395		103183	P	DATED	112789 BTU/hr		105356 BTU/hr		95652 BTU/hr		105549 BTU/hr		98117 BTU/hr		88412 BTU/hr	- 1
% Htg Deilverable w/ Ventilation Air	110%		121%	, ,	2	287%		230%		254%		307%		247%		275%	1 '
Cooling Strategy	HRV w/o heat recovery		HRV w/o heat recovery		1 5	HRV w/o heat recovery		HRV w/o heat recovery		HRV w/o heat recovery		HRV w/o heat recovery		HRV w/o heat recovery		HRV w/o heat recovery	
Cooming Cutatingy	Windows open night only		Windows open night only	, ,		Windows open night only		Windows open night only		Windows open night only		Windows open night only	,	Windows open night only		Windows open night only	1
Frequency of Overheating (>77°F) Recommend 0% for whole bldg	0.0%		0.0%			0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	
Primary Energy, Annual* (kWh/sf.yr) With Solar Thermal Collectors Passivhaus Limit = 11.1		***************************************	1			11.1 kWh/sf.yr 9.9 kWh/sf.yr		10.3 kWh/sf.yr 9.1 kWh/sf.yr		10.1 kWh/sf.yr 8.9 kWh/sf.yr		10.9 kWh/sf.yr 9.7 kWh/sf.yr		10.1 kWh/sf.yr 9.0 kWh/sf.yr		9.9 kWh/sf.yr 8.7 kWh/sf.yr	
Recommend at this Stage = 8.9				'										1			
* Data assumes PHPP default values for li	ghting, appliance and plug loads. A	Actual ar	nticipated loads are over twice the	ese value	es and	I will not meet the Primary Energ	gy standa	ard.				Annual Heat Demand with 12" Polyiso Roof:		Annual Heat Demand with 12" Polyiso Roof:			
												4.47 kBTU/sf.yr		3.86 kBTU/sf.yr		_	

And for the Primary Energy Target...

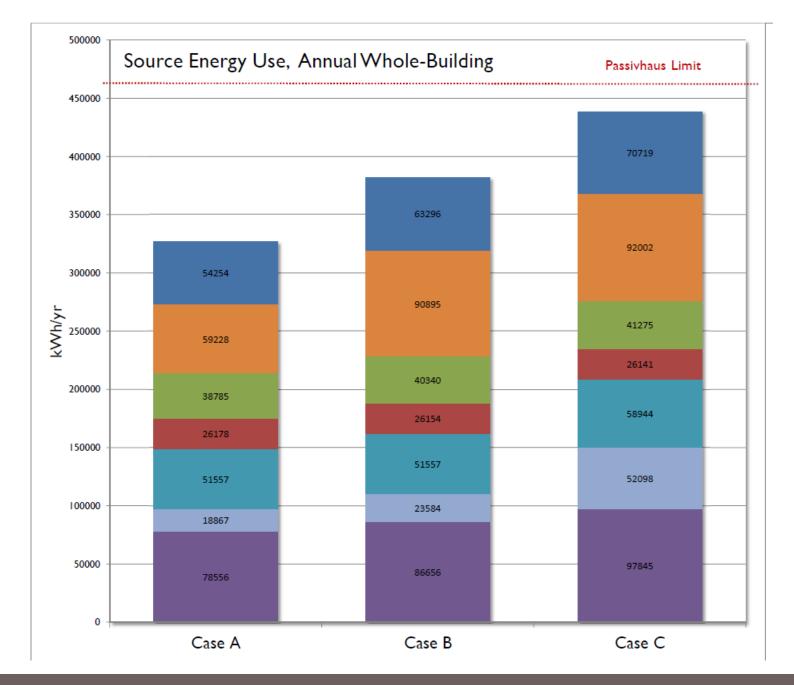
The Orchards at Orenco - Phase I

Scenario Descriptions

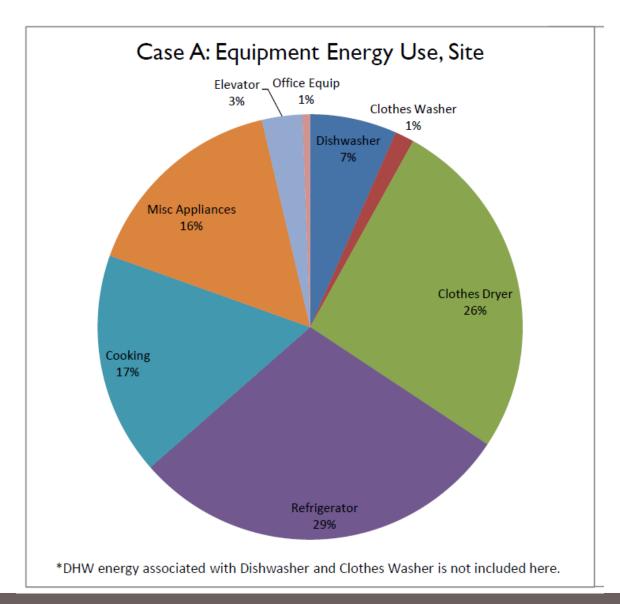


1323 SE 6th Avenue, Portland, Oregon 97214 503-804-1746

	Case A	Case B	Case C
Space Heating	80% via Heat Pump, COP=4.0	80% via Heat Pump, COP=3.0	80% via Gas Boiler, 93% eff.
	i.e. Daikin Altherma	i.e. Mini-Split	
	20% via Elec Resistance	20% via Elec Resistance	20% via Elec Resistance
Water Heating	Heat Pump, COP=4.0	Gas Boiler, 93% eff.	Gas Boiler, 93% eff.
	i.e. Daikin Altherma		
Lighting	0.4 - 0.8 W/sf	0.4 - 0.8 W/sf	0.4 - 0.8 W/sf
Equipment			
Elevator	Tration, MRL	Traction, Geared	Hydraulic
	i.e. Kone		
Appliances	10th Percentile Energy Star	10th Percentile Energy Star	50th Percentile Energy Star
Clothes Dryers	Gas w/ Drying Racks in Units	Gas	Electric
Ventilation	ECM Fan	ECM Fan	ECM Fan
	i.e. Zehnder or Ultimate Air	i.e. Zehnder or Ultimate Air	i.e. Zehnder or Ultimate Air



Equipment Energy Use Breakdown



Narrowing in on Appliance "Energy Budgets"...

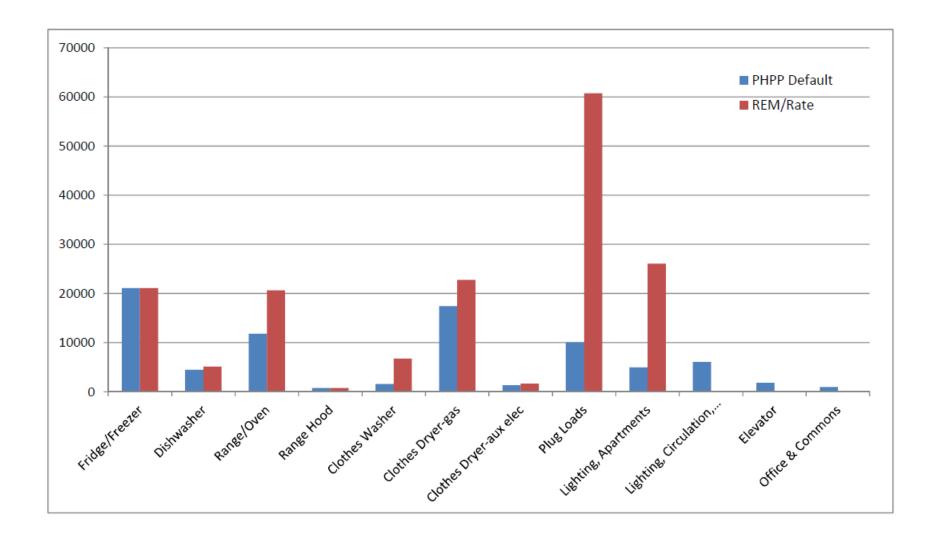
PHPP Appliance Energy Use Specification

9/9/2014

	BET	ΓER		BEST	Γ	
	Energy Use	,	Note	Energy Use	,	Note
Apartments						
Fridge/Freezer Dishwasher Stovetop Oven Ceiling Fan	383 303	kWh/yr kWh/yr	50th percentile Energy Star units 50th percentile Energy Star units Electric coil Electric Energy Star	335 259	kWh/yr kWh/yr	10th percentile Energy Star units 10th percentile Energy Star units Electric induction (ferrous cookware only) Electric, Convection ECM, (ie. Emerson Midway Eco)
Common Areas						
Clothes Washer	141	kWh/yr	50th percentile Energy Star units	108	kWh/yr	10th percentile Energy Star units Commercial Heat Pump Dryer Available?
Elevator	5000	kWh/yr	Traction, geared	1800	kWh/yr	MRL Traction

Orchards at Orenco

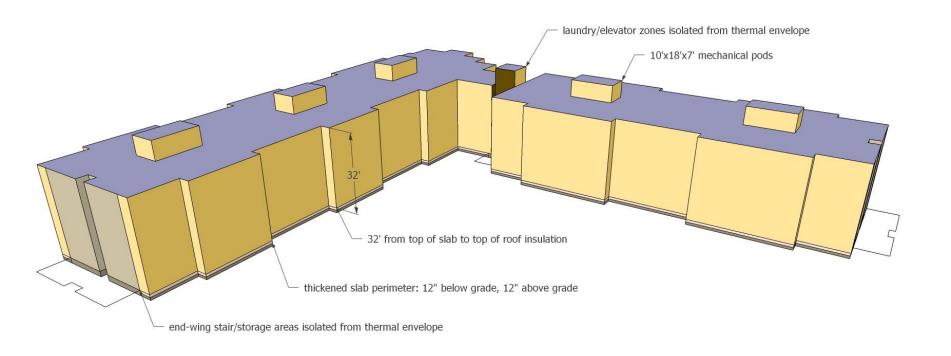
Reality check on Plug Loads...



Energy Analysis & Feedback

DETAILED DESIGN: NARROWING IN

- Vetting Component Selections
- Tighten Contingency as more becomes Known



Orchards at Orenco 2014 October 08

DETAILED DESIGN: NARROWING IN

The Orchards at Orenco - Phase I

Passivhaus Energy Analysis Update

For Passivhaus Certification Purposes Only 5/1/2012

RESULTS:



Space H	eating EUI:	3.60 kBTU/sf.yr	Total Source En	ergy EUI: 33.9	kBTU/sf.yr			
Passivl	haus Standard:	4.75 kBTU/sf.yr	Passivhaus Stan	dard: 38.0) kBTU/sf.yr			
Percent of Limit:		76%	Percent of Limi	t: 899	6			
	PTIONS:							
Envelope:			R-value					
	Walls:	Wall B: 2x10 + 1.25" mineral wool	42	Heating System:	80% Heat Pump, COP=4.2	Appliances:	Refrigerator/Freezers:	370 kWh/yr ES rating o
	Windows:	uPVC T/T overinsulated	6.0		delivered via HRV supply		Dishwashers:	275 kWh/yr ES rating o
	Glazing:	EU 3-Pane IGU 0.5/0.5	H		20% Direct Electric (in apartments)		Clotheswashers:	184 kWh/yr ES rating o
	Doors:	uPVC T/T Door overinsulated	5.9				Clothesdryers:	gas (moisture sensing recomme
	Glazing:	EU 3-Pane IGU 0.5/0.5	11	Ventilation System:	Ultimate Air ERV, 83% eff, 0.75 W/cfm		Range/Oven:	electric (convection recommer
	Solid Doors:	Insulated	5.9		Apartment Ventilation: 50 cfm/apt		Range Hood:	recirculating
	Roof:	Slab w 4" EPS	19		Comm. Rm. Ventilation: 0.35 ACH		Elevator:	1800 kWh/yr
	Slab:	Slab w 6" EPS	29		Circulation Ventilation: 0.06 cfm/sf			i.e. Kone Ecospace, MRL Tracti
	Under Footer:	0	0		Whole-Building Ave: 0.60 ACH			
	Over Edge:	0	15		Duct Insulation, HRV to Exterior: 4" FG w/ vap	or barrier		
	Airtightness:	0.6 ACH @ 50 Pa						
				DHW System:	Gas Boiler, 93% efficient	Lighting:	Residential:	100% fluorescent
Other:	Thermal Mass:	Dbl 5/8" drywall, major walls & ceili	ngs		Hot Line Insulation: min. 1 1/2" continuous		Non-residential:	0.8 W/sf occupied areas
		I 1/2" gypcrete floor topping w/o ca	ırpet		Tank Insulation: best available			0.4 W/sf storage/circulation ar
	Cold Stacks:	Downspouts, Plumbing vents aggreg	ated in:		Central or Decentralized Tank locations are possible			occupancy sensing all non-resid
		(8) 2x12, 24" stud bays filled with SF	PF					
				Cooling Strategy:	Windows open night only, closed during day			
					Lobby stack ventilation			
					HRV w/o heat recovery			

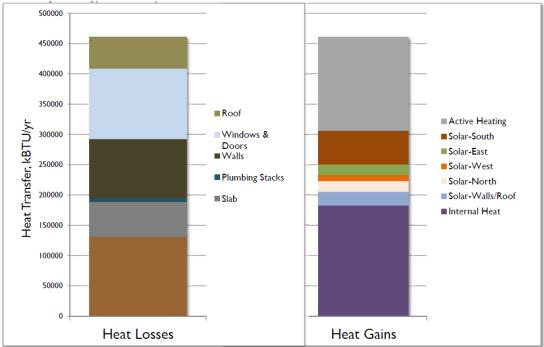
DETAILED DESIGN: NARROWING IN

The Orchards at Orenco - Phase I

Passivhaus Energy Analysis Update

For Passivhaus Certification Purposes Only 5/1/2012

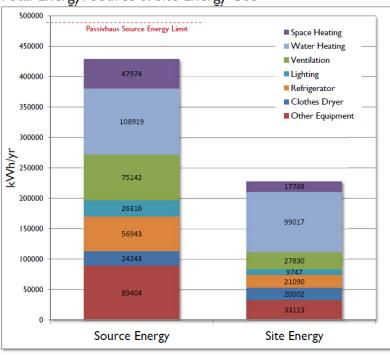
Heating Energy: Envelope Thermal Gain & Loss



green hammer DESIGNIBUILD | ENERGY

1323 SE 6th Avenue, Portland, OR, 503-804-1746

Total Energy: Source & Site Energy Use



CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS: KEEP CHECKING IN WITH THE MODEL

The Orchards at Orenco - Phase I

Passive House Energy Analysis Summary

Euroline Scenario (50% CD Set)

12/24/2013





1323 SE 6th Avenue, Portland, OR, 503-804-1746

RESULTS:				
Space Heating EUI:	4.24 kBTU/sf.yr	Total Source Energy EUI:	34.4 kBTU/sf.yr	
Passive House Standard:	4.75 kBTU/sf.yr	Passive House Standard:	38.0 kBTU/sf.yr	
Percent of Limit:	89%	Percent of Limit:	91%	

ASSUMPTIONS:										
Envelope:			R-value							
	Walls:	2x10 + 1.5" mineral wool	39		Heating System:	80% Heat Pump, COP = 4.15	(average all systems)	Appliances:	Refrigerator/Freezers:	370 kWh/yr ES rating or better
		advanced framed, 15% framing factor				delivered via HRV supply & indo	or heads		Dishwashers:	275 kWh/yr ES rating or better
		solid blocking @ exterior structural s	upports			20% Electric-Resistance (in apartme	ents)		Clotheswashers:	184 kWh/yr ES rating or better
	Windows:	EuroLine T/T uPVC overinsulated	7.2	R-frame		window watcher shut-off			Clothesdryers:	gas (moisture sensing recommended)
	Glazing N/S:	LoE 180/180 Ar, SHGC=0.54	7.5		Ventilation System:	Ultimate Air ERV, 83% eff, 0.75 W	/cfm		Range/Oven:	electric (convection recommended)
	Glazing E/W:	LoE 366/180 Ar, SHGC=0.24	8.2			Apartment Ventilation:	50 cfm/apt		Range Hood:	recirculating; charcoal filter
	Residential Doors:	Euroline T/T Door uPVC overinsul.	4.3	R-frame		Comm. Rm. Ventilation:	0.06 cfm/sf baseline		Elevator:	1800 kWh/yr
		ADA sill (assumed 4600 Series)				CO2 s	ensor steps to code max req't			i.e. Kone Ecospace, MRL Traction
	Glazing:	same as above				Circulation Ventilation:	0.06 cfm/sf			
		TBD Wood Fire-Rated Door	4.5	R-frame		Whole-Building Ave:	0.58 ACH			
	Glazing:	LoE 366/180 Ar, SHGC=0.24	8.2			Duct Insulation, HRV to Exterior:	4" FG w/ vapor barrier			
	Roof:	12" Polyiso over Sheathing	81			Fitness/Trash Exhaust:		Lighting:	Residential:	100% fluorescent/LED
	Slab: Field:	4" EPS II	19			make-up air inlet provided from ex			Non-residential:	0.8 W/sf occupied areas
	Interior Footings:	I" EPS IX	6				24 hr/day operation			0.4 W/sf storage/circulation areas
		4" EPS IX	20				0.3 W/cfm fan efficiency			occupancy sensing all non-residential areas
	Vertical Perimeter:	4" EPS II	19							
	Airtightness:	0.60 ACH @ 50 Pa			DHW System:	Central Gas Heater w/ Trace Htg	on Lines	Cooling Strategy:	Windows open night o	only, closed during day
						Water Heater efficiency = 94%			"Hold-opens" recomm	ended for windows' Turn position
Other:	Thermal Mass:	Standard drywall				Hot Water Line Insulation:			HRV supply air temper	red by heat pump; supply temp ~50F
		I inch gypcrete floor toppin	g w/o can	pet		(11) hot water riser lines as min. 3/	4" continuous		HRV heat recovery by	pass automated by thermostat
		Carpet in bedrooms only				Low-flow fixtures throughout				
	Cold Stacks:	Downspouts, Plumbing, Radon vents a	~ 0							
		(8) 2x12, 24" stud bays filled with Den	ise-pack C	Cellulose						

Energy Analysis & Feedback

PRECERTIFIED BY GROUND BREAKING!

- Contingency from 20% to 7%
- Appeal necessary to confirm HRV efficiency values
- PHIUS review was timely



Building Systems



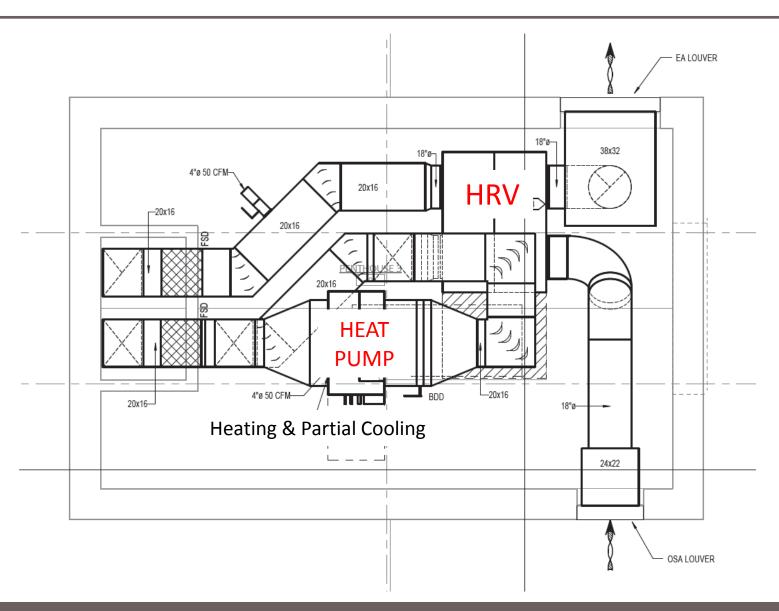
Orchards at Orenco 2014 October 08

HVAC Design

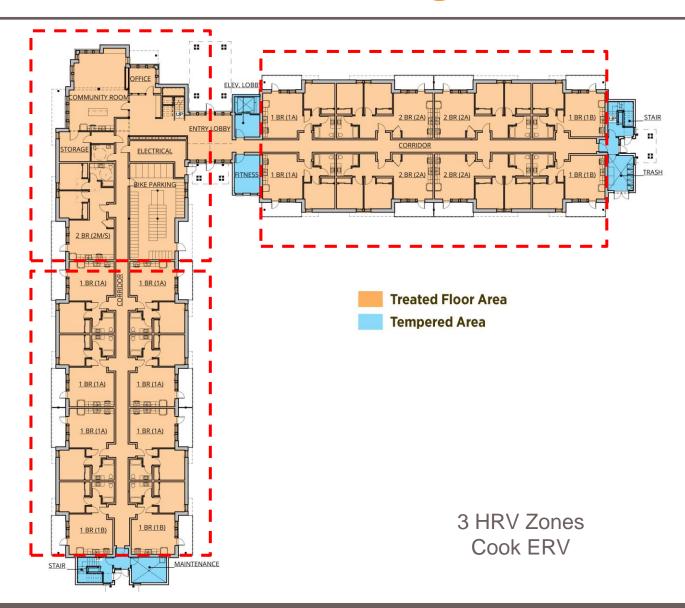


Orchards at Orenco 2014 October 08

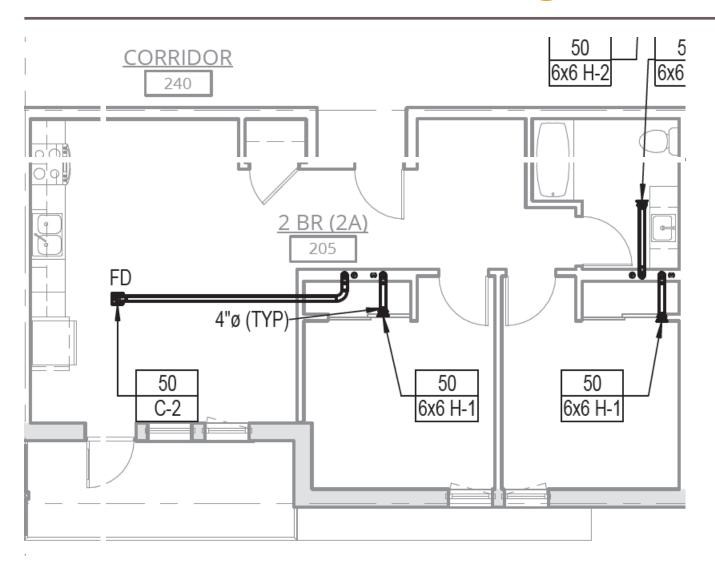
HVAC Systems



HVAC Design



HVAC Design



50 cfm supply air per bedroom

Electric cove heater for user control (estimated at 10% of building heating)

Exterior overhangs at all windows

Overheating?



Exterior overhangs at all windows.

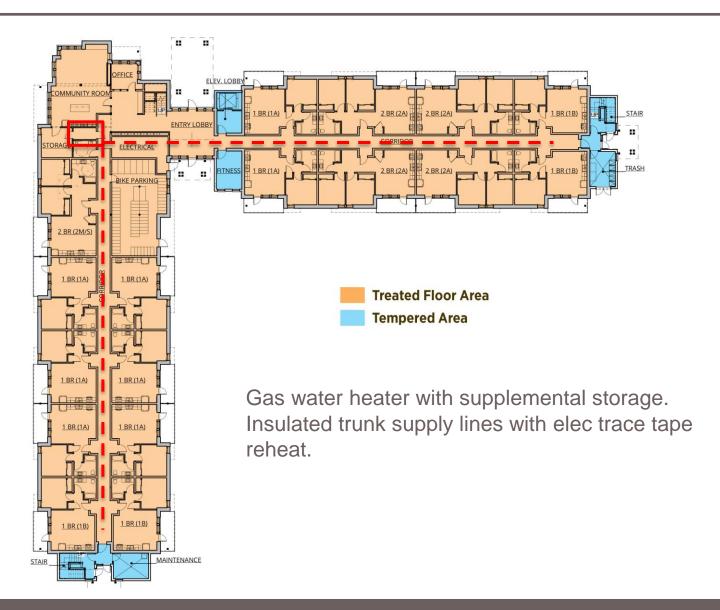
(Also west-facing shade from adjacent building)

Overheating Study

50 cfm supply air per bedroom based on need to provide additional airflow for cooling.

Witl	n Active Cooling	Unmet Cooling
Aut	omatic bypass of Ventilation Heat-Recovery	Demand
4)	Cooling Supply 50°F @ 50cfm, Windows Closed	
	Low internal heat gains (0.4 W/sf)	4.6%
	Medium internal heat gains (0.5 W/sf)	8.6%
	High internal heat gains (0.6 W/sf)	13.5%
5)	Cooling Supply 50°F @ 100cfm, Windows Closed	
	Low internal heat gains (0.4 W/sf)	0%
	Medium internal heat gains (0.5 W/sf)	0%
	High internal heat gains (0.6 W/sf)	1.5%

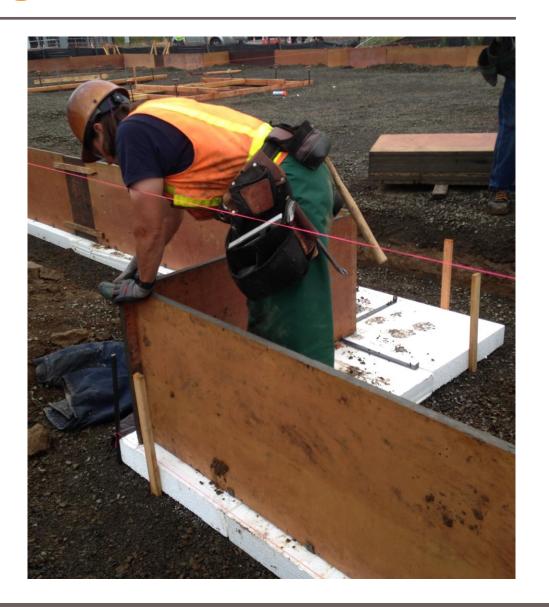
Domestic Hot Water



Building Construction

Key Challenges & Considerations

- Cost
 - Pricing new materials and methods
- Constructability
 - Keep it simple! (as possible)
 - Evolution...not revolution
- Product availability / reliability
 - Windows / HRVs
- Coordination of the work
 - Managing subcontractors
- Phasing / Sequencing of work
- Managing quality...



Building Construction

Quality Process

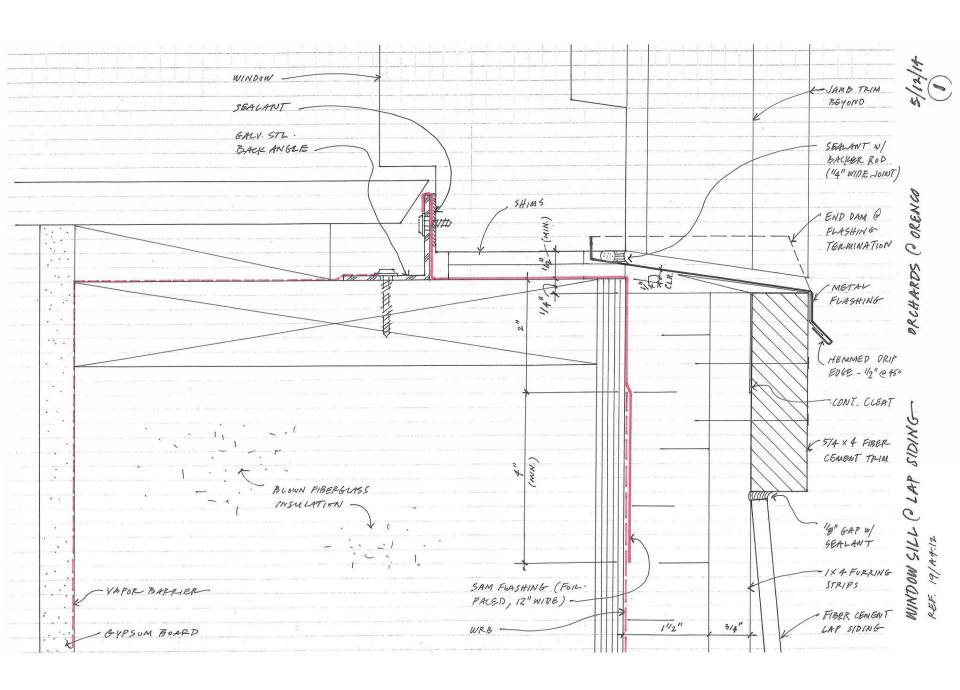
- Construction quality process begins during design...
- Diligent bid process
 - Scope clarifications to bidders
 - Detailed bid proposal review
- Coordination meetings
 - Very early during construction
- Submittals / RFIs
- Mockups
- Passive House trade specialist on GC staff (Envelope & MEP)
- Independent review / inspections (PHIUS+ Rater...and Design Team)

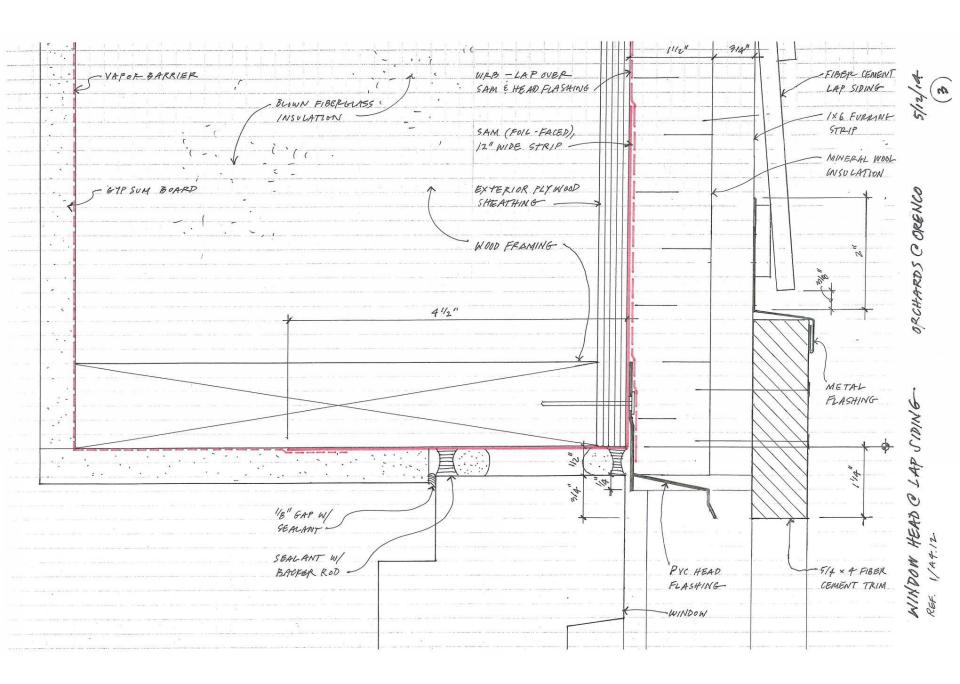


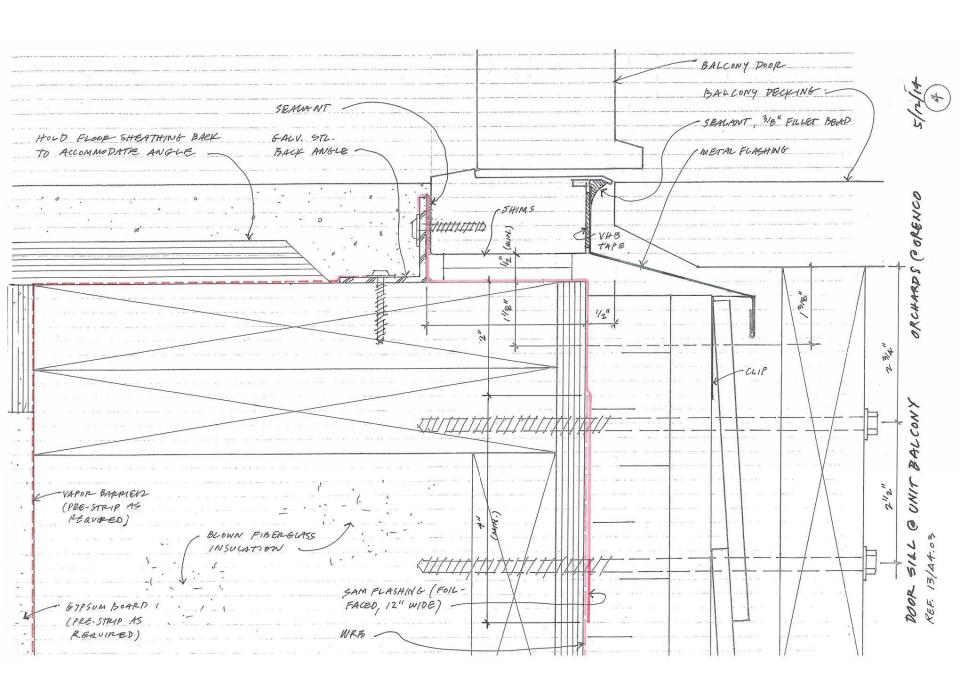


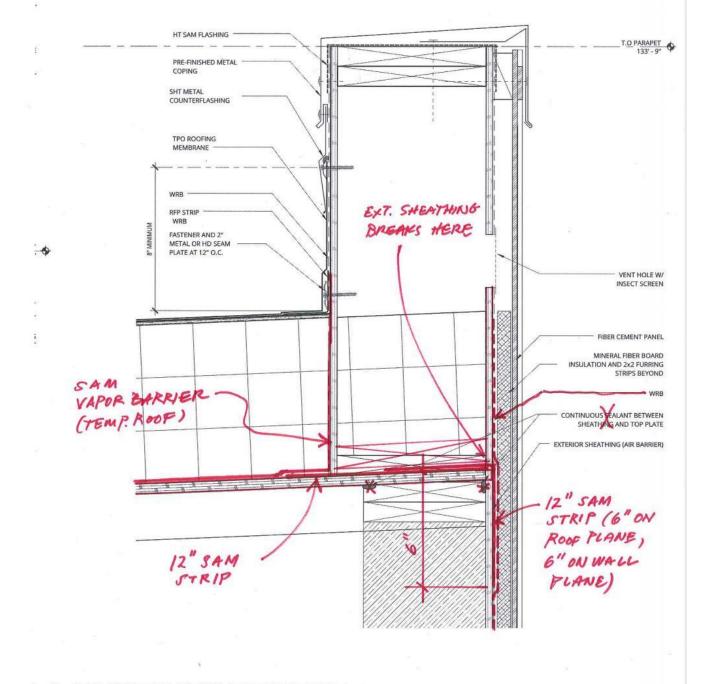




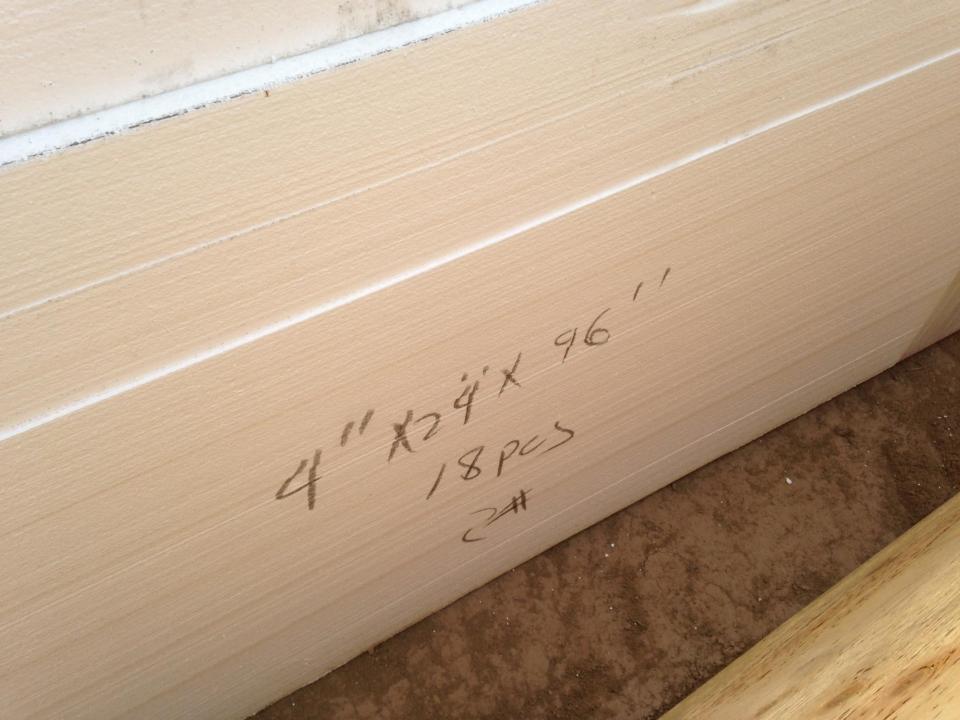




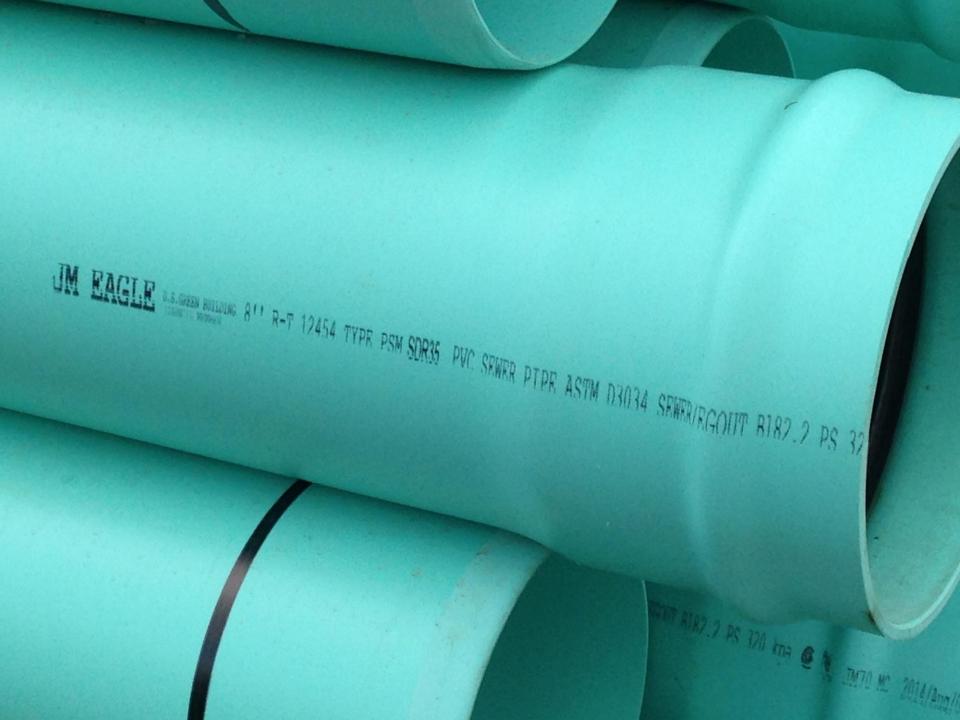














2390 ROSTRON CIRCLE TWIN FALLS, IDAHO 83301 Phone 208, 734, 7426 Fax 208, 736, 8690

9565 SW RIDDER RD, SUITE 290, WILSONVILLE, OR 97070 Phone 503-682, 4526 Fax 503-682, 5934 INSULATION
ROOFING
PACKAGING
EIFS FOAM
ARCHITECTURAL
SHAPES

June 25, 2014

Masons Supply Co. PO Box 42367 Portland, OR 97242

To Whom it May Concern:

The material shipped to Orenco Orchards, C/O RDF Builders Co at NW 231st Ave & Cherry Drive in Hillsboro, Oregon on Sales Order numbers 100971 and 100992 meets the specifications for EPS 29.

Sincerely,

Jim Bartholome, President

Mike Steffen

From: Marty Houston

Sent: Wednesday, June 25, 2014 5:04 PM
To: Jeremy Brooks; Jay Nees; Mike Steffen

Subject: RE: Orenco Orchards

Not to be alarmist, but EPS 29 and Type IX have different characteristics. And EPS29 was not what was specified, Type IX was. We should discuss at your earliest convenience.

EPS Geofoam Properties										
		ASTM D6817								
Property		EPS12 Type XI	EPS15 Type I	EPS19 Type VIII	EPS22 Type II	EPS29 Type IX	EPS39 Type XIV	EPS46		
Density ¹ , min.	lb/ft ³ (kg/m ³)	0.70 (11.2)	0.90 (14.4)	1.15 (18.4)	1.35 (21.6)	1.80 (28.8)	2.40 (38.4)	2.85 (45.7)		
Compressive Resistance ¹ @ 10% deformation, min.	psi psf (kPa)	5.8 840 (40)	10.2 1470 (70)	16.0 2300 (110)	19.6 2820 (135)	29.0 4180 (200)	40.0 5760 (276)	50.0 7200 (345)		
Compressive Resistance ¹ @ 5% deformation, min.	psi psf (kPa)	5.1 730 (35)	8.0 1150 (55)	13.1 1890 (90)	16.7 2400 (115)	24.7 3560 (170)	35.0 5040 (241)	43.5 6260 (300)		
Compressive Resistance ¹ @ 1% deformation, min.	psi psf (kPa)	2.2 320 (15)	3.6 520 (25)	5.8 840 (40)	7.3 1050 (50)	10.9 1570 (75)	15 2160 (103)	18.6 2680 (128)		
Elastic Modulus ¹ , min	psi (kPa)	220 (1500)	360 (2500)	580 (4000)	730 (5000)	1090 (7500)	1500 (10300)	1860 (12800)		
Flexural Strength ¹ , min	psi (kPa)	10.0 (69)	25.0 (172)	30.0 (207)	40.0 (276)	50.0 (345)	60.0 (414)	75.0 (517)		
Water Absorption ¹ by total immersion, max.,	volume %	4.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Oxygen Index ¹ , min.	volume %	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0		
Bouyancy Force	lb/ft ³ (kg/m ³)	61.7 (990)	61.5 (980)	61.3 (980)	61.1 (980)	60.6 (970)	60.0 (960)	59.5 (950)		

¹ See ASTM D6817 Stamdard for test methods and complete information



From: Jay Hathaway [mailto:jhathaway@carlsontesting.com]

Sent: Friday, June 27, 2014 5:10 PM

To: Marty Houston Cc: Mark Carter

Subject: RE: Orenco station Foam Compression testing

Thanks. The preliminary summary of results below for the 4x4x4 inch cubes:

Sample	ASTM D1622, Unit Wt. pcf	Average, pcf	13% Displacement Load, lb	Area, in2	ASTM D1621, psi
1A	1.64	1.65	405	16.07	25.2
1B	1.65				
2A	1.92	2.10	490	15.94	30.7
2B	2.28				
3A	1.52	1.52	410	15.75	26.0
3B	1.52				
4A	2.12	2.13	550	15.30	35.9
4B	2.14				
5A	1.69	1.73	376	15.62	24.1
5B	1.77				
	Average	1.83		Average	28.4

Jay Hathaway, P.E. Senior Engineer

Carlson Testing, Inc. 8430 S.W. Hunziker Direct: 503-684-3460 Direct: 503-419-4547 Cell: 503-318-2763 Tigard, Oregon 97281 Fax: 503-684-0954

www.carlsontesting.com

Mike Steffen

From: Scott Nyseth [scott.nyseth@stonewoodstructural.com]

Sent: Thursday, July 03, 2014 6:50 AM

To: Craig Kelley; Jay Nees; 'Amanda Asa'; 'Michael Bonn'

Cc: Marty Houston; Mike Steffen; Jeremy Brooks; Travis Moore; 'Jessica Woodruff'

Subject: RE: Orenco station Foam Compression testing

Hi Craig,

1/16" additional settlement is what the #'s say based on the testing that Carlson did, which was on a limited # of tests. For prudence, we should assume 1/8" additional and plan for this. Exterior hardscape should be placed accordingly at threshholds. Also, provision for any hard piping coming up through the slab on grade at any point should be able to handle some movement with respect to the adjacent slab on grade.

This deflection is not a structural concern. The wood framing and concrete has sufficient ductility and robustness to handle this settlement.

Scott



D. Scott Nyseth - S.E.- President Stonewood Structural Engineers, Inc. 4600 NW Camas Meadows Drive Suite 205 Camas, Washington 98607 360.953.1545





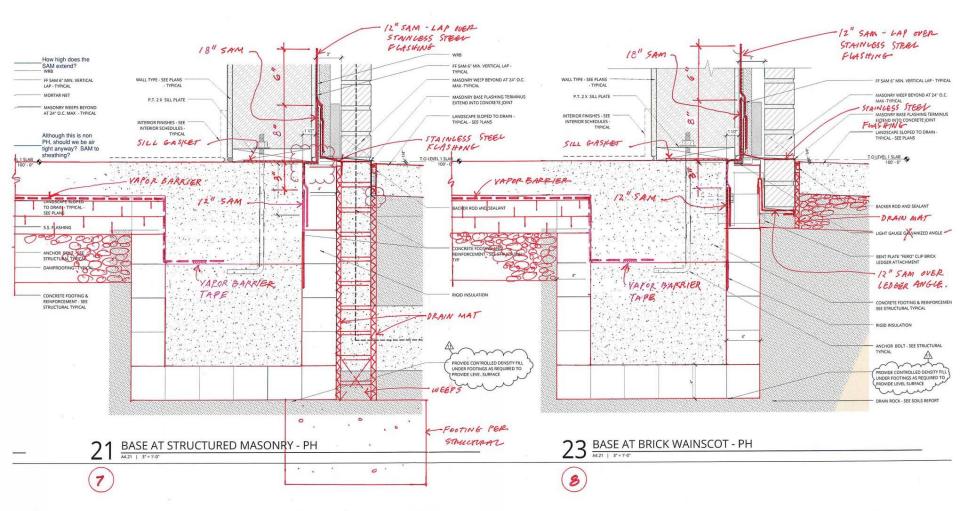












FOUNDATION COOPDINATION DEAWINGS

7/29/2014.















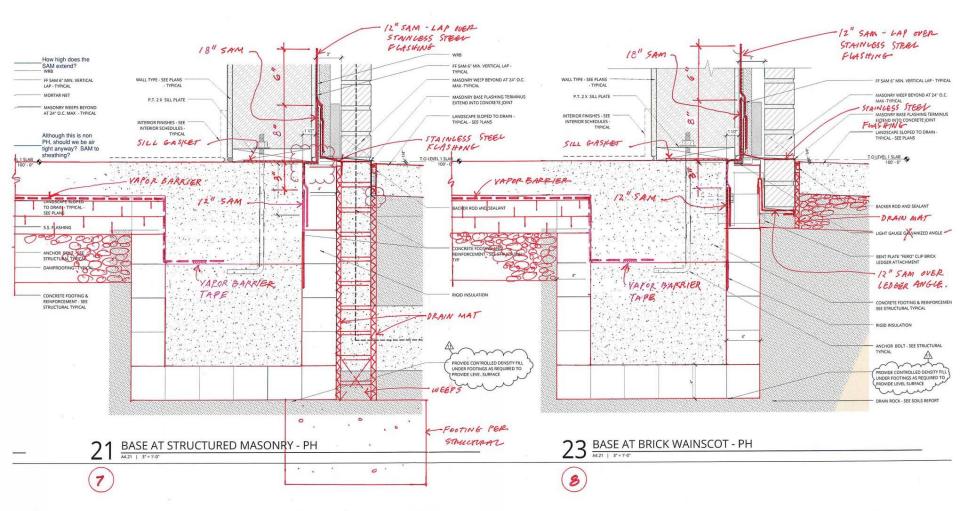












FOUNDATION COOPDINATION DEAWINGS

7/29/2014.









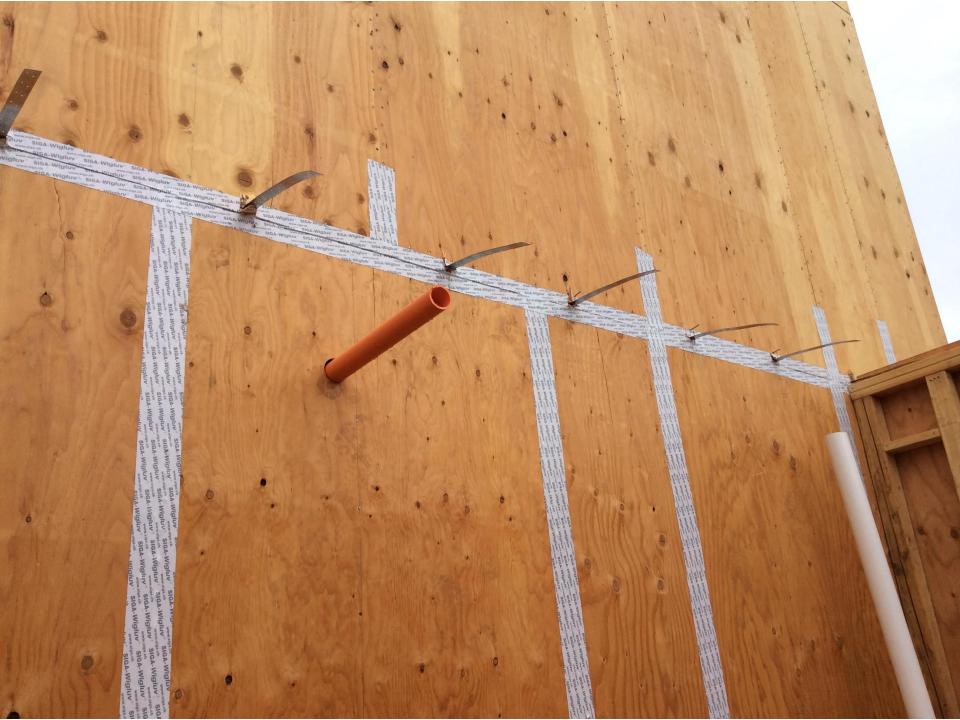
























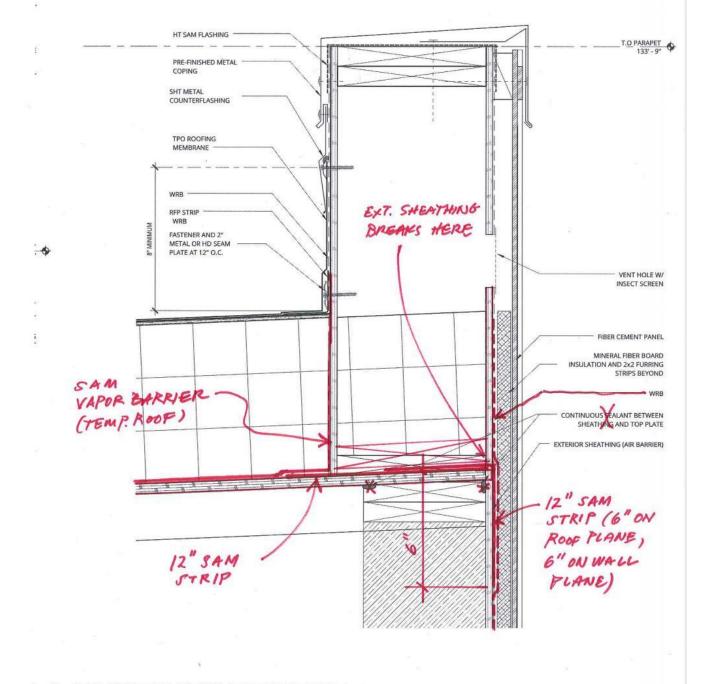






















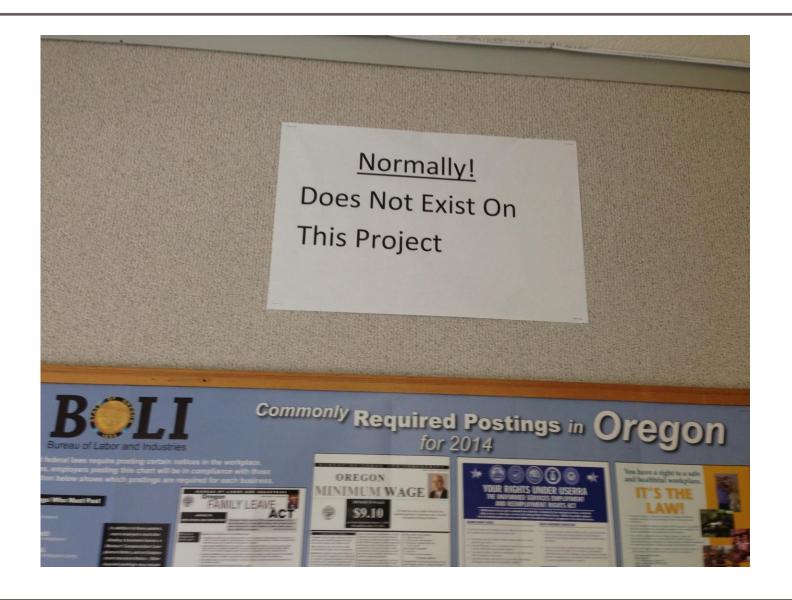




Conclusions

- Would we do it again?
 - Ankrom Moisan Architects Yes
 - REACH Maybe
- The PH cost premium for this project in our area, climate, and construction type is 11% (\$161/sf)
- Biggest challenges
 - Lack of PH Certified building components. Doors, Windows, HVAC equipment. The hit to the PHPP model hurts.
 - Challenges of designing new, innovative detailing around thermal bridging and airtightness were costly for the design team.
 - A motivated, integrated team approach with all parties "drinking the Kool-Aid" is essential.
 - 'Normally' does not exist.

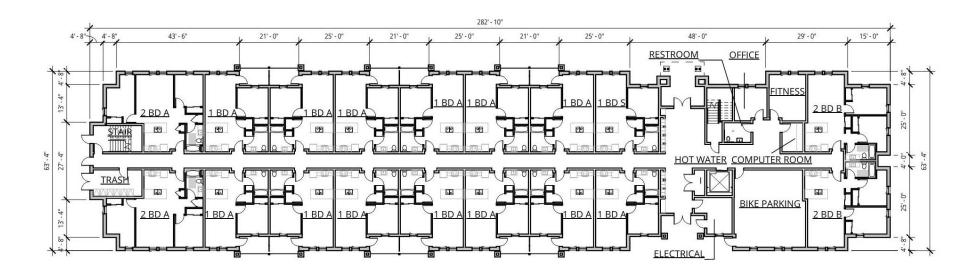
Lessons Learned



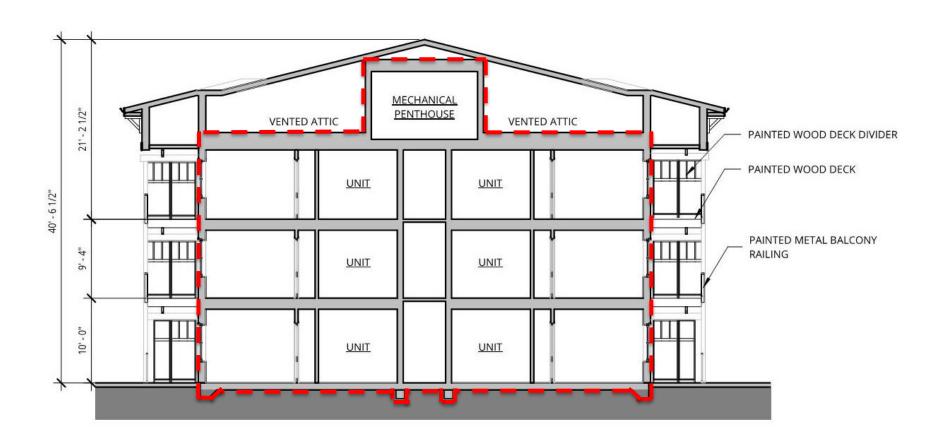




Orchards at Orenco 2014 October 08



Orchards at Orenco 2014 October 08



Orchards at Orenco 2014 October 08